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The Bombay Chronicle

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXV NO. 117 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

'Steel Frame' Dictatorship For India

Imperial Conference In Embryo

All Talks Progressing Are Of Preliminary Character

LONDON, May 18.

The Imperial Conference is now in an embryo stage and all talks progressive are of a preliminary character Of the four sub-Committees already constituted the Gaekwar of Baroda has been appointed to Shipping and Civil and Air Navigation and Sir Zafrullah Khan to the Constitutional and Economic sub-Committees.

The Economic sub-Committee will review the work of the Imperial Economic Committee, and the Constitutional Committee will deal with questions, many of them very important, which arise from the status of dominion and other nationals within the Empire.

The question of Indians in South Africa cannot rightly be raised in the Constitutional sub-Committee, but Sir Zafrullah Khan in an interview with 'Reuter' disclosed that he and Sir G. S. Bajpai were taking advantage of the presence in London of General Hertzog and other South Africans informally to discuss the position of Indians in South Africa especially in relation to the legislation recently introduced within the Union.—Reuter.

Economic And Shipping Sub-Committees Meet

LONDON, May 18.

The Imperial Conference got under weigh with meetings of the Shipping and Economic Sub-Committees.

The former issued a communique stating that the discussion centred on shipping, and its vital importance to the Commonwealth. Reuter understands that the meeting only dealt with methods of procedure and before the next meeting statistics and documents, including the report of the Imperial shipping Committee, will be circulated to members. The main aspects of the question are understood to be flag discrimination and subsidised competition in the pacific and elsewhere.

The meeting of the Economic Commmittee was also of an exploratory nature.

When the heads of delegations meet to-morrow afternoon it is understood that foreign affairs will be the chief topic.—Reuter's Special.

BEARDMORE STRIKE TO END

1,500 Engineers To Resume By Weekend

LONDON, May 18.

The resumption of work by 1,500 Beardmore engineers striking in Glasgow for over seven weeks is expected by the weekend. A mass meeting at Glasgow passed a resolution accepting the terms suggested by the Firm as the basis for re-opening negotiations, conditional upon a 100 per cent of the strikers returning to work.

Important Admiralty contracts have been delayed by the strike, which is estimated to have cost the engineers £40,000 in wages —Reuter's Special.

TRAM AND TROLLEY BUS MEN TO STRIKE?

LONDON, May 18.

A full Delegate Conference of every branch of the Tram and Trolley Bus Workers will be held on Thursday. This decision was taken at a meeting of the Trams Council of the Transport Workers Union, which received a deputation from the Central Bus Committee asking for an extension of the strike to trams and trolley buses.—Reuter's Special.

Summon Legislature: Let Congress Choose

NO MORE CAT & MOUSE BUSINESS

Langley Declares Britons Will Back Rule By Governors

"I strongly urge that no time be lost in summoning the Legislature and giving Congress its final opportunity to accept responsibility, which it has shirked hitherto", declared Mr. W. K. M. Langley, Chairman of the Madras European Association, addressing the Nilgiri Circle of the Association.

No Half Measures

He said: "If that is done I have very little doubt about the result; but if the Governor is compelled to take over, it is to be hoped that we shall not suffer from the half measures which have been adopted in the past.

Inevitable Result

Any such action should involve the dissolution of the Legislature and a definite period laid down for the exercise of the Governor's special functions.

No Cat And Mouse Business

"We want no cat and mouse business, and Parliament will be required to sanction an extended period for carrying on the Government by permanent officials."

OOTACAMUND, May 18.

"I had hoped that the latest speech of Lord Zetland would have satisfied the general demand of the Congress Party. His interpretation of the working of the Constitution surely should satisfy all reasonable persons", observed Mr. F. E. James, M.L.A., speaking on the present political situation at a meeting of the Nilgiris Circle of the European Association this evening at Coonoor.

Last month he had stated in Madras, proceeded Mr. James, that one of the difficulties of the situation was the uncertainty of Congress policy. Now once more under the dominance of Gandhiji himself, it would seem that the unity of the Congress was more important than the question of office acceptance.

"THOUSAND PITIES"

"It is a thousand pities", he said, "that when there is so much to do, valuable time should be wasted in these controversies. There are schemes for the improvement of the conditions of the life of the people of the Presidency, and in regard to education, public health, village betterment and so on that are being held up. Recently in the Assembly Mr. Satyamurti claimed that when the Congress took office one of the first problems it would deal with would be the problem of corruption, why then should they not get on with it?

"COWARDLY AND UNDIGNIFIED"

The present position of stalemate is unsatisfactory, and all of us will heave a sigh of relief once a definite decision has been taken one way or the other. Congress must make up their minds whether, confident in their own strength, they will assume the responsibility which the electors have placed upon them, or will again turn away from constructive activities. I have heard them claim on many occasions that they represent the nation. In a nation such an attitude would be cowardly. In a great political Party it is, to say the least, undignified."

SUMMON LEGISLATURE

Mr. W. K. M. Langley, Chairman of the Madras European Association said: "I strongly urge that no time be lost in summoning the Legislature and giving Congress its final opportunity to accept responsibility, which it has shirked hitherto. If that is done I have very little doubt about the result, but if the Governor is compelled to take over, it is to be hoped that we shall not suffer from the half measures, which have been adopted in the past. Any such action should involve the dissolution of the Legislature and a definite period laid down for the exercise of the Governor's special functions. We want no cat and mouse business, and Parliament will be required to sanction an extended period for carrying on the Government by permanent officials".

"DO IT THOROUGHLY"

"Of equal importance, to my mind, is that if the thing is to be done, it must be done thoroughly, and such advisers as the Governor may select should be drawn from official circles, and non-officials identified with any sort of Party should be eschewed."

SUPPORT GOVERNOR

Proceeding, Mr. Langley asked: "What then would be our own duty as an Association? It seems to be, whatever our private views may be, that it will be up to us to close up our ranks and stand firmly behind the Governors in the arduous time in front of them. As a Political Association, thanks to Mr. James and one or two others at the time of the White Paper Conferences, we are well-known in England to English politicians, and if those charged with the Government of the country are to get the support they need, but which has not always been forthcoming in the past from the authorities at Home and from the British Parliament, it is up to us to show a United Front out here."—A.P.

EDEN'S TALKS WITH CORONATION VISITORS

LONDON, May 18.

"Most useful and valuable" is the description in authoritative quarters of Mr. Eden's series of talks with foreign representatives here for Coronation. No negotiations with a particular end in view were begun, but Mr. Eden has taken the opportunity of indicating the British attitude towards the countries, whose representatives he has seen. The friendly atmosphere has not lessened their value or importance.

For example diplomatic circles regard Mr. Eden'7s discussions with Field Marshal Von Blomberg as most useful.—Reuter's Special.

ONLY CORRECT POSITION

Dr. Alam Welcomes Decision Of Allahabad Conference

LAHORE, May 18.

Interviewed by the Associated Press on the Allahabad Muslim Conference appeal, Dr. Alam said: "I think this is the only correct position, which can be adopted by Muslims and I am glad that the decision was unanimous. Muslims in India have their share of things only as Indians, and whatever comes to India will come to Muslims as Indians. We should not introduce religious considerations into a discussion of political rights and citizenship."

As regards the question of imposing conditions, Dr. Alam said there can be no question of an understanding between Hindus and Muslims as such, because everything comes to us as Indians, and not as Hindus and Muslims. Understandings, if any, can only be on religious matter, and not on the share of political rights, when religious freedom is completely recognised by the Congress, there is no question of any further understanding.—A. P.

WHITEHALL RECEPTION TO INDIAN PRINCES

LONDON, May 18.

The India Office, which is one of the finest of the Whitehall Government departments, made a fitting setting for a reception to-night, which was unsurpassed in brilliance for many years. It was given by the British Government in honour of the Indian Princes and other visitors from India, its official purpose being to meet the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester. All the guests were bedecked in Regalia, their jewels reflecting in flashes of fire the radiance of the floodlit courtyard.

Lord and Lady Zetland received the guests, who included also ex-Viceroys, ex-Governors, statesmen having close association with India and Burma, members of the Diplomatic Corps, and representatives of the Dominions and Colonies.

Notable among those present were the Aga Khan, the Gaekwar of Baroda, Prince of Berar, the Maharaja of Kapurthala, the Nawab of Bhopal, Dr. Ba Maw, the Maharaja of Kashmir, the Maharaja of Jodhpur, the Maharaja of Nawanagar, the Maharaja of Coochbehar and the Maharaja of Jaipur.—Reuter.

U.P. Congress Party Adopts New Tactics

PT. PANT'S ANSWER TO GOVERNOR'S "NO"

Asks Legislators To Ventilate Popular Grievances By Interpellations

LUCKNOW, May 18.

Apropos of the letter of the Secretary to the U. P. Governor to Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon in reply to his letter forwarding copies of the resolution passed at the meeting of Congress M. L. A.'s held at Lucknow on May 9, wherein the Governor indicates no intention to summon an early session of the Legislature, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature, has sent circular letters to all members of the Assembly asking them to use their rights of interpellations in order to ventilate popular grievances and draw the attention of Government to them.

Pandit Pant says 'inter alia' in the circular, letters:—

"There is no knowing yet as to when the first session of the Assembly is going to be summoned. I see no reason why we should not make use of our rights of interpellations"—United Press.

U. P. Governor Defends Puppet Ministry

LUCKNOW, May 18.

In reply to Babu Purshotamdas Tandon's letter forwarding copies of the resolutions passed by the meeting of the members of the U. P. Assembly held at Lucknow on the 9th of May at which Mr. Tandon presided, Mr. J. C. Donaldson, Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of U. P. has sent the following letter:—

"I am desired by His Excellency the Governor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 10th May with which you forwarded copy of two resolutions passed by the meeting of the members of the Legislative Assembly held at Lucknow on the 9th of May, one declaring no-confidence in the present Ministers and the other calling upon the Governor to convene the Assembly forthwith.

"His Excellency is glad that these questions have been discussed on basis of what is Constitutionally proper, for this encourages him to believe that the outlook of the members of the Legislature on our present difficulties will be constitutional, and it will be their desire, as it will certainly be his, that the Constitution should be worked in a spirit of mutual co-operation and understanding between the Governor and the Ministers, as recently described by the Secretary of State.

CONGRESS TO BLAME

His Excellency thinks it is essential to bear in mind that the constitutional difficulties, in which the province is admittedly involved at the moment, follow directly from the decision, which the Congress Party felt it necessary to take in refusing to accept the normal Constitutional responsibility of forming a Ministry, when they were in majority.

The principle of the Constitution is that the Ministry should consist of those who command the support of the majority of members of the Legislature. When those who command this majority themselves refuse—whatever may be the ground for their refusal to form the Ministry, and indicate their determination not to allow an alternative Ministry to function the principle of Constitution is threatened. His Excellency conceives that his duty is to take such steps as may be within his power, to avert or postpone such development. It was with this object that he invited those who represent the Minority in the Legislature to form the Ministry.

GIVE A FAIR CHANCE

It was not his anticipation that the Ministry would hold office for long unless it had secured the support of the majority of the Legislature But in His Excellency's view it is reasonable that when such a Ministry had been formed it should have a fair chance of working out in some detail its practical pro-

(Continued on page 12 Col. 4)

Windsor-Simpson Marriage On June 3

No Members Of Royal Family To Attend Wedding

TOURS, May 18.

The wedding of the Duke of Windsor has been fixed for June 3, at the Chateau Cande. The wedding ceremony will be performed by M. Mercier, Mayor of Monts.

Invitations are confined to those who have been with the Duke and Mrs. Wallis Warfield (the maiden name adopted by Mrs. Simpson under deep poll this week) during the past month.

No members of the royal family will be present at the wedding.—Reuter.

Edward Windsor and Wallis Warfield

Satyagraha Threat In Lahore

Citizens Up In Arms To Fight Proposal For House Tax Levy

LAHORE, May 18.

The financing scheme [illegible]brated by the present administrator of the Lahore Municipality to transform the town from what more than one publicist has described as "the dirtiest city in the world" into a modern town has given rise to very severe agitation in the Press and platform, by landlords and tenants alike.

HOUSE TAX LEVY

Since Mr. Macnab took up the affairs of the Lahore Municipality, which is at present suspended, he has drawn up a scheme to levy a house tax so as to make it possible to launch an ambitious drainage scheme estimated to cost about two crores of rupees, spread over several years. By the proposed measure the Municipality expects to collect about twelve lakhs of fresh annual revenue, equalling half the present revenue of the Municipality.

SATYAGRAHA PROSPECTS

Since the proposal of the tax was publicly announced an agitation had been growing and newspapers this morning give prominence to the possibility of launching a Satyagraha by the citizens to protest against the taxation, which is described as "exorbitant." The proposed tax varies from 5 per cent to 10 per cent on the annual rental value of lands and buildings.—A. P.

FRANCE FOLLOWS U. S. DECISION

Paris-New York Air Race May Run Over South Atlantic

PARIS, May 18.

The Air Minister M. Cot, will cancel the New York-Paris Air Race in agreement with the International Aeronautical Federation, according to an announcement here. This, however may lead to legal action by the participants in view of the engagements undertaken, and the Federation may agree to another course, possibly, over the South Atlantic. M. Cot has no intention of making the starting point in Canada since the reasons given by Mr. Johnson, U.S. Commerce Department Secretay, for refusing licenses by the United States are equally applicable to a Canadian starting-point.—Reuter's Special.

D. L. B.'s IN N. W. F.

Bill To Abolish Official Presidents And Oath Of Allegiance

PESHAWAR, May 18.

Notices of two more bills have been given by Mr. Abdul Rabnishter, member of the Assembly providing for the abolition of the system of official Presidents and nominated members in Municipal Committees and District Boards, and dispensing with the taking of the Oath of Allegiance by members of these Local Bodies, which, according to him, was introduced in 1923 in consequence of the Non-Co-operation Movement.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Vaishnav Bania for re-marriage of a lady. Should possess sound health. No children and monthly income over Rs. 200. Write with photo to Box No. 8281, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a suitable bride for a Hindu businessman of 23 years. Monthly income 150/-. No restriction of caste and religion. Apply Box No. 8359, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Healthy Accomplished Hindu bride, virgin or child widow, aged 20—25, knowing English and Gujrathi or Hindi, for an educated Gujrathi widower of standing past fortieth year. Particulars with recent photo to Box No. 8343, "Bombay Chronicle."

A young businessman (Manufacturers' Representative) with good means and of a respectable Roman Catholic family wishes to marry a highly accomplished, fair and handsome young maid. University Graduate—M.B.B.S., B.A. or B.Sc. preferred. Please write giving full particulars to C. J., Post Box 530, G. P. O., Bombay. (8304)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Marathi knowing decent canvassers. Apply personally to Dr. B. S. Patankar Ram Mandir Building, Bhuleshwar. (8351)

Wanted—Teachers, Lady Teachers, Medical Graduates, Accountants, Store-keepers and Clerks. Rishkul Rajendra & Co., Lucknow. (8362)

Wanted smart, experienced Typist knowing Gujarati, for rent collection. Apply with pay expected to Dumasia, 240, Hornby Road. (8356)

Wanted experienced Chauffeur, resident near Grant Road. Pay Rs. 35 to 45. Apply Dadachanji, Dadyseth Road, Chowpatty. (8355)

Wanted Experienced Typist, knowing Gujerati, cycling and accounts for collecting rents. Write Box No. 8348, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Junior Draftsman for an Engineering Firm. Apply in own hand; state salary expected. Apply Box No. 8363, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Highly qualified private tutor knowing Gujarati and Hindi for Mombasa, East Africa, to attend studies for the course of London Matric. Apply to Nanji Kalidas, Tribhovan Terrace, 2nd floor, Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay. (8304)

Wanted for a Cotton Mills in the Punjab, Weaving Master, Spinning Master, Dyeing Master, Engineer, Mistris and Jobbers. Apply Box No. 8335, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Lady Graduates to teach English, Sanskrit and Marathi to higher classes in a Girls' School in Bombay and an under-graduate to teach English to lower standards by direct method and part time drawing and drill teachers. Apply Box No. 8358, before 1st June, 1937, stating age, qualification, nationality and the minimum salary expected.

Wanted for a Bombay suburban co-educational school a male and a female Teacher with high educational qualifications and experience and a trained vernacular final. Apply Box No. 8349, "Bombay Chronicle."

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

The Directors of the "Bombay Chronicle" have selected the undernoted Adlets received from the Unemployed and publish them free of any charge with the object of reducing unemployment to a certain extent. The Employers are requested to keep a watch on these Columns and if they find any Adlet suitable for their own requirements kindly do not hesitate in calling the Applicant whose name and address is printed with each Adlet. (101)

Applicant S. R. Naregal, C/o H. G. Balaganur Shroff, Hubli, Now Unemployed for over a year is in search for any job on living wages. Has 22 years' experience in Railway General Stores. Workshops, Mills, Forest Engineering, Public Works Department and is willing to work as a clerk or in any capacity. (20—33)

B. C. Rao. Retired Professor, 311, Khar Road, Bombay Suburb, Now Unemployed, seeks position as a Teacher or Tutor. Is willing to take up a job or Companion or Private Secretary also. (21—28)

D. V. Siva Rao, Plot No. 743, Parsee Colony, Dadar, Bombay, Now Unemployed, seeks any work, on living wages. Is a Qualified Branch Manager with knowledge of Book-keeping, Accounts, Correspondence, Typewriting, Speaks Hindi, Bengali, Telugu, Tamil, Travelled in India and can sell Stationery and Typewriters. (22—33)

H. R. Mody, Room No. 65, Poddar Estate, Malad East, B. B. and C. I. Rly., a Gujarati Hindu with 35 years' experience in Perfumery, Chemist and Druggists' Trade. Now Unemployed, seeks job as a Salesman on Counter. Knows Book-keeping and Correspondence also. (23—32)

A. V. B. Menon, 33A, Sri Harinivas, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, Electrical Engineer, Now Unemployed with six years' experience in Estimating, Designing and in Supervision, seeks employment on any job. Government Competency Certificate will be produced if required. (24—31)

Upendra K. Pai, C/o Ganpath Bhat, Canara Bank Fort, Bombay, knowing Typewriting, Now Unemployed, seeks clerical work. Accept living wage Prepared to go anywhere. (25—35)

P. R. Pundc Abhyankar Building, Grant Road Bombay, an Unemployed Law Graduate with five years' experience seeks position as Secretary, Manager, Legal or Personal Assistant. (26—36)

Mohammad Kassim, Police Headquarters, Santa Cruz, a Drill Master, with nine years' experience as such, Now Unemployed, is willing to take up similar work on living wages. Knows Gun Repairing, Electrical Fitting, Signalling and capable of supervising Playgrounds Physical Culture Gymnasiums. Willing to go anywhere. Good Military References. (27—24)

When applying for an insertion of a Free Adlet for the Jobless, the Applicants are requested to give their full name and complete address for insertion in the Adlets. (C/o Postmaster) or such unqualified addresses will not be accepted. (102)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

V. S. R. Krishnan, Room No. 31, Rajabhai Building, Bombay, No. 19, Steno-typist, knowing Accounts Now Unemployed, prepared to take up a job and go anywhere. Living Wages. (28—25)

V. Ramana Rao, C/o K. Gopala Krishnayya Vakeel, Railpet, Guntur, South India, a Science Graduate, Now Unemployed, seeks a position of Teacher anywhere. (29—38)

62. TO BE LET

To Let—"Rutton House," corner of Rebsch St., next to Telephone Works near Jacob Circle. Blocks from 42 to 52. (8219)

86. SHOPS TO LET.

To Let—Shops and rooms in Shri Hari Nivas at Gowalia Tank, in Mathuradas Bhuvan at Khetwadi Back Road, in Shri Hari Sadan near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road, and in Shanti Bhuvan, at Barbhai Moholla. Apply to Purshottam Govindjee, 62-66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23513. (8360)

142. FREE EDUCATION

A certain number of Free Adlets will be inserted under this heading received from charitably inclined persons who express their desire to give Free Education or Vocational Training to their unfortunate Sisters and Brothers in their spare time. Our Country's advancement depends much upon the percentage of educated people and we earnestly request each educated Citizen (of either Sex) to take up at least one uneducated child or adult person and try to teach such person to read or write even Mother-tongue. (104)

147. SCHOOLS (UPCOUNTRY)

Public School Education has proved the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. (5257)

153. CLASSES

Wanted candidates for Telegraph and Station Master class. Allowance Rs. 28. Uniform, passage and quarter free. Service essential. Rules and Entrance form on annas eight. Director, Royal Telegraph and Ry. Duties College, Bombay, 14. (8329)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Admissions are now open for Cambridge December examination, the only examination open for old course students. Classes regularly started from 1st May. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (5465)

155. TECHNICAL INSTITUTES

Wanted candidates to qualify Civil Engineers by Post. British India Technical College (Deptt. B), Sukkur (Sind). (8361)

156 PRIVATE TUITIONS

A Graduate Hindoo wants to give Private Tuitions to Matric Students weak in English or French. Terms one hour per day twice a week. Rs. 125 per month guaranteed. Apply Box No. 8198, "The Bombay Chronicle."

221. BIRTH CONTROL PATENTS

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

Birth Control appliance F. L. Regina Rs. 2 Doz., Check Pessary Re. 1 each. Mitra & Co., Shambazar, Calcutta. (8124).

278. TAILORS & OUTFITTERS

A well fitting Suit is a pleasure to the wearer as well as the onlooker. It greatly improves the tone of the City and thereby of the Country in whole. To get a properly fitting Suit you will have eventually to go to Jimmy & Co., of Dadar who have made a name as the First Class Tailors. A trial earnestly solicited. Urgent orders executed promptly. (8199)

340. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted Independent Partner with Rs. 1,500 for very paying business without competition. No. 8331. "Bombay Chronicle."

556. DAILY WANTS

Special Arrangement for Madrasi Brothers. Best, pure Sun brand Ghee, mostly used in Madras Presidency, obtainable in small tins from 9lb. to any size from Haridas Valabhdas Hirji, 27, Kazi Syed Street, selling agents to Messrs. Amarchand Gulabchand & Co., Producer of Tirupur Ghee Manufacturing Co. (8344)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the grant of Licence to prospect for limestone for the manufacture of Cement in Kotah State territory in the vicinity of Morak, a Railway station on the Nagda-Muttra Section of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, at a distance of about 75 miles towards south from Lakheri where the Bundi Cement Factory is worked.

Intending applicants of assured respectability and financial stability should furnish credentials Re: their experience and capacity for working out the proposal.

Apply stating terms (to be discussed at personal interview on a date to be fixed by mutual correspondence) to:

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER,
Kotah State,
Kotah (Rajputana).
5411.

GHATKOPAR KIROL MUNICIPALITY.

LOAN OF RS. 30,000.

at 4½ per cent to be repaid at par in 20 years' time.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the loan of Rs. 30,000 to be raised by the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality in the OPEN MARKET as sanctioned by the Government of Bombay under its General Department Resolution No. 1428/33 dated 20th February 1937 for the construction of its office building and Vegetable Stalls repayable at par at Ghatkopar. The Loan is to be raised on the Securities of the rates, taxes and revenues of the Ghatkopar Kirol Municipality on which there are no previous liabilities.

2 THE INTEREST on the Debentures of the Loan is payable on the 1st October every year at 4½ per cent per annum.

3 Five per cent of the amount of the loan applied for shall be payable at the Municipal office at Ghatkopar with the application.

4 The balance of the amount of the loan allotted shall be payable at the Municipal office at Ghatkopar within one month of the date of notice of the allotment.

5 Interest will be paid from the date of full payment of the allotted loan and shall cease from the day the loan is notified for repayment.

6 Tenders for the whole or any portion of the loan will be received upto 4-0 P.M. on 31st May 1937 by the Secretary, Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality, at the Municipal Office at Ghatkopar during office hours on working days.

7 Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500. Each tender must be sealed and subscribed "TENDER FOR THE 4½ per cent DEBENTURE LOAN OF RS. 30,000." The rate at which the tender is made should be clearly written in rupees and annas both in words and figures. Tenders below par will not be accepted.

8. In case of the Loan being over-subscribed, the Municipality reserves to itself the right of deciding now the amount allotted at the lowest rate is to be distributed. Forms of tender and Notification can be had from the Municipal office at Ghatkopar on application, free of charge.

9 The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

(Sd.) C. J. HANSOTI,
President,
Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ghatkopar,
20th April, 1937.
5387.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HAJI VALIMAHOMED OOMERBHOY has yesterday sold and delivered to our client Mr. AHMED OOMERBHOY, his Oil Mills, situate at Babula Tank and known as Haji Vallimahomed Oomerbhoy Oil Mills.

Bombay, dated this 18th day of May, 1937.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM AND MADAN.
Attorneys for Mr. Ahmed Oomerbhoy.
5436

Public Notices.

PUBLIC NOTICE

I, the undersigned AIMAI JEHANGIR MASTER, was the owner of a Washing Shop at Gowalia Tank Road, till 17th instant and was carrying on business as washers, under the name of Jehangir M. Desai & Co.

The Public is hereby informed that the above shop is sold to Mr. BAHADUR JEHANGIR WASHER on the 17th instant and he is now owner of the shop and carries on business in the name of Jehangir M. Desai & Co. (Gowalia Tank Road) and he is responsible hereafter for his debts.

AIMAI JEHANGIR MASTER.
5490

PUNJAB PORTLAND CEMENT. LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of PUNJAB PORTLAND CEMENT, LIMITED, will be held on FRIDAY, the 4th June, 1937, at 4-30 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, Killick Building, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account made up to the 31st July, 1936.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Preference Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt., and Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Kt., who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors up to the date of liquidation of the Company and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 21st May to WEDNESDAY, 2nd June, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th May, 1937.
5481

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Dr. JIVANLAL alias JIVAN DURLABH DHRUV alias JIVANLAL DURLABHDAS DHRUV, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a medical practitioner, residing at 27, French Road Chowpaty Sea Face, outside the Fort of Bombay, for the use and benefit of Natwerlal Jivanlal Dhruv a minor son of the deceased and limited to the period of his minority .....Deceased.

Bai JADAV widow of Dr. Jivanlal alias JIVAN DURLABH DHRUV alias JIVANLAL DURLABHDAS DHRUV, the deceased abovenamed mother of Natwerlal and Madhuri minor son and daughter respectively of the said deceased and duly appointed to apply for and obtain Letters of Administration from this Hon'ble Court of the property and credits of the deceased abovenamed for the use and benefit of the minor Natwerlal Jivanlal Dhruv and limited to the period of his minority pursuant to Judge's Order, dated 26th February, 1937, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 27, French Road, Chowpaty Sea, Face, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 10th day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL
for Prothonotary &
Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 10th day of May, 1937.
Messrs. MANUBHAI & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
5435.

Public Notices.

SEALED TENDERS

are invited for purchase of approximately 194 discarded towers of a H.T. transmission line, total weight of steel about 350 tons.

Tenders to be submitted not later than 29th May, 1937.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to:—

GENERAL MANAGER,
The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.,
Bombay House, Fort, Bombay.
5474.

HOAR & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS
Esplanade Road

DEFINITELY GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

BUY YOUR REQUIREMENTS NOW AT

HALF-PRICE.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, BOMBAY.

LOST OR MISLAID.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Share Certificate No. 7503 in respect of 25 shares numbered 254462|254486 of the New India Assurance Company, Limited, standing in the name of Ramankant S. Desai has been lost or mislaid, and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificate for the said shares. Any persons having any claim on the said shares should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, after which no claim will be considered and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Share Certificate.

RAMANKANT S. DESAI,
(Signature of Shareholder).
Bombay, dated the 14th December, 1936.
8357

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

Tenders for the purchase of two Navy Diggers with a boiler, one lying at Futka Talao, opposite Police Station at Matunga and the other at Worli Stores, will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 28th day of May, 1937.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for the purchase of Navy Diggers," addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Municipal Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 150.

Form of tender will be issued to any one deputed to receive it by the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, on payment of a fee of Annas eight which will, on no account be refunded.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Dated, 17th May 1937.
5483.

THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at its Registered Office in Hamam House, No. 34|38, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 11th June, 1937, at 4-15 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and (if thought fit) passing the following resolution as a Special Resolution, viz:

"RESOLVED that the printed Articles of Association purporting to be the Articles of Association of the Company produced to the meeting and for the purposes of identification initialled by Mr. H. A. H. Payne, the Chairman of the Company be adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in the place of the former Articles of Association."

Dated the 18th day of May, 1937.
By Order of the Board,
For THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS CO., LTD.,
For Vithaldas Damodher Thackersey & Co., Ltd.,
DAMODHER GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE,
Director,
AGENTS
5493

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

RATE CIRCULARS.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR, viz., Special Rate Circular No. 6 of 1937, is being issued to-day. Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay or stations.

5488

THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 28th May to the 15th June, 1937, both days inclusive.

VITHALDAS DAMODHER THACKERSEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Bombay, 18th May, 1937.
(5494)

NOTICE.

THE GOCULDAS CULLIANJI BARSI COTTON PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-NINTH DIVIDEND of Rs. 20- (Rupees Twenty only) per share of "A Capital" and the Fifteenth Dividend of Rs. 4|- (Rupees Four only) per share of "B Capital" will be paid on and after the 25th May, 1937, from 11-0 a.m. to 1-0 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturdays and on other week days from 11-0 a.m. to 3-0 p.m. (S.T.).

By Order of the Board,
HEERJI OOMERSEY & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 18th May 1937
5492

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. BOMANSHAW RUSTOMJI KARWA has on 1st May, 1937, purchased the concern of "The X.L. Stationery Depot, Proprietors A. Rustomji & Co.," at 12, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, with its good-will, stock-in-trade and furniture. Our client as from the said date has been carrying on business as Stationer at the same address under the name "The X.L. Stationery Depot, Proprietor Bomanshaw R. Karwa." Our client has nothing to do with the outstandings and liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 17th day of May, 1937.
K. B. DOCTOR & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
5478

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between our clients Messrs. DWARKADAS PURSHOTTAMDAS and CHANDUMAL HEMANDAS and MR. CHIMANLAL DAHYABHAI MEHTA in the name and firm of C. Dwarkadas & Co., has been DISSOLVED on and from the 17th day of May, 1937, so far as regards the said Chimanlal Dahyabhai Mehta, who was only a working partner and that no one, therefore, should have any dealings whatsoever with the said Chimanlal Dahyabhai Mehta in connection with the said partnership.

Bombay, dated this 18th day of May, 1937.

KANTILAL A. PARIKH,
For Messrs. Kamdar & Co.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Dwarkadas Purshottamdas & Chandumal Hemandas.
5487

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Auction Sales

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 29th May, 1937, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed Properties, such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery etc.

The above will be on view on the sale day and cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.
5470

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT NISHANPADA ROAD.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 581 of 1936 (Bai Mariambai and another vs. Abdulla Chand and another) and pursuant to the Consent Order dated 17th April, 1936, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TO-DAY) WEDNESDAY, the 19th May, 1937, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Fazandari land (now freehold) with a building at Nishanpada Road containing by admeasurement eighty-nine and four-ninth but now admeasuring ninety-six square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the East by Nishanpada Road, on the West by sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Morarji Gokuldas Devji and on the North by a sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Karimji Nanji Khoja and on South by a sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Morarji Gokuldas Devji and bearing Municipal B Ward No. 2897 and Old Street Nos. 54 and 58 and revised Street Nos. 200 and 202.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Minocheher Manchershah Hiralal & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver at 1, Ash Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

PLAZA
(Foot of TILAK BRIDGE, Dadar).

Showing:—R K O. RADIO'S
MAMMOTH HISTORICAL
MARY OF SCOTLAND
Also Showing:—
THE CORONATION TOPICAL
DAILY AT 6-30 and 10 P.M.

GLORIOUSLY APPLAUDED by Serial-Lovers!.....
REPUBLIC PICTURES'
Sensational Serial of 25 Parts
IN 2 INSTALMENTS
VIGILANTES ARE COMING
1ST INSTALMENT: 13 PARTS
with Stage Dancing of Beautiful Girls; Song-Hits from Musical Prodigy Master BALKRISHNA
Amazing stunts by Prof. MOLE

THE GLOBE
TALKIES :::: SANDHURST ROAD
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.
COME & SEE the Glorious Film of CORONATION of H. M. the KING

EIGHTH GLORIOUS WEEK!
Even EUROPEANS & AMERICANS
Pay their tributes to the Higher Standard of Film Technique in
NEW THEATRES LTD.'S
LATEST SUPER HIT
THE PRESIDENT
THE PRESIDENT
Directed & Photographed by:—
Sjt. NITIN BOSE
Starring Inimitable
SAIGAL
with KAMLESH KUMARI, LEELA DESAI, JAGDEESH, B.A., NAWAB, ETC.
Drawing CROWDED HOUSES At
THE KRISHNA
TALKIES: DUBASH THEATRE
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

COMING SHORTLY
SAVITRI
BOMBAY TALKIES'—
—GRAND PICTURE
Featuring
DEVIKA RANI
in her FIRST Mythological Role
Watch for Date & Place of Release
PREM KAHANI
Now in the 8TH and LAST WEEK
with EMDEN—the Marvellous News Reel
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 5-30; 8; 10-30 p. m.

IN RESPONSE TO PERSISTENT DEMAND FROM THOUSANDS OF SPECTATORS
COMES ONCE AGAIN
BOMBAY'S BEST PICTURE
ACHHUT KANYA
ON
SATURDAY, 22nd May
DO NOT MISS THIS RARE CHANCE
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
FOUR SHOWS on SATURDAY:
2-45, 5-30, 8, 10-30.

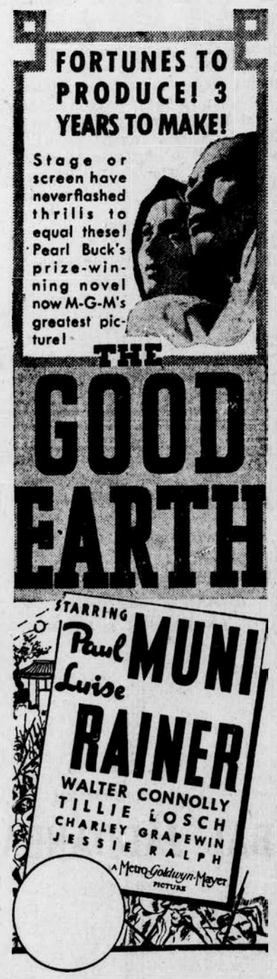
From SATURDAY, the 29th May
PRATIBHA
SHALINI CINETONE'S
SPECTACULAR MUSICAL
Directed By: BABURAO PAINTER
And Starring:
DURGA KHOTE
HIRABAI BARODEKAR
KESHAORAO DATEY
NANASAHEB PHATAK
VISHNUPANT AUNDHKAR
HEERA, PARANJPE, JOAG, DAVE & MASTER SHYAM
AT
MAJESTIC
Booking With—
PEERLESS PICTURES,
BOMBAY 4.

SEE AT A GLANCE!
What India can Manufacture and Sell.
Pass a Happy Evening
at the
THIRD INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR
(Behind Marine Line Station,
Open daily: 5 to 12 midnight.
Entrance Fee:
As. 2 only
For Children: ANNA 1 ONLY.

9th Meritorious Week
OF
MINERVA'S
ATMA TARANG
(BROKEN SYMPHONY)
Presented by The Western India Theatres, Ltd. . . . .
Directed & Produced By:
SOHRAB MODI
The Greatest of Indian Artistes
ATMA TARANG
Starring:
SOHRAB MODI, FIROZE DASTUR PRABHA and others
a tragedy that will make even the stone-hearted soft.
Music that will hum in your ears for days together
Fail Not to SEE this Great Picture
AT
MINERVA
TALKIES: LAMINGTON ROAD.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

Nothing So Popular
HAS YET BEEN PRODUCED.....
TUKARAM
PRABHAT'S MOST POPULAR TALKIE SUCCESS
Directed by: V. DAMLE & S. FATEHLAL
Now in 23rd POPULAR WEEK
at
CENTRAL
TALKIES: GIRGAUM NAKA.
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays
SPECIAL MATINEE at 2-30 P.M. for LADIES & CHILDREN on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS

THE EMPIRE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
SPECIAL COMPLETE COMPREHENSIVE PICTURES TAKEN OF
CORONATION
WILL BE SHOWN IN EVERY SHOW FROM
TO-DAY
Along with M.-G.-M.'s Screen Triumph


FORTUNES TO PRODUCE! 3 YEARS TO MAKE!
Stage or screen have never flashed thrills to equal these! Pearl Buck's prize-winning novel now M-G-M's greatest picture!
THE GOOD EARTH
STARRING
Paul MUNI
Luise RAINER
WALTER CONNOLLY
TILLIE LOSCH
CHARLEY GRAPEWIN
JESSIE RALPH
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

THE ENTIRE FILM IS TINTED IN SEPIA, OWING TO LENGTH OF FILM THE FIRST SHOW WILL START AT 3-30.
Plans open 'Phone 2286

4TH GLORIOUS WEEK!!!!
NEW THEATRES'
Marvellous Picture—
PUJARIN
Starring:—SAIGAL
THE ROXY
TALKIES :: NEW QUEEN'S ROAD
—Also Showing:—
GLORIOUS SCENES of
CORONATION TOPICAL
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-30. Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Alleged to have been loitering on the Wodehouse Road, Colaba at 2-30 in the morning on Monday, Narayan Ramachandra was arrested by the Colaba police. As he did not give a satisfactory explanation of his movements, he was searched and a 2-inch iron gimlet was found in his possession.

He was remanded to-day to police custody by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Esplanade, till the 25th instant pending enquiries.

Two Pathans stated to be moneylenders were arrested by the Palton Road police, this morning at about 6-15, on a charge of disorderly behaviour.

The police alleged that the two accused were involved in a dispute with another person who had borrowed money from them but who was unable to pay, according to the police. The dispute was provoked by the big rate of interest demanded

Dhat Khan Samat Khan and Mahomed Uman were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Esplanade, this morning and were remanded on a bail of Rs. 25 till to-morrow (Wednesday).

In consequence of information received by the Bombay Vigilance Branch that a number of young women were recently brought from the Punjab for the purpose of prostitution, a watch was kept on the movements of a Punjabi youth who was alleged to be living on the earnings of his mistress.

This resulted in a raid conducted on a building at Rebsch Street, Byculla, on May 6. Police found a car waiting outside the house in the rear seat of which a gaily dressed couple were seated ready for a spin.

The Police stopped them as one of them was a bogus customer, they had sent. The arrested woman, it is stated, was the kept mistress of another Punjabi.

Another Raid.

Abdul Aziz Nooruddin Khan was suspected to be living on the earnings of one Khurshed. The Police sent a bogus customer to his house prior to the raid.

It is alleged that he procured one Ram Pyari with the consent of her paramour, Khushi Ram Amar Nath. While this woman and the bogus customer were in the car, the raid was carried out and a marked ten-rupee note was found on the tea-poy, where both Abdul Aziz and Kushi Ram were seated. They were taken into custody.

These suspects were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon on Tuesday.

Mr. E. M. Pereira, Advocate, who appeared for the suspect Abdul Aziz Nooruddin Khan, not objecting, the case was fixed for hearing on May 25.

Dwarkadas Tulsidas Patel was arrested last night for an alleged theft of a pair of gold bangles and gold studs from Bhaichand Hiralal's residence at Islampura on the 14th inst.

Mr. K. J. Khambata, Acting Presidency Magistrate, ordered the suspect to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 200 (50 cash) till June 1 at the Girgaum Police Court to-day.

Caitan D'Souza, who was working as a sales clerk in a company in Girgaum, was charged with criminal breach of trust, to-day, at the Girgaum Police Court.

It is stated that Mr. D'Souza had misappropriated a sum of Rs. 20-5 and, on a complaint lodged by the manager of the Company, he was arrested by the Police at 10 a.m. to-day at Mahim

He was bailed out till June 1 by Mr. K. I. Khambata.

That death was caused by shock from accidental fall due to his having run into the left rear wheel of a motor car whilst carelessly riding his bicycle was the verdict at the inquest on Ganjee Tejoo, a grain shop servant.

Order was passed by Mr. I. S. Hajee allowing Mr. Shamdasani the inspection of books on Saturday during the further hearing of the case filed by Mr. Shamdasani against the Auditors of the Central Bank of India Ltd., at the Presidency Magistrate's Court Mazagaon.

Earlier, the Magistrate had held that the Bank was entitled to be heard The complainant had tendered two ledgers of the Bank for the year 1925, both to be marked collectively, when both the accused and the Bank had objected to their going 'en bloc.'

In an argument lasting more than an hour, Mr. V. J. Taraporewalla urged that the Bank should be given a hearing whenever Mr. Shamdasani applied for an inspection.

In view of the recent High Court order, counsel asked for an order against the Bank in order to enable them to move the High Court to contest again Mr. Shamdasani's claim for inspection enable them to do so Mr. Taraporewalla asked for stay of execution of the order and also requested the Magistrate to specify how and when the inspection would be given.

The Magistrate then gave his order with regard to the inspection of the books. In view of the High Court order books marked X to X23 would be given inspection in the Court premises in the presence of the representatives of the accused, the Bank and the Court. Such inspection should begin from June 7 and thereafter every Monday 12 and 2 and 3 and 4.

The case was then adjourned to 28th July at 3-30 p.m.

In the course of a raid carried out in Gorapdeo Tiffin House, situated at Gorapdeo Road, the Byculla Police effected the arrest of Kashinath Ratna Dhondu, Shankar Rangu and Rama Chandra and placed them to-day before the 2nd Presidency Magistrate, charged with satta gambling.

It was stated that Rs. 10, including marked coins and several chits bearing names and figures were found in their possession.

Pending further enquiries the accused persons were bailed out till May 25, at the Presidency Court, Mazagaon.

Kalbadevi Arrest

Mahdooji Shamjee was arrested by the Princess Street Police last night, at the Kalbadevi-Bhuleshwar junction.

At the time of arrest, he was, it is alleged, accepting sutta bets. A sum of Rs. 60-6 was seized.

He was placed before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla to-day, and was remanded on a bail of Rs. 100 till May 21.

The City Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death by potassium cyanide poisoning, which he had administered to himself whilst in a state of temporary insanity, at the inquest held on the body of a Parsi youth, named Rustomji D. Taiyarkhan (30), residing at Parel.

The daring exploit of a 20-year-old young man, who successfully evaded the vigilance of the Armed Police Guard at the Naigaum Police Lock-up and obtained his freedom, has caused a furore in Police circles.

The central figure in the drama is Abdul Gafoor Huseinibeg, a native of Ahmedabad. He was sent to Bombay under escort from Ahmedabad to be transferred to the Borstal School to serve a term of imprisonment awarded by the Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

The police are combing the city for their quarry and all exits out of the city are being carefully watched by special constables who have been supplied with a full description of the wanted youth.

Partook Of Poisoned Curd

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It now transpires that the "curd" used during the meal at dinner party given in honour of the Bohri Haj pilgrims at Husseinbaug, Madanpura, was the direct cause of the ill-effects experienced by the guests who partook of "dahi."

It has been ascertained that the "dahi" was stored in brass utensils and owing to the sweltering heat there must have been some chemical complications which led to poisoning effects.

Those treated at the Hospitals have now recovered and are pursuing their daily avocations.

(Continued from column 7.)

corded in the Colaba Observatory till 8 a.m. this morning was 89.7 degrees that is one degree below normal.

The minimum is 80.3 degrees—that is one degree above normal.

Humidity in the air is 75 per cent., that is five per cent. less than that recorded yesterday for the same period.

General Weather conditions: clouds in the sky, more humidity in the air, depression in the Bay, but weather more prickly than ever.

SWELTERING HEAT IN BOMBAY CONTINUES UNABATED

Almost with axiomatic precision, the Clerk of the Weather upsets the Meteorological calculations and sets at naught their official prognostications Last year, the Poona Meteorologist, relying on moderate swells and rough seas—usual accompaniments of an advancing monsoon-predicated that if the weather conditions continued, we would be greeted with the first burst of monsoon within three days

This forecast was made on or about May 20 Almost the same weather conditions prevailed in succeeding days; the sky was flecked with silvery clouds; the heat was oppressive The weather expert said that not for 58 years had Colombo recorded such heavy rains as on May 19; the Bay showed signs of depression

But all these favourable conditions failed to bring their meed of relief to the city of Bombay and citizens spending sleepless nights due to oppressive heat waited patiently for the monsoon to come

The monsoon made its appearance not earlier than the middle of June almost a month after the optimistic prognostications of the Poona and Simla Experts.

The Colaba Expert, however, did not set much store by these weather forecasts and, lumbering up his meteorological tools in his high laboratory, told our representative that the South-Westerly Monsoon would not come off early.

At this time of the year, it is common to expect a bank of clouds overhead, more humidity in the air, depression in the Bay, advent of Monsoon in Colombo. Soon after the south-westerly winds sweep over Northern India and flood those parts, within a week.

But the Monsoon in Bombay is usually late. And the people taking advantage of the amenities given them, flock to the beaches or other breezy grounds and the poor and the middle class spend their nights under the canopy of sky. The more well-to-do set their electric fans at full tilt and pass the nights somehow.

Those 'Accidents"

During the day, vendors of sugar cane juice and other cold drinks reap a rich harvest.

These unusual rains have, more often than not, the weather experts explain after the weather had "tricked" them, little or nothing to do with the main great South-West Monsoon. They are mere accidents.

It may be however said that our weather at different times of the year is often in perpetual conflict between two sets of wind movements.

The North-Easterly winds fade out as the south-westerly ones sweeping for the same reason, the north-westerly winds come from the Atlantic Ocean.

Storms bursting over that vast watery expanse sweep over the great Mediterranean across Central Asia and Iran and ultimately, as far as India is concerned, into North-West India. Their effect upon local atmospheric conditions produce the winter rains.

Prickly Weather To Continue.

Any intermittent drizzle or shower that we may have, contrary to these conditions, cannot be said to be favourable to the advent of an early monsoon.

The maximum temperature re-

(Continued in Col. 5.)

SIMONDS MILK STOUT
SEE THAT YOU GET THE GENUINE HOP LEAF BRAND
FOR VITALITY & STAMINA
OBTAINABLE AT ALL WINE MERCHANTS.
Agents: SPENCER & Co., Ltd.
BOMBAY & THROUGHOUT INDIA

SCRIPTION FOR THOSE ... BEGINNING TO FEEL THEIR AGE

When the slightest exertion makes the heart thump and it becomes increasingly difficult to enjoy life to the full without a perpetual feeling of lassitude, the time has come for Uthol to take a hand. Test cases carried out under medical supervision have shown that Uthol Tablets may be used with efficacy and certainty in conditions showing hardened arteries, high blood pressure and general debility.

Uthol Tablets are one of the finest rejuvenators known to Science to-day, a tonic that banishes nervous irritation, lassitude, depression, and fatigue that beset so many men and women approaching what should be the prime of life

Uthol brings with it Youth'—buoyant vigour, a light step, hearty enjoyment of recreation, and an alert mind Uthol opens a new door to life definitely holding back the advancing years.

Ask for special literature 'Stemming the tide of advancing years.'

If your chemist has not received the supply send M. O. Rs. 4/6 to Uthol Products (Eastern) Dept. BCB, P. O. Box 55, Karachi.
Stockists:—Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road, Bombay.

AS A GIANT REFRESHED

with

DIAMOND Indian

GOLD FLAKE

every puff is full of energy, and thus peaceful rest after the hard work.

Made from Finest VIRGINIAN TOBACCO.

These cool refreshing Cigarettes will soothe your nerves and also non-irritating.

10 Cigarettes for 1 Anna.

THE GOLDEN TOBACCO Co.
VILE-PARLE, BOMBAY.

1912----1937

SILVER JUBILEE

CASH CERTIFICATES

4%—5 YEARS

For	Every	Rs.	89	You	get	Rs.	100
..	..	Rs.	445	..	..	Rs.	500
..	..	Rs.	890	..	..	Rs.	1000
..	..	Rs.	4450	..	..	Rs.	5000

For full particulars please apply to:

THE TRAVANCORE
NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in Travancore in 1912).
25-27, Churchgate St., BOMBAY.

Safely Rely on

AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

ORTHO-GYNOL

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JOY-WEET
A SANITARIUM HEALTH FOOD

Nerves Cause Prison Mutiny

Convicts Are Human Beings; Let Them Talk And Smoke!

The spotlight is once again turned on British prisons. There have been ominous mutterings at Dartmoor and elsewhere. A wave of unrest has been passing over the grim confines within which forgotten men expiate their sins against society.

Informers In Prison

These incidents, it is officially stated, have been exaggerated. Yet they may be significant. It is very rarely that there is open mutiny, as there was at Dartmoor in January, 1932. But that is not because there is no serious dis-affection. It is because in every British prison there are informers—convicts who spy upon their fellows—and it is virtually impossible for a mutiny to be planned without one of these men getting to know about it and "blowing the gaff," writes Norman Hope in "Answers."

In America, where so many criminals are gangsters and observe the gangsters' code in gaol as well as out of it, things are different. This is perhaps the only reason why prison mutinies are more frequent across the Atlantic than here.

What trouble does occur in a British prison is usually a spontaneous outbreak—unplanned and unorganised.

Its punishment is heavy—and certain: What, then, makes men act in this way? They know—none better—how hopeless it is. Why do they do it?

The answer is—nerves.

You know how bored and irritable you'd get if you never managed to go out to the cinema, or the pub, or to see your friends—if, night after night, you had to stay in the house. Yet your home is comfortable enough—and you can do pretty much as you like in it.

Four Years For Smoke

But suppose that, for the greater part of every day, you were locked in your own room, with nothing to amuse you but four books—two novels and two others—which you knew had to last you for a fortnight.

Suppose you weren't allowed to smoke—that you couldn't have a glass of beer. And suppose that you no longer got the sort of food you'd been accustomed to, but something that seemed to you unbelievably bad.

What would your temper be like then?

That's what it means to be in prison. True, a convict may earn, by good conduct, the privilege of smoking. But not until he has been in gaol for four years.

On the whole, I think we can ignore the smoking privilege in this imaginary picture. But it is still unduly favourable. You've been allowed your own room and your own comfortable bed. Here is a description of a Dartmoor cell, from a book. "Shades of the Prison House," published in the year of the mutiny.

"Imagine, if you can, a small cell only 9ft. by 5ft., the walls of which were of undressed black granite, down which the water trickled day and night, needing to be mopped up every time you entered it.

Not Coddling

"The floor was so constantly wet that, in order to save the bedclothes getting saturated, one had to place the bed planks on two supports consisting of the stool laid flat at one end and a washing-basin at the other. This raised the planks about nine inches; but if you wriggled about in bed too much the whole collapsed, precipitating you on to the sodden floor."

It surely isn't any wonder that men, living in conditions like that, sometimes flare up violently.

I don't believe in coddling convicts. But even convicts are human beings. Why not try treating them as such?

Why not, for instance, try giving them decent meals? It can be done, even on the present ration scale and with the quality of food now supplied. Wilfred Macartney, in "Walls Have Mouths," tells how, when a man who understood cooking and was alert to prevent dishonesty was put in the prison kitchen at Parkhurst, the food improved enormously.

British Discipline

"The dinners," says Macartney, "became clean, eatable, and sometimes really tasty. The treacle pudding, which usually smelt of old oil and looked like a decayed rubber sponge, was worth eating."

Then take another tip from Macartney on prison discipline:

"Permit talking, allow smoking, abolish flogging and bread-and-water, maintain discipline by the deprivation of remission and of privileges—that is to say, permit a man associate with his fellows from the beginning of the sentence, and, in the event of bad behaviour, take the privileges away."

Prison nerves might not disappear entirely if these things were done, but they would certainly be much less of a problem than they are to-day.

Our convicts may be criminal, but they are British. They will respond better to a British discipline than to a Prussian one.

TELEVISION HAS GREAT POTENTIALITIES

It'll Be Enormous Asset As Part Of Whole Cinema Business

Television is being developed by the B.B.C. for home entertainment, as opposed to the mass entertainment given in cinema theatres. This is because the methods of reception used up to now have not been capable of giving a picture much bigger than ten by eight inches. With large pictures, however, the possibilities are very much greater and of far wider appeal.

For years the search for some method of producing really big television pictures on the receiving screen has been proceeding; but so far only one method has been found capable of giving pictures of the required clarity and brilliance to satisfy an audience educated to the standards of the cinema. This is due to two young Englishmen, G. W. Walton and J. H. Jeffree.

These pictures are 5 ft. by 4 ft., sufficient for an audience of 300 to 400. They are as brilliant, and contain almost as much detail, as an ordinary cinema picture of the same size.

What do these large pictures mean to the future of entertainment and instruction?

Glimpses Into The Future.

As part of the whole cinema business television will be an enormous asset. The industry will doubtless assimilate it and set up its own transmitters. It is hardly likely to consent to receive the programmes of the B.B.C., even if it were allowed to do so. In any case, the B.B.C. programmes are suited only to the home.

With their own transmitters, all kinds of possibilities are open to the cinema circuits. They could feed any number of their theatres with actual stage plays and performances of all kinds being given in some central theatre or studio.

They could use a central transmitter and feed them with films changed every night, without the trouble of distributing the films to each hall. They could put on mixed variety and film shows without the expense of hiring separate variety turns for each of their halls.

Events of national importance as they are happening could be seen by thousands.

Big screen television must have a profound effect on the cinema; but the changes it will make will be gradual. Its possibilities have to be experimented with before they can be understood. In a few months we shall see, in London, the first of these experiments.

The Broach Sanitary Association and the Red Cross Society, Broach Branch, gave a party on Sunday in honour of Rao Bahadur K. B. Bhadrapur, Collector of Broach, who is shortly leaving Broach on his transfer to Dharwar District. He was chairman of the institutions during his stay in this District.

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

Khatu Sports Beat District Police

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The District Police from Bandra met Khatu Sports in the first game of the evening. Hockey was of a poor standard throughout, and hard hitting tactics were resorted to by both sides. In the first half the ball was swung from end to end and back again, with the result that at the call for time both sides stood on terms.

The second half was as bad as the first with little or no interest attached to it, and with about ten minutes left for full time, the Police left-inner scored the first point for his side. Up and down play followed and a minute before the final whistle Khatu drove in the equaliser.

EXTRA TIME

Extra time failed to decide the issue in the first five minutes, but early in the second five Adam, the Khatu Sports left-inner, put his side ahead. Fernandes of Khatu Sports was then put off the field for dangerous play, and the game ended with:

THE RESULT

KHATU SPORTS	2 goals
DISTRICT POLICE	1 goal

THE TEAMS:

DISTRICT POLICE:—Thornber; Pinto and Lele; Bhau Bapu, Kala Khan, and More; Jagtap, Sawant, D. Swant, Sigamari, and G. More.

KHATU SPORTS:—Chavan; Michael and Ruben; Rao, Alphonso and Fernandes, D'Mello, Lobo, Narian, Adam and Gabriel.

UMPIRES:—Sheik Ahmedin and J. Mendonca.

OLD BOYS 'B' BEAT CHRIST CHURCH

The second game of the evening between Christ Church Old Boys' 'B' and Christ Church High School, was a closely contested affair, and although Michael, the Old Boys' inner-left, opened the score within five minutes from the start, the School Boys retaliated forcefully, but poor finishing coupled with feeble passing prevented them from getting on terms. A few minutes after Stafford, the Old Boys' right-inner, put his side ahead with a solo effort, which drew the School custodian out; pulling away he scooped into an empty goal.

Two goals in arrears did not seem to worry the School who exerted themselves all they could to reduce the lead, but Cowsell, their centre-forward, lost several good opportunities, and with the interval the Old Boys' 'B' were two points to advantage.

Changing over the Old Boys' made the first raid which the School defence cleared. Taking possession the School forwards moved down, and a splendid swing from the right saw Cowsell intercept and convert with a hot shot. Reducing the lead, the School Boys kept up a heavy pressure and the Old Boys' were seldom seen to any dangerous advantage, with the School Boys' fighting hard to get on terms. The final whistle found them beaten by the odd goal.

THE RESULT

CHRIST CHURCH OLD BOYS 'B'	2 goals
CHRIST CHURCH HIGH SCHOOL	1 goal

THE TEAMS

CHRIST CHURCH H. S.:— Ottman; Gaitely and Hardy, Ghapoor, Thomas, and Mayers, Thomson, Hearn, Cowsell, Miskeith and Mullarkey.

CHRIST CHURCH OLD BOYS 'B':—Turner; X, and Samson; Duarate, Myer, and Hellein; Boult, Stafford, Lloyd, Michael, and D'Monte.

UMPIRES:—N. Joseph and J. Mendonca.

To-day's Play

At 5-40 p.m.: CHRIST CHURCH OLD BOYS "A" v. BYCULLA MECHANICS INST.

FIRST CLASS CRICKET FIXTURES

LONDON, May 18.

The following are the First Class Cricket Fixtures, commencing to-morrow:—

Chelmsford.—Essex v. Surrey.
Hove.—Sussex v. Northamptonshire.
Birmingham.—Warwickshire v. Yorkshire.
Manchester.—Lancashire v. Hampshire.
Leicester.—Leicestershire v. Glamorgan.
Bristol.—Gloucestershire v. Middlesex.
Oxford.—Oxford University v. New Zealanders.
Cambridge.—Cambridge University v. Nottinghamshire.

Richmond Park, London's famous Royal park, is noted for its wild life. There are about 400 deer. Badgers, foxes, rabbits, hares and more than 100 species of birds make their homes there.

The Kashmir Government have sanctioned a Cattle Breeding Scheme, involving an expenditure of about Rs 17,000 in the first year and Rs. 13,076 in the second year. From the third year onwards a recurring expenditure of Rs. 6,576 per annum is estimated.

Yesterday the twenty-second annual meeting of the International Parliamentary Commerce Congress was inaugurated in the Senate building, Paris. Thirty nations are represented.

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CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF COD LIVER OIL
MANUFACTURED BY
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GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

AT

BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE
BOMBAY.

On SATURDAY, the 22nd MAY AT 8-30 P. M.

EKACH PYALA

On SUNDAY, the 23rd MAY AT 3-30 P. M.

New Play! New Play!!

AMRITSIDHEE

Booking at the Theatre from: 8 to 11 A. M. & 5 to 8 P. M.

This gay—debonair young man refused to recognise his father.

Meet

MOTILAL

in

JAGIRDAR

Sagar Movietone Classic

Coming to

ROXY

A REGULAR GOLD MINE!

A REGULAR SMASH HIT!!

A REGULAR SCINTILLATING ROMANCE BLENDING OF SENTIMENTS & STUNTS.

Story, Scenario
Music & Direction

BAI JADDANBAI

Daily at 5-30, 8, 10-30 p.m.

On Sat., Sun. & Holiday Matinee at 3-0 p.m.

SANGEET

MOVIETONE'S

CLIMAX PRESENTATION.

Journey's End

or JEEWAN SWAPNA

Starring:
A HUSSAIN
Miss MEHTAB
SANTIDEVI
MARUTI RAO
& others.

YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS THIS MASTERPIECE

DO SEE IT AT THE

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

MOTHER OF FIVE WHO WAS ALWAYS TIRED

Now Awakes As Fresh As A Daisy

KRUSCHEN RESTORED HER LOST ENERGY

A mother of five has a lot to do. Especially a country mother. And this one was "always tired". But Kruschen ended all that—now she gets up, feeling fresh, at five o'clock in the morning! She writes:—

"I find Kruschen Salts the best thing money can buy for my health. I am the mother of five children, and before taking Kruschen, I was always feeling tired and run down. Now, I am glad to say that I get up feeling fresh—and I get up at five o'clock in the morning. I do my housework, see to my children, and leave home at 6-30 to start my work in the fields, which lasts till 5-30 at night. I am very grateful to Kruschen."—(Mrs.) B.

Tiredness and that run-down feeling can be traced to one root cause. That cause is internal sluggishness; failure to keep the inside free from poisonous waste matter.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to smooth, regular action. Your inside is thus kept clear of those impurities which, when allowed to accumulate, lower the whole tone of the system. New, refreshed blood is circulated to every fibre of your being, and tiredness is replaced with tingling energy.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

SOUND ADVICE

In chronic diseases and surgical cases Always consult Dr. TANDON senior, M.D (U.S.A.), Scientific Veteran Homoeopath, of 30 years' experience and an eminent Physician of Bombay, who works wonders even at the eleventh hour without operation. His treatment is scientific, sure, simple, natural and harmless. Chowpatty Sea Face, Bombay. 'Phone 40307

LADIES' BALM

For All Women

Guaranteed scientific remedy. Cures Female ills, viz., Dysmenorrhoea or scanty and painful menses, Amenorrhoea or absence of menses, Hysteria, Abortion, Habitual Miscarriage, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, etc. It helps Conception. No. 1 for all Menstrual Disorders, Rs. 3 per bot. No. 2 for Leucorrhoea, White or Blood mixed—Rs. 3|8 per bot., P. P. extra. Indian Manufacture, worth its weight in gold. No more silent suffering. Every good husband should have a trial.

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SHREE GAURANGA BUILDINGS, BHAGALPUR, or from P. M. ZAVERI & CO. and THOMSON & TAYLOR, LTD., BOMBAY.

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Capital Called-up ..... Rs 30,00,000
Reserve Fund .....Rs. 25,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N.G.), Bhadra—Ahmedabad, Panchkuva—Ahmedabad, and Kapadwanj.

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

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WOMEN'S FRIEND & WEAPON AGAINST ALL ILLS.

Available at all Chemists & Druggists
KESARI KUTEERAM
EGMORE—MADRAS.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Sud 10, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 8, 1305
Parsi: Adar 16, 1306
Hightide: 7-50 19-51
Lowtide: 1-39 13-44
Sunrise: 6h 3m
Sunset: 7h 7m
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Thursday, May 20.

S. S. Maloja with mails from London of the 6th instant due at 5 p.m.

Saturday, May 22.

S. S. Narkunda sails at 1 p.m.

BOMBAY ASTROLOGICAL SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Bombay Astrological Society, Prof. R. D. Karmarkar will deliver a lecture on "Planetary effects on Stock market" at Saraswati Mandir near Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road, at 5-15 p.m. on Sunday the 23rd instant.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS EMPLOYEES' UNION

An extraordinary general meeting of the Union will be held on Saturday, the 22nd instant at 5 p.m. at Soman Building, Girgaum, Bombay to consider the letter from the Secretary to Government General Department regarding recognition of the Union and to change the constitution of the Union as suggested in the said letter.

SHRI VADNAGARA NAGAR MANDAL

The Vadnagara Nagar Mandal, Bombay, invites applications for loans to be advanced to the students of the community intending to further studies after Matriculation and also for Scholarship to students studying in School upto Matriculation. Applications on Mandal's printed forms should reach the Secretaries, at Mani Nagar Nivas, A/58, Panalal Terraces, Grant Road, Bombay No. 7 on or before June 20.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"China Passage" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Good Earth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Sabotage". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
GLOBE—"The Vigilantes are Coming!" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"3 Men on a Horse" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Mary of Scotland" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"My Man Godfrey". To-day and to-morrow at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Tokushima Maru' left Colombo for Bombay on the 17th May, and is due to arrive here on Friday morning the 21st May at 7 a.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. 'Kelvinbank' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 20th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 4-30 and 5 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 20th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. 'Maloja' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 20th instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. 'Fukuyu Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9 and 9-30 a.m. respectively on Wednesday the 19th instant.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST PROCEEDINGS

Lease Of Land to Hindustan Vanaspati Company

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on Tuesday, the appointment by the Government of India of Mr. M. E. Rahman to act as a Trustee during the absence on deputation of Mr. N. R. Pillai, C.B.E., I.C.S., and the election by the Chamber of Commerce of Mr. R. W. Bullock vice Mr. W. A. Bell proceeded on leave, were recorded.

Sanction was accorded to the creation of a post of Inspector at the Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock Harbour Wall, to cope with the increased work and to exercise supervision over wharfage and Town Duty collections and assist in regulating traffic and shipping at the wharf.

The following estimates of expenditure were sanctioned:—

Rs. 1,60,545 for constructing a dam of sheet piling across the incompleted communication passage between Victoria and Alexandra Docks. The need for the passage is not likely ever to arise and deterioration of the masonry has set in, causing danger to the walls in the vicinity. The area behind the dam, about 9,600 square feet, will be filled in and made available for storage.

Rs. 86,700 for asphalting certain water-bound macadam roads in accordance with a scheme approved in 1933.

Rs. 26,317 for paying and lighting the car park area at Ballard Pier.

Rs. 3,670 for raising the height of the blocks in Merewether Dry Dock to facilitate examinations and heavy repairs to ships' bottoms.

Rs. 2,620 for laying a new moorum floor in a godown (6,120 square yards) at Powder Works Bunder for the storage of grain and seeds.

A supplemental lease for 46 years of about 1,684 square yards of land on Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation was granted to the Hindustan Vanaspati Manufacturing Co. Ltd. for an extension of their factory.

THE EXCELSIOR

AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ALFRED HITCHCOCK

Has surpassed himself in

"SABOTAGE"

His greatest thriller,

starring:
SYLVIA SIDNEY,
OSCAR HOMOLKA.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—WITHOUT CALOMEL

And You'll Jump Out of Bed Feeling You Could Push a Bus Over

The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

Salts, fizzy drinks, palatable laxatives and harsh purgatives are makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes the famous, sure acting Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills. Look for the name Carter's on the red package. Price: As. 10.

THE FLYING RANEE

Bombay Public Patronises Her

(From A Correspondent)

The B. B. and C. I. Railway seem to possess a happy knack of catching the popular fancy. They were the first Railway in India to introduce on a large scale the third class excursion trains that go where people want to go, stop where they want to stop, and provide a travelling hotel with catering for every kind of taste. One of these trains proved so popular that it had to be run in five portions—surely a world record this!

Now in their new fast week-end train, "The Flying Ranee", they have done it again. By adjusting and accelerating timings to suit the wishes of the public, they have made this train the most popular Bombay has ever known, and every week the number of its patrons has increased. Last week-end, the rush was so great that the train had to be run in two portions—nearly 100 second class and about thirteen hundred third class passengers having booked.

May, of course, is always a crowded month for the sea-side resorts visited by this train, and during the monsoon, these places take a rest from the hectic summer season. But even in these months, it is possible that there will be sufficient people desirous of paying week-end visits to Surat and places between this and Bulsar to enable the Railway to keep the train running. Certainly they are unlikely to take it off so long as it meets public requirements. So, good luck to the Queen of the West Coasts.

Late Mr. Jamshed Tata

The late Mr. Jamshed Tata, son of the late Sir Ratan Tata of the famous House of Tatas, was on his way to Greece from England in a pleasure holiday trip, when his 'plane crashed at Linz in Austria.

Young Jamshed was, just 21, when he met his unfortunate and premature death. He had spent more years in England than in India as he had had his education in England since he was 14 and came to India two years ago, stayed here hardly for six months and went back to England for further training in aviation, in which he was very interested

He was brother of Mr. Jehangir R D. Tata, Director of the Tata Sons Limited. Born in 1916, he was sent to England for studies in 1930, where he was educated at Shelborne Middle School and then at a public school. Even when he was a student he was keenly interested in flying He returned to India in 1935 and joined the Bombay Flying Club. He did a considerable amount of flying during the six months he stayed in India. He then proceeded to England for further training in aviation at Air Services Training Limited near Southampton. During the holidays he chartered an aeroplane and flew to different parts of Europe.

MULLAJI SAHEB HONOURED

Great Reception To Head Of Dawoodi Bohras At Damascus

The Secretary of the Egyptian Association in India (Bombay) has received the following cable from Damascus:

"His Holiness the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohras, who left Jerusalem for Damascus, was given great reception on his way at Nasir Tiberyiya and other places.

"He was heartily received on his arrival at Damascus by Government officials, Ulemas, notables and the gentry and a volunteers' band was in attendance. He was taken two-mile long procession through the principal streets of Damascus."

LATE MR. R. K. OKA

Marathi Scholar And Educationist

(From A Correspondent)

The death occurred due to heart-failure of the Late Mr. Ramchandra Kashinath Oka, a Marathi scholar and a veteran educationist, at Dadar at his residence on Saturday last.

Mr. Oka distinguished himself as a student of the General Education Institute, Dadar and joined the Pioneer Educational Institute, in the north of Bombay as a teacher in 1902. He associated himself with the cause of the Institute, and was made a Manager of the Institute in 1913. He then became a joint secretary of the Institute in 1918 and served the Institute, in that capacity, till August, 1931.

During this period it was mainly through the efforts of Mr. Oka that the Institute was steered through many difficulties and the various branches of the Institute owe their present position to his efforts.

The High School at Dadar, which is now known as the Chubildas Lallubhoy High School Dadar, was provided with a building of its own, by securing a munificent donation from the late Mr. Janmajaya Chubildas, J.P., and the efforts of Mr. Oka in this direction are well known. He was connected with several social and educational institutions, at Dadar and at the time of his death, he was a life-member of the Dadar Hindu Gymkhana, the Trustee of the Dadar Sarwajanik Wachanalaya, Dadar, and the Dhuru Public Hall and member of the committees of several societies. His latest publication was a Maratni poem called, "Ganga Lahari", which has been highly spoken of by eminent persons like Prof. Gajendragadkar.

In him the Dadar public has lost a silent, hardworking educationist and a great friend. May his soul rest in peace.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VIC. TERMINUS.

Following are the timings at Victoria Terminus on and from April 1, 1937:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Deccan Queen (on Mondays only)	10 30	
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only) .		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express ..	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Following are the Mail, Express and Passenger Train timings in force from April 20, 1937, from Bombay Central:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 55	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 20
Kathiawar Express ..	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger ...	21 10	8 55
Surat (Week-end Specials on Monday)	10 10	
Surat (Week-end Specials on Saturday ..		15 10

Agricultural Conditions In Presidency

Increase In Stud Bulls: Distribution Of Better Varieties Of Seeds And Improved Strains

The Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture, Bombay Presidency, 1935-36 states that during the year under report agricultural propaganda work was carried on with enthusiasm and vigour. The Government of India gave substantial monetary help to all provinces for rural uplift work and the Bombay Government got its due share. Schemes for improvement of cattle, poultry, poultry keeping and co-operative egg collection, grading and marketing, were some of the schemes which were financed from the Government of India grant.

During the year the Department organised 102 shows, 2,000 demonstrations, 136 agricultural meetings, 29 magic lantern lectures, 13 Jamabandi meetings and ten cattle shows for educating the cultivators to adopt special items of agricultural improvement.

SEED SUPPLY

The organisation of the supply of new and improved varieties of seed is one of the major services which the Department is rendering to agriculture.

Improved strains of wheat, nagli, jowar, sugarcane and groundnut were also distributed.

With the help of grants made by the Indian Central Cotton Committee nearly 15 lakhs lb. of Jayawant cotton seed and 2.78 lakhs lb. of Gadag No. 1 cotton seed were distributed in the Karnatak.

This was the fifth year of the Khandesh Banilla Cotton Seed Scheme and it was estimated that the Banilla cotton had spread over an area of 130,000 acres.

STUD BULLS CAMPAIGN

Good progress was made in the improvement of live stock owing to His Excellency the Viceroy's appeal to the general public to intensify the work of live stock improvement. Many donors came forward to give grants for purchase of bulls and for their maintenance. During the year 289 premium bulls were put out as against 279 in the preceding year. The number of pedigree stock registered was 335, bringing the total number of registrations to 2,084.

Service is being rendered to the poultry industry by the distribution of stud birds of superior breeds. During the year 309 stud cocks were put out against 192 in the preceding year. In addition 199 cocks were put out under the village improvement scheme. The Bombay Presidency Poultry Association continued to do good work.

Nearly all the land (1,054 acres) set apart for the establishment of a dairy district at Palghar has been given away and the scheme is expected to commence working soon.

MARKETING OF FRUITS

Further progress was made as a result of the recommendations of the Committee for the marketing of fruits and vegetables in Bombay, 1935. An Advisory Committee in connection with the marketing of fruits and vegetables has since been appointed by Government representing all interests concerned. The Bombay Corporation has prevented retail sale in the wholesale market and has provided an additional covered shed for wholesale business in the Crawford Market. The railways and the steamship companies have issued instructions for better handling of fruit packages. The railways, as a trial measure, have given quarter rates on a variety of perishable fruits and vegetables from several important fruit growing centres in the Presidency to Bombay. Further it has been agreed to improve the holds in the steamers so that fruit may not be damaged in transit.

COTTON MARKETS

The prices of rice, wheat and groundnut showed an improvement over last year and this was noticeable in the case of groundnut also. The prices of cotton and jowar were considerably lower than those obtaining last year.

There were eight up to date sugar factories in the Deccan and these are reported to have produced 39,115 tons of sugar. Gul reached the rock bottom price during the year, i.e., Rs. 12 per palla of 250 lb.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Sunday last, saw a record gathering at Malvani, Malad, the event was a concert by the members of St. Anthonys Cricket Club. Starting at 6-45 p.m. a very long and variety programme was gone through. The programme consisted of English, Marathi and Concannie songs, duels and farces. Every item on the programme was rendered very creditably by the members of the said club and the many compositions of Marathi songs by Mr. L. Gracias produced a very rich entertainment and I am sure will long be remembered in East Indian Circles.

The success of the concert must go to Mr. Marshall D'Lima, the Secretary of the Club and the club members who were responsible for the rich programme and splendid management.

ANOTHER GALA DANCE AT BANDRA

On Friday, Bandra is to hold another gala dance, and the proceeds I understand are to go towards deserving public charities.

OMISSIONS IN BALANCE SHEET

Witness Denies All Allegations

On Tuesday afternoon, Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, resumed the hearing of the case in which Chandulal Punnamchand Shroff and Mohamedali Kapadia are, at the instance of the High Court, charged with obtaining a decree by fraud and collusion against the firm of the Overseas Transport Company.

Girjashankar Doulatram who was employed in the Company till December 1929 was cross-examined by Mr. A. S. R. Chari, counsel for the first accused, on the trial balance sheet, which the witness was said to have prepared and which had been put in as an exhibit at the last hearing of the case.

OMISSION OF ITEMS

Witness admitted that there were a number of discrepancies between this balance sheet and another balance sheet which had been put in at an earlier stage of the case. There were 11 items, six of creditors and five of debtors, which appeared in the other balance sheet, but had been omitted in this. These omissions included the item of Rs. 7,000 said to have been advanced to the Company by Mohamedali Kapadia.

But the witness denied the suggestion that he had prepared the balance sheet at the instance of Manilal Nanavaty, as also the allegation that it was at his instance that the items mentioned had been omitted.

At this stage the case was adjourned to Tuesday next.

DAHISAR RIVER BUND

Collector Inspects Two Sites

For the second time, Mr. T. E. Streatfield, Collector of Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District, paid a visit to Dahisar village in connection with the construction of the river bund.

He inspected two sites for the river bund, and afterwards paid a visit to the meeting hall of the village Panchayat. He was cordially welcomed by the elders. The collector assured them that early action to implement the project of the bund construction would be taken.

Nurses Aid Association

A Supper Dance was held at the Taj Mahal Hotel in April, in aid of the above Association whose patron is Her Excellency Lady Brabourne. The dance was a great success and the total income from the sale of Tickets, Programme and Sundry Receipts was Rs. 2,679/11 less Rs. 1,089 for expenses; the balance was Rs. 1,590 available for the benefit of the Association.

The holder of the Lucky Number was Mr. Ormerod who won the 8Valve Philips Radio, so generously presented by Philips Electrical Co., India. Also, a case of Beer was auctioned on the floor of the Taj which fetched a handsome sum of Rs. 100, making the total net income Rs. 1,690/11.

The Committee express their most grateful thanks to all those who supported their efforts for the cause of the poor, aged and destitute nurses, and to those business firms and others who had given donations and presents for the occasion. The Committee also offer their thanks to the management of the Taj Mahal Hotel for their co-operation and to the Press without whose help the function would not have been so successful.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1937

EPOCH-MAKING DECISION

The Muslim Leaders' Conference, which concluded its deliberations at Allahabad on Monday, passed the following resolution:

"This Conference is unanimously of the opinion that the only right policy and correct attitude for Muslims to act upon and adopt is unconditionally to join the Indian National Congress and participate in the struggle for the freedom of the country."

It is an epoch-making resolution in a very real sense. It calls upon Muslims to realise that where Nationalism is concerned, where the struggle for the freedom of the country is concerned, Indian Muslims are an inseparable and inalienable part of the Indian Nation. And they have to act as such. We have had frequent occasions to discuss what their duties and obligations are in this connection. We have seen how they are being sought to be made the victims of a pernicious doctrine of separatism which ultimately argues the perpetuation of British Imperialism. We have seen how the theory of a Third Party, deliberately holding a fundamentally and vitally different position from the Second Party, perforce strengthens the First Party in the common struggle against the domination of the latter. We have also seen that if the mass of the Muslim community owes it as much to its own political and economic interests as to national patriotism to work for both it must do so under the banner of the Indian National Congress, the one organisation the policy and programme of which lend life to the meaning of freedom and the one organisation, therefore, which represents the National aspirations of all Indians be they Hindu, Muslim, Parsi, Sikh or Christian. The Leaders at Allahabad have invited Muslims to realise all these truths. We are confident of a response worthy of the Muslim community. The Muslims, as has been so clearly and convincingly pointed out by Khan Abdul Ghaffar and Maulana Bashir Ahmad have nothing to fear—save their own national indifference and sinister propaganda of so-called "leaders."

Implement The Decision

But the leaders at Allahabad have done more. They have decided to face their own grave responsibility in this connection. And it is very gratifying to learn that they are going to make all possible efforts to implement their decision. We are deeply sorry that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad should have taken suddenly ill, but we earnestly trust he will not only recover soon but will also be able personally to lead the great work among Muslims. In the meantime, it is good news that Dr. Mahmud is soon to start on an All-India propaganda tour. Under the leadership of men like Moulana Azad, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr. Mamud and members of the Jamiatul Ulema—whose full and unreserved participation in the Congress is one of the greatest events in the history of Indian Muslims—the success of the grand undertaking is assured.

Abul Kalam Azad's Work

One word more. It must be particularly noteworthy that those who took the decision are not unaware of their special duties towards Musalmans as such. For it is reliably reported that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has drawn up a programme of social and non-political work with the idea of doing solid practical work for the uplift of Muslim masses. He and his colleagues are eminently fitted for the job. And it is a simple truth—with due deference to Muslim "leaders" and dictators—that no Muslim living to-day has done greater service, in the social, cultural and religious spheres, to Muslims than Abul Kalam Azad.

A Tax On Knowledge

The leading newspapers of India have made a joint representation to the Government of India pointing out that the present revenue duty on imported newsprint in reels is a serious handicap to newspapers using such paper and urging the Finance Member to receive a deputation on the subject. The grievance of the newspapers is obvious and it is the duty of any Government appreciating the service of the Press to the public to redress it. The facts and figures about the subject are such as should convince even the Government of India of the need for abolishing or, at least, substantially reducing the duty, which is operating as a heavy tax on knowledge.

The revenue duty on the paper of the type in question has for several years past been 25 per cent "ad valorem". At any time this would be an undesirable and heavy tax on the Press. But recently the price of the paper has risen by about 75 per cent. A heavy duty on the top of this is a hardship which it is difficult for the Indian Press to bear. Such paper should indeed have been duty free as a deserved encouragement to the Press in its educative work. As a matter of fact it is duty free in countries like Britain, France and the United States. Several other countries also import it either duty free or with a nominal duty.

There are some special reasons why the example of these countries should be followed in India. On account of the well-known political conditions in India and the small number of literate people Indian papers, with a few exceptions, are not financially what they ought to be. The signatories to the representation in question have good reason to say: "The heavier cost of newsprint plus the duty will of course affect weaker newspaper concerns more than the stronger ones and we have good grounds for apprehending that unless the trend of prices is reversed—and of this we see no prospect—useful newspapers will be driven out of business. Much unemployment will ensue and the Government and other public bodies will lose more money under income and other forms of taxation than even the complete abolition of the revenue duty will involve." Yet the present is the time when the Press is called upon to discharge a heavy responsibility to educate the electorates, who form the very basis of the new Constitution and whose political education, such as newspapers alone can give, will make democracy a success. Government themselves fully realise this responsibility by using the Press far more often than they ever did before in communicating with the public. It behoves them, therefore, to lighten the burdens on the Press by, among other ways, abolishing the duty on imported newsprint. Its abolition will not at all affect Indian paper industry as India does not produce this type of paper. If, however, it is not possible to abolish the duty completely all at once, it is both possible and urgently necessary to begin with a subsatntial reduction of it.

INDUSTRY & SCIENCE

Need For Co-operation

(By SARABHAI.)

I

The absence of any 'liaison' between technical research institutes and the factories in India is much to be deplored as such 'liaison' is universally recognised as absolutely essential for the very existence of the none too prosperous industry of India's Cotton Textiles. There is in Britain the Liaison Department of the British Cotton Industry Research Association connecting the cotton, woollen and rayon factories and the laboratories of the Shirley Institute at Didsbury but six miles away from the turmoil of the overbusy industrial centre of Manchester. Some brief impressions of the Institute may be gathered from the facts that the buildings for laboratory research and cognate activities cover three acres of the 15 set apart and reserved for future inevitable expansion of the works, which from their first erection in 1922 have been growing almost year by year.

Conditions In England

Within the scope of this contribution detailed description of the many activities of the Institute is not possible. Here I had better confine myself to a brief survey of the close, nay, almost family, relationship of the laboratory with the factory made by the Director Dr. Pickford, and the well-known Secretary of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, Sir F. E. Smith. Dr. Pickford, the Director of Research and the head of the department for the last ten and more years, is the sole repository of the knowledge gained. He deals out the results to all members simultaneously. He tells us in brief that the 'liaison' department is staffed by men who have had practical experience in the mills and who can understand and talk "mill language" rather than the language of science. They pass their time in the laboratories finding out what the research workers were doing and for the rest of the week visit the mills of members. They do not wait until some problem has been put up to the Association but pay their visits in a spirit of inquiry into ways in which they can be of assistance to the manufacturer through placing at his disposal the results of research. A special point, moreover, is made of contact and co-operation not only with the actual employers but also with the managers. It is claimed that this policy is a great advantage and that the Association benefits a great deal from the help of managers, whose confidence is gained by the 'liaison department. Sir F. E. Smith, in his evidence before the Committee on New Industrial Development, observed: "I regard it as being an exceedingly good sign that a complaint was made that half the staff were absent from the laboratory; that there was such a demand from individual firms that half the staff were always in the works."

Conditions In India

Does such kinship exist between the laboratory and factory in Bombay? The answer is No. During about twelve years of my direct contact with and management of textile mills the conviction has steadily grown upon me that modern mass industrial production has grown from and lives on science, that science is living on continuous and perennial research and that both can benefit only when they help each other.

In support of the beneficial connection between science and industry, I may cite here the views of Sir Joshia Stamp, the Financier and great practical Economist of Great Britain, recently expressed in his presidential address to the British Association for the advancement of science. He said: "Unless most scientific discoveries happen to come within the scope of the profit motives, and it is worth some one's while to supply them to the community or unless the community can become most scientifically-minded to include this particular demand among their general commercial demands or in substitution for others, nothing happens—the potential never becomes active." The scientific inventions are "work creators" and "work savers". saving time, work and money by enabling the existing supply of the particular commodities to be produced more easily and, therefore, at lower costs and finally at lower price.

Nearer home Sir C. V. Raman, Director of the Tata Institute of

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 5.)

From The Spanish Front

By Our London Correspondent

What Mussolini Promised Rebels In 1934

MADRID, (By Air Mail)

The siege of Madrid goes on, but the besiegers must know by now that they have not the slightest chance of ever capturing the Spanish capital by direct assault. It is chiefly the machine-gun which is responsible for the continued security of Madrid.

Govt.'s Strong Position

A military expert reviews the position thus:

"The experience of the Great War, which proved the enormous defensive power of machine-guns was repeated here directly the Republican army was sufficiently organised to take full advantage of the weapons at its disposal. The whole military front is a "war of position". A break-through in the centre sector is impossible for either side, except with great losses

The nett result of this situation is to give an enormous military advantage to the Government. For the trench ,'war of position" on the Madrid front, means that the main forces of the insurgent army occupies positions which they never intended to remain in and which—from the point of view of the total strategic positions—are extremly unfavourable Thus, however, strong may be the insurgent position in the Caso de Campo and on the Jarama front, they are each, nevertheless, only the extreme forward point of an awkward salient with long narrow and highly vulnerable lines of communication.

On the other hand, the Government forces defending Madrid do not suffer under this disadvantage. Thus the Government is now in a position to change the "war of positions" to a "war of movement".

The military situation, therefore, is in favour of the Government. for perhaps the first time since the war began.

German Aviator's Diary

BILBAO.

As was reported at the time, four Germans were taken prisoners on April 3, by Basque troops, as they were making their way by car from San Sebastian to Durango, under the mistaken impression that the latter was already in rebel hands. There were two German pilots, Flight Lieutenant Schulze, and Flight-Captain Walter Kuehle; and Captain Carsten von Harling and their interpreter Paul Freese, local section-leader of the German Nazi Party of Zarauz in Spain.

Flight-Lieutenant Schulze was indiscreet enough to have kept a diary of his experiences in Spain from the 1st of January onwards, and this fell into the hands of his captors. Here are some extracts from it:

"Seville, January 1st, 1937: Got up at ten, and at eleven went to the aerodrome. Much disorder as civilians not working. Thirty-one machines were got ready, everything done in terrible hurry. Reported to Herr Deichmann (leader of German pilots in Seville) Flew off to Avilla, very strong west wind. Motor failed; made forced landing at Placencia.

January 5th: In Escalona. Up at eight o'clock and flew with squadron of two junkers and three Romeos. Many bombs made hits. Junker was fiercely attacked. Two "Reds" shot down. Wings of our plane shot through.

February 12th: Flight with two junkers, three Romeos. Two hours to Arganda. Air battle in which two machines crash in flames. Kalm and Heffe save themselves with parachutes.

February 16th: Flew with my Junker by Arganda. Successful boming. Joined up with six machines. A Junker fell in flames. Pilot used parachute.

March 23rd: Flight to Salamanca where met Lt.-Col. Von Richthofen. In the evening pilots meeting at Avila.

March 24th: From Avila with the others to Victoria, with halts at Valladolid and Burgos. Fantastically beautiful country, especially near Victoria. Got into touch with military authorities.

March 31st: Air attacks in the morning at 9-45, on the Viscaya front. Repeated at 11-55 and at two o'clock, bombing many lorries and men Violent explosions; many hit At 3-45 another attack on this column. Had a good dinner in the evening.

Flight-Lieutenant Schulze's diaries contain the names of no less than 30 German pilots who are fighting in the service of General Franco.

Refugees From Bilbao

LA ROCHELLE.—The Spanish ship Habana, arrived here at four o'clock on the morning of Friday, May 7 with 2,500 refugees from Bilbao on board. Nearly two thousand of them were children, many of them orphans, while the rest are women and old people.

At 8 o'clock a medical inspection took place, but with one exception, a child, all the refugees were certified to be in good health In accordance with a decision taken by the authorities here, all the refugees, even those who had been vaccinated before leaving Bilbao, were once again vaccinated on the ship, before they landed

Four enormous field kitchens awaited the refugees on the wharf, and they were given their first meal in France, consisting of boiled beef, beans and rice pudding, the first good meal they had had for months

Some of the children, from the village of Sestao, told journalists about the bombing of their village by German Junker planes. "We can easily tell the difference between the planes", the children said, "for we have seen so many of them. We saw the two German bombers crash after a fight with Republican planes. One of the airmen tried to jump, but his parachute did not open and he was killed." But what the children remembered more than anything else was the sight of planes flying low, skimming over the roofs of the houses and machine-gunning the streets

An Interesting Revelation

VALENCIA. — The interesting fact that Mussolini, as long ago as 1934, promised to help in overthrowing the Spanish Republic and restoring the Monarchy, is revealed by the publication of a document which was found in the archives of the Monarchist's "Spanish Restoration Party" and is now in possession of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs

The following is a translation of the document:

ROME: March 31st, 1934.

"We, the undersigned, Lieutenant-General Don Emilio Barrera, in his own name, and Don Rafael Olazabal, and Don (blank) Lizarra, representing the Traditionalist community, and Don Antonio Goicoechea, Chief of the Ronovacion Espancia Party, subscribe to the following, with the object that in it will remain on record what happened at the interview which took place at four o'clock in the

(Continued on page 13 Col. 6)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A BUREAUCKAT'S ADMISSIONS.

The tribute of Mr. W. G. Lacey, the Election Officer in Bihar, to the Congress and its organisation are gratifying indeed. He quotes a Congress slogan: "If they feed you with puris eat them. If they provide you motors get into them, but in the polling compartment be careful." Congress can justifiably feel proud that the people responded to the slogan—incidentally, it is noteworthy that opponents of Congress placed all sorts of attractive temptations in the way of the voters. Even more welcome are Mr. Lacey's admissions. Apart from discipline and organisation and so on, Mr. Lacey suggests that "the magic appeal of Gandhiji's name" won lakhs of illiterate voters, who had no idea even as to the identity of the actual candidate; and secondly non-Congress candidates "suffered serious disadvantage at being dubbed as pro-Government". Here is an open confession on the part of a responsible Government official that the mass of the people are with Gandhiji and also equally consciously against the Government. This open avowal throws on Governors and their interim Ministers a light which is not very pretty.

COAL MINING IN INDIA

The just published Report of the Coal Mining Committee appointed in October last will, we hope, help both Government and the public to give more serious attention to the important subject of coal mining in India. The Committee was appointed to inquire into the methods of extracting coal underground and to report on the measures which should be taken to secure the safety of those employed on this work and to prevent avoidable waste of coal. The Committee has made a comprehensive enquiry, has placed before the public valuable facts and figures about India's coal resources and their exploitation and has suggested wider State control over the methods of coal mining than is at present exercised.

NATIONALISATION

The question of nationalising Indian mines could not be ignored by the Committee at a time when the British Government is considering the nationalisation of the royalties of coal mines and the French Government has announced its intention of nationalising them. The Committee admits that "State intervention is the only effective remedy and is already overdue" but adds: "In India, apart from the financial difficulties of any kind of nationalisation, there would evidently be great practical difficulties in valuing properties or royalty rights on account of the very large number of persons interested. A special tribunal would have to be set up to value properties or royalties, and the process would probably not be completed for about 10 years. Rationalisation is a compromise between State ownership and complete individualism, and rationalisation permits of various kinds and degrees of public coordination and control, aiming at the best form of efficiency which will benefit both the community and the individuals directly concerned. We therefore consider that, for the present at any rate, rationalisation and control on the lines suggested in our earlier chapters is the wisest policy for India, more particularly at the existing stage of her political evolution." We fear that the Committee has exaggerated the difficulty of valuing properties and royalties; on the other hand rationalisation of the type that tends towards full State control may mean a conflict between the State and individual proprietors which cannot be conducive to the best industries of the public or the mining industry. The public would rather accept the view of the two members of the Committee, Dr. M. S. Krishnan, Geologist, Geological Survey of India, and Mr. H. K. Nag, Agent, Chasnalla Coal Company, that the best solution is State acquisition of the mines and minerals.

A GRAVE SCANDAL

The severe strictures recently passed by Sir Douglas Young, the Chief Justice of the Lahore High Court, regarding the practices followed by the police in extorting confessions from suspects must open the eyes of the higher authorities to this long-standing public scandal. The facts, as reported in the particular case, sound almost sensational and give a revealing insight into the police administration in this country. The salutary principle of jurisprudence that a man is presumed to be innocent till he is proved guilty, has obviously no meaning for some members of the police force. They are out to secure a conviction, and indiscriminately apply the third degree, with the result that innocent persons are not seldom coerced into making false confessions, regardless of future consequences. It is high time that Government decided to purge the police administration of this grave abuse. Meanwhile judicial authorities must be extremely critical of the evidence placed before them by the investigating officers.

A PROGRESSIVE STATE

H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Lathi deserves to be congratulated upon his opening the State temples to the Harijans. In thus following the lead given by Travancore, His Highness has proved himself to be a progressive ruler, whose ideas are in conformity with the times. The Thakore Saheb rightly declared that in taking this step, he was only righting a long-standing injustice, and that there is no basis for untouchability in the Shastras. It appears again that His Highness is anxious to purge priesthood of its many evils, and infuse new and enlightened ideas among those whose duty is to interpret religion to the people. All this is extremely heartening and proves that in matters of social reform at any rate some of our States are rapidly forging ahead of the otherwise advanced British India.

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WITHOUT COMMENT

From proceedings of the Bombay Muslim League meeting, as reported in Maulana Shaukat Ali's "Khilafat".

"After the meeting had adjourned, those present informally discussed the question of propagating Urdu.

"Mr. Jinnah said that he, too, was learning Urdu and promised that the aims and objects, rules and regulations and programme, etc., of the Muslim League would be published in Urdu also, and expressed the hope that in every meeting of the Muslim League all the speakers would try to speak in Urdu."

* * *

The Government of India have decided not to publish the report and recommendations of Raizada Hansraj and Sir Yamin Khan.

The decision constitutes enough publication of both.

* * * *

Lord Brabourne's speech is reported to have attracted great interest in official circles at Simla.

We are amused.

* * *

Attention, it is further reported, is drawn to the significance of the very positive character of the statement made by His Excellency in regard to his anxiety, etc., etc.

We are very positively and quite significantly amused.

* * *

Ninety-two members of the Provincial Assembly out of 175 have signed the declaration of no-confidence in the Bombay Ministry.

His Excellency has thus no less than 92 documentary reasons for graciously acknowledging the courage and public spirit of his Ministers.

* * * *

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, by the way, is still quite certain that if Tilak were alive he would have approved of Mr. Mehta's Democratic defiance of the majority.

* * *

The Cawnpore Municipal Board has sanctioned Rs. 15,000 towards the relief of peasants whose crops were damaged by frost, etc.

The Commissioner of the Division will, we strongly hope, veto this grant on the ground that such relief is not part of a City Municipality's duties.

The Honourable Minister for Local Self-Government—whoever he may be at the time—will, of course, concur.

* * *

The Allahabad Conference, whose unanimous pro-Congress decision you already know, was attended by prominent members of the Jamiatul Ulema also.

One cannot too profoundly deplore this desertion of Mr. M. A.—we mean of the Muslim community.

* * *

But these deserters have gone further to declare that "the story regarding their insistence on an invitation being extended to Mr. Jinnah for consultation is entirely fictitious and without foundation."

Now this is the most traitorous cut of all and calls for drastic action. In fact, the Jamiat people should be summarily expelled from the Muslim community.

* * *

Mr. Lacey, election officer of Bihar, refers in his report to "the magic appeal of Gandhiji's name which secured lakhs of illiterate voters who had no idea of the identity of the actual candidate."

May be, may be. But it is quite reprehensible on the part of Mr. Lacey to ignore the magic appeal of the leader of the Third Party which secured lakhs—but, but but what actually *did* it secure in Bihar?

* * *

Counsel was cross-examining a witness: 'You say you saw the shots fired?

'Yes, sir'.

'How near were you to the scene of the affray?'

'When the first shot was fired I was about ten feet from the shooter.'

'Ten feet? Well, now tell the court where you were when the second shot was fired.'

'I didn't measure the distance.'

'Approximately, how far would you say?'

'Well, I should think it would be about half a mile.'

Military Rule For Russia

TROTSKYIST PLOT AND ITS SEQUEL

"Councils" To Be Created With Unprecedented Powers

MOSCOW, May 18.

Far-reaching measures to combat espionage and to place Soviet life under military domination are announced by Government decree which provides for creation of Military Councils with powers unprecedented in peace time in all the Military District throughout the country.

Each Council is given supreme exclusive authority to manage military affairs in the District and to mobilise the population, railways and other means of communication.

Industrial construction of both defensive and non-defensive nature comes under its control as well as educational bodies, having any relation to the preparations for war.

Military circles state that the Councils were necessitated by the universal devastation caused by Trotskyist plotting in league with foreign powers.

Gen. Mola Prepares For General Offensive

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, May 17.

Desperate fighting has been raging since early Sunday in the Amorebieta sector.

The village is in the middle of a sharp salient running East which General Mola is trying to straighten before beginning the general offensive against the iron belt around Bilbao.

The insurgents after very stubborn resistance occupied several hills overlooking Amorebieta.—Reuter.

NEW CABINET FORMED

VALENCIA, May 18.

Negrin has formed new Government which includes Jose Giral, Left Republican, Minister for Foreign Affairs, and Indalegio Prieto, Minister for National Defence.

The new Cabinet maintains the same popular front formation as that of Caballero, but consists of nine members instead 15. The Cabinet includes three Socialists and two Communists.—Reuter

REDS KEEP OUT OF MINISTRY

VALENCIA, May 18.

Negrin formed Government without active collaboration of two large groups of trade unions U. G. T. Socialists and Communists) C. N. T. (mainly Anarchists and Syndicalists) both of which refused to collaborate.

One of the significant features is concentration of ministries of War, Air and Marine in the hands of Minister for National Defence Indalecto Prieto'.—Reuter.

REBEL ADVANCE ON BILBAO FRONT

BILBAO, May 18.

The insurgents entered Amorebietra—halfway between Durango and Bilbao—after the Basques fighting real-guard action had retired. All important military stores were removed.—Reuter

CAUSE OF "HUNTER" DISASTER?

LONDON, May 18.

Athough no official report has yet been received in London from the experts examining the destroyer "Hunter," it is stated to-day there is no evidence that she was torpedoed. It seems likeliest, therefore, that she struck a floating mine.—Reuter's Special.

'C. R.' EXPOSES OOTY RUSE

Congress Does Not Shirk Responsibility Of Offices, He Says

MADRAS, May 18.

Presiding over the second inauguration of the Summer School of Politics and Economics this evening, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, referring to a rumour that a large number of Madras Congressmen had written to Mahatma Gandhi that Congressmen should take up office, and that they should no longer shirk responsibility, said that he wished to contradict this openly.

If such a letter had been written to Gandhiji he would have been informed by now, but as far he had heard nothing about it.

OOTY RUSE

The rumour he said, was merely a move on the part of their opponents to create a split in the Congress ranks. It was curious that these rumours were set afloat from Ootacamund, where there were no majority Congressmen, but only Minority Ministers.

Dealing with the charge that Congress was shirking responsibility in the matter of acceptance of office, the speaker said that "while we were making a bargain, the Interim Ministers came in and spoiled the bargain.

"We are not to blame for this. By their action they have made it difficult for Congressmen to carry on the fight."

FRAUD ON COUNTRY

Dr. P. Subbaroyan, deliverin the inaugural address, said that the country wanted real autonomy, and therefore, asked for the assurance The Governor in the circumstances should have governed himself or dissolved the Council and appealed to the country. There was no half way measure between these two methods. The appointment of the Interim Ministry was a fraud on the country.—A. P.

O'DWYER ON INDIA'S LOYALTY

LONDON: May 18.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer in a letter to the "Times" refers to the loyal message to Their Majesties from 1,43,336 widows, wives and mothers of soldiers of the Indian Army and says, to those who know the retiring nature of women in India behind the purdah nothing could be more touching and impressive than this spontaneous expression of their feeling, uniting all without distinction of race, caste or religion on the common ground and devotion to the Throne. That feeling innate in India will reach the climax when Their Majesties find an opportunity of coming into personal contact with her Princes and peoples.—Reuter.

FRENCH DERBY CANDIDATE BEATEN

LONDON, May 17.

The French Two Thousand Guineas resulted as follows:—

ORAPDOR	1
E KSAR	2
INKO	3
SCLAVAGE	4

bur ran. Won by a length, fou lengths separated the second and the third.—Reuter's Special.

BRITISH PASSENGERS MISSING

HONGKONG, May 18.

Along the 12 passengers still missg following the explosion are L. C. (Briton) from Kowe, his wife and child.—Reuter.

ALL QUIET IN BHOPAL

No Force Was Used In Dispersing Crowds, Says State Official

BHOPAL, May 18.

The publicity officer wires:—

Garbled and grossly misleading accounts, probably emanating from some local mischief makers, have appeared in a section of the press regarding the arrests made in connection with a wilful contravention of an order of the District Magistrate banning the so-called Hindu Conference fixed for May 15, 16 and 17.

It will be recalled that the Conference was prohibited under Sec. 133 of the Bhopal Code of Criminal Procedure, because the posters announcing it were couched in a language calculated to incite disaffection and communal discord.

"DISPERSED WITHOUT FORCE"

The facts of the matter are that five men, who tried actually to disobey the order were arrested on the evening of the 15th one having been arrested earlier in the day for a similar contravention. A crowd consisting of about 500 men including a large number of spectators that followed the five arrested men to the Central Police Station, was dispersed under the personal direction of Mr. A. C. Armstrong, Inspector General of Police, without any use of force. Two more arrests were made on the morning of the 16th, the total number of persons arrested being thus eight. There have been no further arrests since.

ALL QUIET IN CITY

The City is perfectly calm and quiet. The conduct of the Mohamedan population of the City has been exemplary and the posters, which have appeared in large numbers show that the bulk of the Hindu population also has no sympathy with the organisers of the Conference.

HINDI CONFERENCE IN KARACHI

KARACHI, May 16.

A Hindi Conference will be held on 4th, 5th and 6th June at Karachi at the Khalikdina Hall. Kaka Kalelkar will preside. Among other persons likely to attend are Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Pandit Krishna Kant Malaviya, Pandit Neki Ram Sharma, Swami Prakashanandji Saraswati and Pandit Budh Devji Vidyalankar.

Considerable work has so far been carried out in Sind to promote Hindi. Several conferences have been held in the past at Karachi, Shikarpur and Hyderabad and elsewhere with the result that Hindi is fairly well-spoken in all parts of the provinces.

Sind Retrenchment Committee Personnel

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 18.

The "Associated Press" understands that the personnel of the Retrenchment Committee, which will be announced shortly, will consist of five non-officials and two officials, with Diwan Bahadur Hirnand Khemsingh as Chairman. The Committee will be known as the Reorganisation Committee and will have a thorough look into the administration of all departments of Government particularly P. W. D. and Revenue.

The five non-official members will be drawn from various groups and Parties in the Assembly, including Congress.

Farewell To 'Nagar Station Master

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, May 17.

A farewell party was given by the leading banker, Mr. H. H. Sidhik, in honour of Rao Saheb B. D. Sonone on the eve of his retirement from his office as a Station Master at Ahmednagar Railway Station on 2nd instant, at Banker House.

Rao Bahadur N. B. Deshmukh presided at this function. Rao Saheb Bhau Dadaji Sonone then replied in suitable terms.

Slight Sniping Reported From Coronation And Dosalli Camps

SIMLA, May, 18.

On the night of 16/17th there was some slight sniping at Dosalli and Coronation Camps. All the other areas are quiet.

The Faqir of Ipi still continues his anti-Government propaganda from Arsalkot. South Waziristan has been quiet but gangs are still abroad for mischief.

The Kikarai Mahsud Jirgah was interviewed at Sorarogha yesterday. The attitude of the Jirgah was submissive.—A. P.

Five Crore Bihar Venture

Growth Of Industrial Area At Shahabad Foreshadowed

PATNA, May 18.

The growth of a new industrial area in Shahabad (Bihar), which may develop in importance as second to Jamshedpur, where the Tata Iron works are situated, is foreshadowed in a settlement reached, through the intervention of the Premier of Bihar, between the Maharaja Bahadur of Dumraon and Seth Ramakrishna Dalmia, a business magnate of Bihar, regarding the Sasaram-Damorkhar Railway line. By the settlement it is agreed that the Maharaja Bahadur would transfer the Railway lines with rolling stock to Mr. Dalmia for two lakhs and twenty thousand.

It is believed this arrangement will be of distinct benefit to the public since a large concern for turning out cement, paper and lime is being started in the area and a capital of five crores is being sunk in the venture. When this concern starts it will provide employment for a large number of the people of the Province.

It is understood that Mr. Dalmia has obtained a lease from the Maharaja to work certain quarries in the area.—A.P.

BUSY TIME FOR JAWAHAR IN BURMA

Purses And Donations For Kamala Nehru Hospital

RANGOON, May 18.

It is now definitely settled that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will proceed to Malaya and Strait Settlements on Thursday next accompanied by Miss Indira.

AT RANGOON

On Saturday last, Panditji left by seaplane for Moulmein, where he spent a day and returned to Rangoon on Sunday afternoon. Thereafter, he interviewed Indian merchants and attended the Hindi Prachar Sabha Conference. He addressed a ladies meeting and completed the day's programme by attending an evening party arranged by local journalists.

On Monday morning, he again travelled by seaplane to Yenan Yaung and returned to Rangoon this morning. Panditji addresses a mass meeting of Burmese tonight.

He will spend to-morrow morning visiting the Buddhist monasteries in Rangoon and around this city. He will also attend a lunch meeting of the Rangoon Rotary Club and in the afternoon receive purses and donations for the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital.

Panditji does not propose to stay in Malaya and Straits for over a week. It is yet undecided whether he will fly back to India or sail by boat.—United Press.

MINISTERS ATTEND PARTY TO JAWAHAR

RANGOON, May 18.

The three Ministers of the Burma Government, a member of the Public Services Commission and the Deputy President of the Senate were among the prominent Burmese guests at a tea party this afternoon at residence of Mr. N. Haji, leader of the Indian Parliamentary Party in the Burma Legislature, to meet the Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—A. P.

ARRESTED FOR ENTERING BIHAR

Alleged Breach Of Externment Order

BUXAR, May 17.

The C. I. D. arrested one Guruprasad Chaudhuri, who had been living here for sometime past, on a charge of having violated the externment order served on him under Public Safety Act.

It will be recalled that Chaudhuri was served with an order after his release, prohibiting his entry into the limits of the provinces of Bihar and Orissa.

He was produced before the Sub-Divisional Officer, who ordered him to be detained in jail pending trial under the Public Safety Act.—United Press.

Labour Minister And Jute Workers' Victimisation

CALCUTTA, May 18.

It is understood that Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, the Minister of Labour and Commerce is arriving in Calcutta to-morrow in order to discuss with the Premier and Labour leaders the question of alleged victimisation of strikers following the recent Jute Strike.—A. P.

B. N. Ry. TO RECOGNISE LABOUR UNION

Sequel To Recommendations Of Mudie Inquiry Report

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 18.

There seems to be good reason for assuming that as a result of the Mudie report on Labour Grievances on B.N.R. the recognition of Labour Union by B.N.R. authorities will soon be restored.

Contents of the report, which is now under examination by Government of India are kept a close secret, but I have been able to gather that though Mr. Mudie is very critical in his attitude of the Labour Union and feels it should have more efficient arrangements and proper expert advice to deal with labour disputes and negotiate with the Administration, he is not opposed to grant recognition of the Union. The report will probably be published in abridged form sometime in June.

U. P. VILLAGE BURNT TO ASHES

All Houses Destroyed: Residents Rendered Homeless

LUCKNOW, May 18.

Garhi, a village about six miles from here on the Sitapur Road, was reduced to ashes as the result of a devastating fire which broke out on the night of May 16.

One woman was burnt to death, a number of men women and children were badly scorched and taken to hospital and several heads of cattle were killed.

It is stated that the fire broke out in a thatched house, and fanned by a strong wind, spread throughout the village with unbelievable rapidity. Tongues of fire leapt to a huge height lighting up the whole sky, and could be seen from a great distance.

COMPLETELY DESTROYED

The villagers were taken unawares and barely had time to save their lives. Several of them were trapped in the flames while rushing for safety. In the absence of a fire brigade some attempted to fight the flames with their primitive fire fighting apparatus, but all their efforts proved futile, and before help could arrive the destruction was complete.

It is understood that 60 to 70 houses with all their contents were destroyed. The villagers, homeless and destitute, are now living in the open.

The local authorities are arranging relief.—A.P.

"COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY" CASE

Girl Witness Concludes Her Evidence

CALCUTTA, May 18.

When the hearing of the Communist Conspiracy Case was resumed to-day before the Deputy Magistrate, Alipore, the eighteen-year-old girl witness continuing the evidence, which she began yesterday, stated that she learnt about the use of "invisible ink" from reports of the Titaghur Conspiracy Case, and she wrote to Bimal suggesting such invisible inks for the party letters.

She said that the name of the party was the Indian Communist Revolutionary Party, aiming to liberate India by armed revolution, to awake the peasants of the country, and to seize arms and weapons from rich landlords, capitalists and Englishmen.

Several other witnesses were examined.

The hearing was adjourned.—A.P.

CONGRESS NOMINEE ELECTED

Council Of State Bye-Election From West Bengal

CALCUTTA, May 18.

Mr. S. K. Roy Choudhuri, Barrister-at-Law, Calcutta High Court (Congress nominee) was declared elected to-day to the Council of State uncontested from the West Bengal non-Mahomedan constituency in the by-election necessitated by the death of Mr. J. C. Banerjee.—United Press

Morgan's Successor In Assembly

CALCUTTA, May 18.

Mr. C. C. Miller has been elected to the Central Legislative Assembly from the Bengal European Constituency in place of Mr. G. Morgan, resigned.—A. P.

NO MEAT FOR ONE MILLION CITIZENS TO-DAY

Mutton Dealers' Chapter Of Grievances

"Kamil Bandh Hai" is the cry of the Bandra butchers and City Mutton dealers in their struggle against the Bombay Municipality.

The butchers have announced their resolve to enforce their demands not on the point of the knife, but off it!

The net result is that the hundreds of citizens will have to go without meat to-day.

Whether they will get it to-morrow or not, depends on the decision of the Municipal cases against some Mutton dealers.

The meat-strike is on. From to-day thousands of people in the city who are meat-eaters will be deprived of their usual quota of meat till the strike is called off.

"How long will it last?" is the anxious query of city house wives. Well, it all depends on the attitude of the Municipality of Bombay.

The cause of the strike is not far to seek. The Municipality is prosecuting a few mutton vendors and the cases are to be heard by the Honorary Presidency Magistrates at the Esplanade Court this morning.

Whether the strike will continue for a considerably long time or will terminate in a day or two will depend on the decision of the above cases.

It is gathered from the Union authorities that all arrangements for the strike are complete.

It will be interesting to note that every day 3,000 goats, 40 buffaloes, and 300 cows are slaughtered to cater to the city's needs.

The cattle come from far off Rajputana, Kathiawar and Gujarat. So cattle-dealers of these areas have been advised not to send cattle until further orders by mutton dealers.

CHAPTER OF GRIEVANCES

The grievances of the mutton-dealers are many, the main one being the exorbitant increase of the Municipal rent from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25. It was done without any chance being given to the dealers to have their say.

Another grievance is inadequate arrangements to accommodate cattle when they arrive here, on the "Mandi" day. There is no room in the present folds for water and grass arrangements for cattle which remain undisposed on the bazar day.

Usually the folds are huddled up. Cattle also arrive in Bombay in a huddled condition in wagons. The rule in B. B. and C.I. Railway is 75 cattle per bogie, and for the two days journey water and fodder arrangements are thoroughly inadequate. The same fate awaits herds when they arrive in Bombay. A Union official stated that recently, a case in which 4 goats died of suffocation was referred to the B.B. authorities by the Union.

TAXED ON ALL SIDES

Heavy taxation by the Municipality in various ways has led to the present impasse. For instance, the dealers are charged high rates for the transportation of meat from Bandra to Bombay. In the words of a Union official, Rs. 10, 20, or 30 even may be reasonable; but the present rate is exorbitant. Circulars to the effect saying "Kamil Bandh Hai" meaning stoppage of work at Bandra have gone round among the fraternity.

The Mandi scheduled for Tuesday at Bandra did not come off.

Though only 82 stall-holders are directly affected by the new tax the rest of the dealers, a thousand in number, have also joined the strike. Nearly 4,000 people in the trade are out now.

It is stated in the Union quarters that a procession of the strikers is contemplated to-day to march from Crawford Market to Esplanade Court, where the cases are to be heard.

In a conversation with our representative Municipal Market Superintendent said that foul, fish and even beef apart from other things in the market will be available but not mutton.

NO MEAT TO-DAY

The Superintendent of Markets notifies for public information that on account of the Hartal by the Mutton butchers, no mutton will be available for sale in the Markets, but beef will be available for sale in the Markets, to-day.

DEMOLITION OF TEMPLE

Sequel To Civil Decree: "Satyagraha" Threat

PESHAWAR, May 18.

In execution of a civil decree in favour of the Sikhs, the Senior Sub-Judge, Peshawar has ordered the demolition of the Raghunath Temple in Peshawar City. Litigation in this connection has been going on for many years past. The demolition will start on June 5 under police supervision.

Hindu circles are greatly agitated over the matter, and a protest meeting is to be held, while deputations will wait on the authorities.

It is reported that a number of young Hindus, including some ladies, are contemplating "Satyagraha."—A. P.

Dalpat Singh Succeeds Lalchand

SIMLA, May 18.

It is understood that Capt. Dalpat Singh, the Senior Vice-President of the Rohtak District Board, has been nominated as a Member of the Central Legislative Assembly, for the seat rendered vacant by the resignation of Capt. Lalchand, consequent upon his appointment as Member of the Public Service Commission. Punjab.—United Press.

U. S. SUPREME COURT REFORM

Devanter's Resignation Weakens Roosevelt's Case

WASHINGTON May 18.

Mr. Willis van Devanter, 78 year old Judge, has informed Mr. Roosevelt, that he is retiring from active service in the Supreme Court. Justice Devanter is among the staunchest Conservatives in the Supreme Court. His retirement gives Mr. Roosevelt the first opportunity to appoint a judge of his own choosing. High officials do not expect further retirements at present but Justice Sutherland, who is also Conservative, might take advantage of the Retirement Act in a few months.

It is generally considered that Justice Devanter's action has weakened the President's case for reform of the Supreme Court. —Reuter.

Four persons including the father, mother and brother of a bridegroom were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 each on a charge of breach of Sarda Act, by the Sukkur District Magistrate.

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90, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Storm Havoc In East Bengal

Roofs Of Godowns Blown Off

TWO KILLED AND HUNDREDS RENDERED HOMELESS

CALCUTTA, May 18.

Two persons were killed and several hundreds of men rendered homeless, as a sequel to the fury of a norwester, which swept over the district of East Bengal, yesterday evening. A message from Meherpur in Nadia District says that one woman and a boy were crushed to death under a tree which was uprooted by a severe storm. Telegraph posts over the entire western part of the Meherpur Sub-Division were uprooted and innumerable thatched houses razed to the ground, injuring several persons.

RAILWAY LINE DAMAGED

The whole of West Mymensingh experienced a severe storm, as a sequel whereto a railway bridge at Jhinai was badly damaged, rendering it unfit for the passing of trains. Here also, telegraph lines have been snapped rendering telegraphic communication impossible.

GODOWN ROOFS BLOWN OFF

A message from Jamalpore says that, as a sequel to a severe storm which swept over the Sub-Division, roofs of several jute godowns were blown off.

Reports of similar havoc have also been received from several other jute centres on the bank of the river Jamuna.

The storm was followed in every place by heavy showers of rain, which is likely to benefit the agriculturists to a considerable extent. —United Press.

"There Is No Liberty In Ceylon"

Governor Has Unfettered Powers

BRACEGIRDLE'S COUNSEL CHALLENGES LEGALITY OF ARREST IN SUPREME COURT

COLOMBO, May 14.

Order was reserved yesterday in the Divisional Bench inquiry before the Chief Justice and Messrs Justices Maartensz and Soertsz into the "habeas corpus" application arising from the Governor's order on Mr. M. A. L. Bracegirdle to quit the Island.

When the inquiry was resumed on 13th morning, Mr. H. V. Perera, K.C., Counsel for the petitioner, continued his argument that a legal arrest could not be made through the Police unless the Home Minister had concurred.

The Chief Justice observed that the Governor might have adopted some other means if the Home Minister had any objection to the Police arresting Mr. Bracegirdle.

Mr. Perera conceded that other means were available to the Governor. His submission was, he said, that if the power of the Governor to cause an arrest under that Order-in-Council had undergone a modification by reason of certain provisions of the State Council Order-in-Council, then they had to examine the legality of the arrest with reference to that modified power.

The Chief Justice: You are objecting to the legality of the custody, which depends on the arrest?

Mr. Perera: That is so.

The Chief Justice inquired whether the Executive was not on the pinnacle of absolutism where it need give no reasons. He further asked if Halliday was not an authority on the point.

Mr. Perera said that Halliday was not an authority, as the question involved there was something different.

Continuing he argued that if the Court had the power to ascertain whether there was justification for the declaration of Martial Law, the Court also had the power to inquire into the conditions under which such an order as the present one was issued.

Mr. Perera then concluded by submitting that the Governor had been misadvised as to the scope of his powers.

"COURTS HAVE NO POWER"

Mr. Wijeyewardene, Solicitor General, said that the Order-in-Council gave the Governor unfettered powers.

Even if those powers were limited and could be exercised only in case of an emergency, his submission was that the Courts could not investigate whether the powers had been exercised in circumstances which constituted an emergency.

He submitted that in the Colonial Laws Validity Act one did not go by the principles of the British constitution but by the provision of the Colonial Laws Validity Act.

Mr. Justice Maartensz: Yes, but this is not under that Act.

In the course of further argument Mr. Wijeyewardene said that his submission that it was a justifiable inference from the enactment that the Order-in-Council would remain in force until it was revoked by a proclamation, that the legislature intended that once it had been brought into force it should continue.

NO LIBERTY IN CEYLON

Chief Justice: I don't think Mr. Perera went as far as that. What he said was there must be some remarkable state of affairs, something in the nature of a war to apply this. They were standing there as a perpetual reminder to the country—I think it is Mr. Perera's own words—that there is no liberty in Ceylon.

Mr. Wijeyewardene said that although those powers were dictatorial, in actual practice they were not so because the Governor was responsible to Parliament and to the Secretary of State.

WHAT ABOUT VICTIM?

Chief Justice: Yes, but that does not help any sufferer. They may compensate you, but they cannot give you lost years.

Mr. Wijeyewardene said that although the liberty of the subject was very sacred yet it was worth risking in the interest of the liberty of the State.

Chief Justice: That is the burden of Mr. Perera's song all the time, but you have to balance the one against the other and here, he says, you don't balance it.

Mr. Wijeyewardene said that if the Governor abused those powers he was responsible. They know where people had suffered by such mistakes and had been compensated.

Chief Justice: If you take away the safeguards you are sinning against the light! What would be the position if no ship would receive him (Mr. Bracegirdle).

Mr. Wijeyewardene: I suppose the difficulty has never arisen.

WHERE TO SEND HIM?

Mr. Justice Maartensz: He is not an Australian, why send him to Australia?

Mr. Wijeyewardene: He came from Australia.

Mr. Justice Maartensz: Supposing under those extraordinary powers they have in Australia they refuse to have him, then what happens? Will he be like the Wandering Jew?

Chief Justice: Or the Flying Dutchman?

Mr. Wijeyewardene: The idea is not to punish him by sending him to a place where he had not been.

Continuing, Mr. Wijeyewardene added that the idea was to send such a man to that country of which he claimed to be a native.

Chief Justice: You mean where he was born?

Mr. Wijeyewardene: Yes.

Chief Justice: Some people are born in a country which is not their parent's homeland. My children were born in Zanzibar. (Laughter). They are not subjects of the Sultan. (Laughter).

The Chief Justice reserved judgment.

CENTRAL ADVISORY BOARD OF HEALTH

Provincial Representatives To Attend June Meeting

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 18.

The first meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Health will be opened by the Viceroy at Simla on June 22. Sir Jagdish Prasad, member, Education, Health and Lands, will preside and the members attending will include representatives of Government of India, Mr. M. S. A. Hydari, Major General Bradfield and Rani Phulkumari of Sherkot, Dhampur, United Provinces. Inclusion of the Rani is in accordance to the decision of the Government of India to have at least one woman representative on the Board. She was President of the District Board in United Provinces and in that capacity has considerable experience of public health. Other members are Messrs. P. N. Sapru, elected by Council of State, L. K. Maitra and Sir Henry Gidney, elected by the Assembly Mr. Cairns, Chief Medical Officer, North-Western Railway, nominee of Governor-General-in-Council and General Skelton, Director, Medical Services. There will also be eleven representatives of Provincial Governments whose names have not yet been received.

SOCIETY WEDDING AT SURAT

SURAT, May 18.

A pleasant society wedding was celebrated on Monday of Mr. Chandrakant Desai of the Hindustan Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., Bombay Branch, with Miss Chandraprabha, daughter of late Mr. Maganlal Motiram Mehta of Surat. The bridegroom is the son of Mr. Mohanlal Desai, ex-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation, Bombay.

Guests from Bombay and Surat alike attended the function, prominent among them being Dr. Amritlal Patel, Health Officer, Mr. Gatulal Mukhatyar, Assistant Registrar of Nagpur, Messrs. Kantilal Thakore, Advocate, Dahyabhai Mody, Kalidas Bharatia Manilal Desai, Dr. Champaklal Choksi and others.—United Press.

FAREWELL ADDRESS TO DR. CERESOLE

PATNA, May 17.

Dr. Pierre Ceresole, the Swiss Engineer, who had been visiting Bihar year after year since the great earthquake and took up the construction of a colony in Sonathi and the neighbouring areas of the district, with the help of the local Government and the Bihar Central Relief Committee, will proceed home finally towards the end of this month. The colony is now complete with all modern amenities and no fewer than 250 families, who lost their all during the earthquake, are now living there happily.

On the eve of his departure, Dr. Pierre will be given a farewell address. Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Bihar Central Relief Committee, will be 'At Home' to him on the 26th instant.—United Press.

WORLD WILL ADOPT NON-VIOLENCE

Rajen Babu On Wisdom Of Mahatma's Methods

PATNA, (By Mail).

The Sixth Champaran District Political Conference held at Dhaka under the presidency of Babu Herbans Sahay, M.L.A., concluded after passing a series of resolutions. The Conference had its sittings in the night in an open-air enclosure, after the fashion of the annual sittings of the Indian National Congress.

Before the Conference had concluded its sittings, Babu Rajendra Prasad addressed the gathering. He dwelt at length on the history of the agrarian trouble in Champaran and the part played by Mahatma Gandhi in its removal. He said that how even his own fellow-workers were dissatisfied on Gandhiji's being a party to the recommendations of the Commission, which was appointed by the Government and included Gandhiji also. But soon they could realise what strength even those ordinary concessions brought to the tenantry.

MAHATMA'S WISDOM

"By his proposal of Salt Satyagraha and Dandi March," continued Rajen Babu, "Gandhiji had become a laughing stock for some of those who were not able to understand his methods; but we have witnessed the upheaval in the country, which followed his historic march."

The speaker proceeded: "Coming to the recent times, we know how at the instance of Gandhiji, the "assurance" clause was added to the office acceptance resolution of the All-India Congress Committee; and this time too, there were men who did not approve of his action and they wanted either to accept office or reject it, but not to add the clause, as it would lead to more complications."

"The weapon of non-violence is not a blunt one, but we do not know how to use it. The European nations are engaged in the ruin of one another, and it will result in the end also of the present civilisation. You may take it from me that the whole world is going to adopt non-violence."

Concluding, Rajendra Prasad remarked that the people of Champaran had enough of experience of Gandhiji's methods and its efficacy and they needed no further proof.

NO CONFIDENCE IN MINISTRY

Resolutions were passed at the conference urging reduction in rent and canal rates and requesting the Provincial Congress Committee to appoint a Committee to enquire into the condition of the sugarcane cultivators, arising out of the enhancement of excise duty on sugar.

The Conference stressed the need of carrying out the constructive programme of the Congress and expressed "no-confidence" in the present Interim Ministry.—United Press.

New forms of flowers, fruits, and vegetables may be protected by patents in the United States of America, where there are over 150 such patents in force.

Britain owns 4,000,000 dogs, which means that almost every other home possesses a dog.

GOOD BEGINNING FOR INDIA GOVT.

Customs Revenue For April Shows Increase Of 60 Lakhs

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 18.

Customs receipts during April show that the new financial year has opened favourably to the Government of India. The first month alone shows an increase of sixty lakhs over the figure for April last year—good beginning as Sir James Grigg budgetted for increase only 291 lakhs for the whole year. Improved imports are responsible for additional revenue of forty lakhs, while excise duty on Sugar has brought in 14 lakhs more during the month. A curious feature of April returns is the disastrous fall in revenue of import duty on kerosene—not even a lakh in April this year as compared to 15 lakhs in April, 1936. There is a rise, however, in the returns for motor-spirit of twelve lakhs this year as against only 77,000 last April.

Imports of raw cotton have yielded five times more revenue, while there is an abrupt fall in silver receipts from 28 lakhs to one lakh. Import duties on cotton fabrics, both of British and non-British manufacture, have registered considerable decrease.

ROTANG-LAHAUL VALLEY PASS RE-OPENED

Mail And Newspapers Delivered After 6 Months

KANGRA, May 14.

The Rotang Pass which is the only route to Lahaul Ladhakh and Chinese Turkestan and which was closed in October last on account of heavy snow fall has just been reopened, and traffic by the bridle road to Kulu and Lahaul Valleys has commenced through this pass. The pass is 8 miles from Manal in the Kulu Valley and lies over the Rotang Jot which is itself eleven thousand feet above the sea level.

Traders of Lahaul who deal in wool and herbs from the upper ranges of the Himalayas are already coming downhill in their hundreds with their ponies well loaded. On the other hand the people of Lahaul who have been waiting for fully six months now for their mail and newspapers have just received their supplies and letters from this side.

It is announced that people can now proceed safely to either valley from Rabla to Kelavang and from Kelavang to Kulu Valley. This pass will now remain open till October and will only be closed earlier if heavy snowfall occurs.—A. P.

C. P. And Berar Vaidyas To Confer

(From A Correspondent)

KHANDWA, May 18.

The sixth provincial C. P. and Berar Vaidya Conference will be held on 21st and 22nd May, 1937, at Khandwa, Parvatibai Dharansala. Pranacharya Sunderlalji of Jubbulpore will preside.

"CRUSHING" INCREASE IN NEWSPRINT PRICES

All India Press Appeal To Government To Abolish Import Duty

The following letter has been sent to Hon. the Finance Member, Government of India, Simla:—

Sir:—

On behalf of the newspapers in India using imported newsprint in reels we wish to address you on the subject of the revenue duty on this article of import. In making this representation we have written authority from the following newspapers to say that they all support it:—

'Advance', (Calcutta);
'Amrita Bazar Patrika, (Calcutta);
'Ananda Bazar Patrika', (Calcutta);
'Bombay Chronicle', (Bombay);
'Bombay Samachar', (Bombay);
'Civil and Military Gazette', (Lahore);
'The Daily Gazette', (Karachi);
'The Evening News of India, (Bombay);
'The Hindu', (Madras);
'The Hindustan Times', (Delhi);
'The Illustrated Weekly of India', (Bombay);
'The Leader', (Allahabad);
'The Madras Mail', (Madras),
'The National Call', (Delhi);
'The Pioneer', (Lucknow);
'The Searchlight', (Patna);
'The Star of India', (Calcutta);
'The Statesman' and 'The Sunday Statesman', (Calcutta and Delhi);
'The Sunday Standard', (Bombay);
'The Times of India', (Bombay);
'The Tribune', (Lahore), and
'The Vishwamitra', (Calcutta).

The abovementioned newspapers wish to represent to the Finance Department of the Government of India the hardship imposed on them by the increasingly heavy incidence of the revenue duty on imported newsprint in reels owing to the rise of over 66 per cent in the price of this commodity during the past twelve months. The newsprint in question is that which contains not less than 70 per cent of mechanical wood pulp. It does not compete with Indian-made papers and is therefore not subject to a protective duty but it is an essential element for the production of a newspaper.

HEAVIER BURDEN ON NEWSPAPERS

The present revenue duty has for several years been 25 per cent. 'ad valorem' under Item 44 (2) of the Indian Customs Tariff. The price of newsprint in reels C.I.F. Calcutta has risen from £9 per ton to over £15 in the past year. Recent quotations are nearly £16 per ton, and some confidently anticipate that the price will rise to far higher figures. The levying of this duty therefore represents a much heavier burden on newspapers than it did twelve months ago. Unfortunately, while costs of production have thus risen, there has been no corresponding enhancement of advertisement revenues owing to the slow pace of economic recovery in India. The price of newsprint has risen owing to the increased world demand for wood on account of rearmament and over this factor the Indian newspaper industry naturally has no control. Further, freight rates have risen substantially and are certain to go much higher. In view of the essential service that it performs for the public the Indian newspaper industry feels that it has a good case for relief.

The newspapers of India are aware that newsprint is not the only imported commodity the price of which has risen of late and that in view of the general falling off in customs revenue the Government of India will not be anxious to dispense with part of the revenue tariff yield. On the first point however they desire to represent that newspapers are all over the world regarded as an essential public service, disseminating information, educating the public and therefore assisting in forming that correct public opinion which is essential to the modern State. In particular is it necessary at the present time of constitutional change in India that nothing should be done to hamper newspapers in the performance of this essential duty. Democracy rests on a basis of sound public opinion and this principle is implicit in the Government of India Act and has been publicly recognized in pronouncements by His Excellency the Viceroy, Lord Linlithgow. All over the world newspapers are regarded, as we have said, as an educational medium and for this purpose are encouraged by Governments to print as large papers as possible. The United States, a heavily protectionist country, admits newsprint free of duty, although it is itself a large producer of wood pulp: Great Britain and France, recognizing the public service rendered by the Press, also admit newsprint duty free; other countries have either no duties or nominal ones. India however, has a 25 per cent. 'ad valorem' duty: this heavy imposition, coming on top of the steeply rising price of newsprint, is, in the considered view of the newspapers signatory to this memorandum, likely to compel newspaper companies in India either to reduce their issues or economize on their service of news. The Government of India will, we are sure, agree that at a time when India is embarking on a new constitutional era this would be deplorable: the electorates that must be instructed in public affairs will receive less news and less comment. The heavier cost of newsprint plus the duty will of course affect weaker newspaper concerns more than the stronger ones and we have good grounds for apprehending that unless the trend of prices is reversed—and of this we see no prospect—useful newspapers will be driven out of business. Much unemployment will ensue and the Government and other public bodies will lose more money under income and other forms of taxation than even the complete abolition of the revenue duty will involve. We say that there is no prospect of a fall in prices advisedly, for even when demands in connexion with re-armament are satisfied war risks and the higher general level of prices will undoubtedly maintain the price of newsprint at its present figure.

APPEAL TO GOVT.

As regards the increased yield from the revenue duty accruing to the Government of India, it will be recognized that this is completely fortuitous, being dependent on a rise in price that the Government of India could not have anticipated any more than the newspaper industry. There is evidence in the figures of yield of import duty for the eleven months from April 1936 to February 1937 that newspapers are reducing their imports of newsprint. In comparison with the corresponding period of the previous year the yield has fallen from just under Rs. 18 lakhs to just under Rs. 17 lakhs, the quantity of imported unprotected paper declining from 831,878 cwt. to 807,248 cwt. The newspapers that have signed this memorandum therefore urge the Government of India to abolish the "ad valorem" duty on reeled newsprint containing not less than 70 per cent. mechanical wood pulp or if this is not possible to reduce it very substantially and to allow duty to be payable on the F. O. B. and not the C. I. F. price.

Two of the newspapers mentioned above desire that newsprint imported in the flat should also benefit by any reduction in the revenue duty that may be allowed. The price has risen from £9-15-0 to £18-10-0 per ton C. I. F. Karachi over the twelve months. This is a crushing increase in price.

In conclusion we are asked by the managements of the abovementioned newspapers to request that you should kindly agree to receive a deputation from them on the subject-matter of this representation. There are points on which personal discussion would be more satisfactory than correspondence.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

THE DOCTOR IS SENT FOR.

"You have sent for me, sir," said Athos in a feeble voice, "my comrades inform me, and I hasten to comply with your order."

At once mitigated and moved by such a proof of faithfulness Captain Treville seized his hand pressing it warmly. This, however, was too much for the wound in his shoulder, Athos fainted and sank to the floor supported by his comrades while M. de Treville in a loud voice called for his surgeon. Fortunately the latter was in the ante-chamber and at once ordered Athos to be carried into an adjoining chamber, where he was carefully examined and bandaged.

AUDIENCE AT LAST

When M. de Treville returned to his cabinet he found it changed into a sort of ante-chamber. For at his call for a surgeon all the musketeers had rushed into it. The room was quickly deserted again, however, when it was stated that Athos had recovered his senses and that his weakness had only been caused by loss of blood.

D'Artagnan, who had at no moment forgotten that he was an audience, remained in the room.

"Well, my young compatriot, pardon me, but a captain is like a father of his boys indeed, he has almost an even greater responsibility than the head of a family. I liked your father very much. What can I do for his son"?

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Poona District Muslim League

To The Editor of The "Chronicle"

Sir,—The letter which has appeared in the "Chronicle" of May 8, over the signature of Mr. Aftab Khan would not have been noticed seriously by anybody but there are serious allegations against me and Muslims of Poona which, in the interest of my reputation and of Poona Muslims, must be refuted.

My letter of April 23, contains no misstatements. It is, of course, for your readers and particularly for the Poona Muslims, who know me and Mr. Aftab Khan, to judge. But on important fact is very significant. Had my statements been incorrect Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed, as the custodian of the honour and reputation of his District League, would have signed it and should himself have contracted me. I do not think I am wrong in crediting him with moral courage. It is true that applications from League candidates were required to have been submitted sometime in September or October last but it is common knowledge that Khan Bahadur had been assured in advance that the League would adopt him as a candidate and he had, therefore, announced his candidature well ahead of these dates. I have already stated in my first letter the reasons for demanding the assurance. My past experience was responsible for the demand. Probably your readers are aware that he was the permanent President of an Anjuman ("Ittehade Islam") for several years. This association had been started by him and its object was to unite Poona Muslims and to work for the social, intellectual, and cultural, uplift and economic improvement of Muslims, but this object was not carried out and the name of the Anjuman was used freely for giving in his name and 'at his own expense' costly garden parties, grand at-homes, sumptuous dinners, and valedictory addresses to Governors, Members of Royal Commissions, and other high officials. Not even a fraction of the moneys spent on these showy functions had been, or had any earthly chance of being, spent on constructive work in any of the aforesaid fields for the benefit of poor Muslims. Besides this, his policy resulted in disunity and was disapproved by the majority of prominent and leading Muslims of Poona who left his Anjuman one by one and organised themselves into a strong opposition party. And it is to these gentlemen that Mr. Aftab Khan now refers as "his former opponents". Having had such bitter experience, it naturally occurred to me at the meeting held in his house for establishing a branch of the League in Poona to ask for an assurance before consenting to the creation of a second "Ittehade Islam".

Mr. Khan has imputed to me many motives of a personal character. In fairness to me, I would request you to allow me rather a generous use of the columns in your esteemed journal to repudiate these unfounded imputations.

It is absolutely untrue that when I forwarded his application to the Parliamentary Board in Bombay relying on the assurance referred to above, I thought that the reconciliation between him and his former opponents would be shipwrecked on the rock of Assembly elections. I could not think, even if I were so foolish, that this would ever happen, for the simple and obvious reason that both he and his former opponents had already availed themselves of the opportunity afforded by the situation that had arisen in the wake of the Hindu-Muslim riots in Poona in the year 1936, to arrive at a compromise with a view to sharing the spoils of elections that were going to be held in November. At a special dinner party, given in the house of one of his opponents in May 1936, Khan Bahadur and his opponents sealed the compromise with a solemn pact of pledges that Khan Bahadur should be helped by them to capture the seat in the Assembly, and Mr. A. A. Khan, the leader of his opponents, should be returned without opposition from him or his friends to the Council. These pacts and compromises in May 1936, were so thoroughly made, insured, and cemented by the unusual exuberance of affection and love which generally follows reunions, that there was absolutely no possibility for the reconciliation to be shipwrecked at any time or stage before the elections. As a matter of fact, the negotiations for this reconciliation were conducted with great tact and consummate skill by our Poona Jayakars and Saprus; the full credit should, therefore, go to these peace-makers rather than to myself. The reconciliation, however, was nothing but a practical and temporary adjustment or adjournment of individual ambitions and fundamental differences. It lacked all the essentials of an "Entente Cordial" that naturally emerges from an agreement on principles or policies or from genuine appreciation of personal merits. It will, therefore, be clear that my doubts about his attitude had begun many months before this reconciliation and elections. There was no occasion for me to waste my attentions on any group of persons whither small or big. What Khan Bahadur did not like was that I refused to submit meekly to the policy he has consistently pursued and which his former opponents have now had to accept as a price of the bargain. It is true that I was approached by those who wanted to contest the election against him and I would have, after resigning from the League, offered my humble support to any of them if they had filed nominations, as in my view they were more competent and free from official control to work really and truly to improve the lot of the poor, ignorant, and neglected Muslims of the Poona District, but the charge against me that I induced "somebody" to file a nomination paper is false. I forwarded his application to the Parliamentary Board as I had been assured that he would change his policy and methods and would do constructive work: but, when, to insure this I pressed him to choose and elect between his Canteen Contracts and the sacrifices that he would have to make in the cause of freedom he could not come to any decision and was unwilling to announce his decision. His position then was, and even now is, this that he is a Canteen Contractor depending for the retention of his name on the official list of approved contractors and for continuous prosperity on the patronage of the Army officers and on liberal and plenary Army budgets which alone would enable the British soldiers to draw good pay, but his acceptance of the League programme which includes the item relating to the policy of reducing the expenditure on Army, is opposed to his own interests. Further, no Canteen Contractor apart from the open question whether the Army Authorities, in view of the policy of keeping the Army administration free from politics, can permit his active association with a political organisation committed to the creed of liberating India from foreign domination, is likely at one and the same time to be true to the creed and obey the mandates of his Party in the Legislature and also to serve the Army loyally and efficiently. On these considerations and in the light of my past experience I expressed my doubts about the genuineness of the Poona Branch.

Mr. Khan says that the supposed failure of mine to induce somebody to stand against his protege was partly due to Khan Bahadur's personal influence based upon his past services. This was not the case. I wish he had stated the real facts. Unfortunately, elections were held at a time when about 57 Muslims were either convicted or were undergoing trials in connection with the communal riots. And Khan Bahadur's new allies had created a general impression which had been confirmed by his own public and private declarations, that he would pay their fines.

In these circumstances, the other candidates withdrew as no Muslim would think it right to oppose a candidate who offered to render this magnanimous service to the community. His personal influence has been put to a practical test in the course of the last Council elections when he toured over the Central Division to canvass for Mr. A. A. Khan another League candidate. That his influence could not stop his friend's defeat need not be mentioned.

As regards Mr. Aftab Khan's bold assertion that the Poona District League is "very much alive", I do wish it were true but it is not for otherwise, the ever-ready services of Mr. Aftab Khan to defend its President would not have been engaged. My criticism would surely have been dealt with constitutionally and more authoritatively by the Poona District League itself.

I close my letter with replies to Mr. Aftab Khan's queries raised at the end of his letter. He questions with charming naivete, "May one ask what work the Poona Branch was expected to do?" My answer is:—"The Poona Branch was "not expected to do any work" after Khan Bahadur Jan Mahomed had secured his election to the Assembly." That is exactly what I made out in my letter of April 21, and that is just what Mr. Aftab Khan himself is now admitting. After all, the truth could not be suppressed even by the apologist. Mr. Khan further says, "If there was any work to be done, why Mr. Baig as Secretary did not convene a meeting for that purpose?" I must repeat that after Khan Bahadur's election there was no work to be done and hence there was no occasion for convening a meeting.

—Yours, etc.,

M. I. BAIG.

Poona, May 14.

"Chief Kazi Of Bombay"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am glad to read Mr. Dalvi's letter on the above subject in your to-day's issue. Mr. Dalvi has done a service to the local Muslim community by exposing the tactics of the person concerned.

Mr. Dalvi has rightly protested against this individual assuming the grand title of the "Chief Kazi" of Bombay. There are three Kazis in Bombay, viz., Kazi Murghey, Kazi Londey, and Kazi Mahbub Shah As regards age Kazi Murghey is the oldest and, perhaps, he alone can, if at all, call himself the Chief Kazi. Kazi Londey comes next and then Mahbub Shah who is the youngest so far as independent profession is concerned.

Now what are the functions of a Kazi? He performs the "nikah" (marriage) ceremony and that is all a service for which he is paid a fee ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 10. He is not a religious dignitory in any sense. He is not a judicial officer recognised by Government nor does he perform the duties of a judge, even in the remotest sense of the term. The illiterate Mussalmans may regard him as anything, but he is devoid of every judicial status. But in spite of these things, a Kazi in Bombay has the audacity to boast himself as having some judicial status. But this is all—non sense.

—Yours etc.,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Bombay, May 17.

Liquor Trade Under Kambli

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir—The programme released by the present Ministry regarding the total prohibition of drink and drugs is highly laudable. But one feels suspicious whether the Hon. Minister-in-charge of the Excise portfolio would be eligible to carry out the programme honestly. It is the same Hon. personage, who in the previous regime of five years as Minister of Excise created as many as 744 liquor shops in the Presidency, defying all resolutions by Government, flouting public opinion, misleading the legislature and exploiting the illiteracy and political bankruptcy of the late, lamented non-Brahmin party in the Council.

The reasons advanced then, by the Minister were, that by increasing the number of shops, the goal of prohibition was not affected as the quantity of liquor consumed in the Presidency remained the same. The Minister kept back the fact that the non-consumed quantities of liquor in industrial centres, owing to depression in trade and industry, was taken and distributed in rural areas—violating all sense of moral and legal responsibility and treading underfoot the resolution of 1925 in furtherance of Prohibition. All this was done for a paltry sum of six lakhs of increased revenue!!

With this record, the present Ministry announces the prohibition policy with reduction of shops as one of the items. Does this reduction mean, (1) abolition of the newly created shops in addition to the usual reduction of the old existing shops or (2) only partially removing a few shops out of the existing shops? How does the Hon. Minister reconcile the facts that he could get only 6 lakhs by creating 744 shops and when he is showing a loss of 30 lakhs revenue out of Excise Revenue he shall have to abolish as many as five times the number of shops which he created?—Yours, etc.,

FAIR-PLAY.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Chief Scout's Insult

JOSEPH JOHN observes that the only honourable reply to the insulting remarks of Lord Baden-Powell will be to boycott the Boy Scout movement altogether. The correspondent also suggests the calling of a public meeting to protest against the speech.

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

PADEREWSKI

Famous Pianist In "Moonlight Sonata"

(By CHARLES FARRELL)

When Lothar Mendes originally asked me to appear in a film with Paderewski, I felt very nervous. It was like being asked to work opposite Lloyd George or Winston Churchill, or any world famous personality to whom the film world was as unknown as Mars.

My first memory of Paderewski was at a Concert in Boston. I was a schoolboy and not particularly fond of concerts, and apart from the self-satisfaction of attending the recital of so eminent a man, felt no particular thrill. Of course Paderewski completely captured one. He was a visitation at that far off Boston concert. He entranced the real music lover, he riveted the attention of the poseurs and made them sincere, and my own boyish imagination was completely captured. I remember he played his own Minuet that lovely creation with its liquid runs creating visions of the gardens of Versailles and the gallants and their ladies whose feet have been stilled these two centuries.

To film with Paderewski—certainly a thrill of a lifetime. I met him at a reception a few days after his arrival. That noble face with its lines of suffering which only heighten the dignity of his features . . . . the grey hair now no longer tawny . . the frame erect as ever but now attacked by the relentless passing of the years, Paderewski was still the vital personality I had imagined. Apart from this feeling of awe that the most famous pianist in the world, statesman, and Premier of Poland, was to film, it was difficult to think that he would trouble to master the tedious art of film-making. I myself feel quite exhausted after an endless succession of retakes. How then was the great pianist to feel after the effects of the monotonous waits between shots?

My fears and doubts were groundless. His consummate artistry embraced and conquered film technique without the slightest hesitation. He never once gave the impression of being of the film studio, indeed he was always something totally apart, but his perception, knowledge, and his wonderful patience made him the wonder of the studio.

I was singularly fortunate in the fact that my waits so frequently coincided with Paderewski's, for I enjoyed many long talks with the great man. His sense of humour is delightful. His memory is amazing. His descriptive powers are such that he carries you around the world with him in imagination. Small details, names of people and places, need little conjuring from the back of his mind. He is not anxious to talk about modern problems, but his knowledge of present day is remarkable as his views are learned and sound. He has innumerable funny stories which he tells with the art of a raconteur. His English is perfect, and he speaks with a quiet and well modulated voice in which there is sometimes just a note of tiredness.

His interest in the progress of the film was almost childish in its wonderment. He could not readily grasp the many comparatively unimportant details of filming. To him they must have seemed most strange. In "long shots", "medium shots" and "close-ups" it is naturally essential that the same position of the artist be repeated identically. For three such shots, Paderewski was required to be smoking a cigarette, and the director tactfully handed him one. A long shot was taken, but during the ten minutes which had elapsed before the cameras were ready for the medium shot, Paderewski had finished the cigarette. He was offered another but was firm in declining it, not realising that it was a technical necessity. It required a little explanation before he began to smoke the second, and he was greatly amused when the incident was again repeated for the "close-up." He had thought that the offer of the cigarette was just a courtesy.

On the first day he heard the recording of his own playing, Paderewski sat in the dark theatre listening to the cascades of melody from the empty screen, and readily listened afterwards to the advice and opinions of the experienced sound men. Eighteen pianos were tried out before he was satisfied. When it was discovered that the wooden floor gave too much resonance, boards were torn up and a concrete floor substituted.

The public will certainly be able to hear Paderewski as if he were actually playing before them, thanks to the technical staff who have supervised the recordings, and the genius of Lothar Mendes, the director, who conceived the idea of Paderewski making a film, who persuaded him from retirement and formed his own film company for the purpose, and has brought his ideas to such glorious attainment. The production marks a great milestone in the history of the film. It will go down to posterity as the first film to date which will hand something lasting to unborn generations.

"Moonlight Sonata" opens with remarkable scenes in a concert hall. You see "close-ups" of all the types comprising the audience, but the most amazingly effective scenes are those of Paderewski himself. Shots of his hands seeking and finding the magical cadences will live for all time, and when the camera moves to the mobile features with their tense eyes fastened on the keyboard, it is as though one is looking at the face of an immortal.

Kamlesh Kumari in President at the Krishna

JAYASHREE FILMS

"Nanda Kumar"

(CONTRIBUTED)

After a vigorous search lasting for many months for "Krishna" and days of exhaustive tests for the right type from the hundreds of boys, Mr. Keshavrao Dhaibar after all was able to succeed in locating his "Krishna" in Hyderabad (Deccan). Coming as he is from a very orthodox well-known and respectable family in Hyderabad, the 11 years musical prodigy Master Govind Bujang Kuravalikar was not to be easily secured for a motion picture contract. Master Govind's parents like many people in India looked at the motion pictures and the profession to be something base and would not let their pet child to the ridicule of the family traditions by working in the picture. Mr. Keshavrao Dhaibar had therefore a very tough time in clearing all such misapprehensions from the minds of the parents of the boy about films and film people. He was after all been able to secure the services of Master Govind for his picture. Khan Bahadur Ardeshir Irani, the go-ahead proprietor of Imperial Film Co., in a spirit of admiration and good wishes to Mr. Keshavrao Dhaibar has been very kind enough to loan the services of his child actor Master Apte to Jayashree Films for playing the role of 2nd Krishna in "Nanda Kumar." Master Apte is therefore another happy choice for the picture. However, Mr. Keshavrao Dhaibar's troubles are not yet over, he has still to find a child to play the role of Baby Krishna and is confident to get one. Motion picture public of Bombay will be delighted to hear that Mr. Keshavrao Dhaibar has made quite a departure by enlisting the services of a very renowned musician from North India as his musical director for Hindi version and Mr. Kapoor of Lucknow has arrived and is now busy making special compositions of Hindustani music of the type rarely employed by Bombay producers and the Orchestra has been fitted up with special and unique instruments and experienced players will handle them.

Mr. I. T. Nimbalkar famous for his characterizations in "Sairandhri" and "King Of Ayodhya" a very popular actor-director and recently of Radha Film Co., Calcutta has been engaged to assist Mr Keshavrao in the direction. Mr. Nimbalkar is now busy with the casting rehearsing and essaying of the different roles to the players.

Barua has practically forced Pankaj Mullick to appear on the screen and to sing for the first time in the screen in his life! Pankaj Mullick will also have his revenge and will force Barua in his turn to sing at least a couple of lines—with him.

An exciting scene in Assam Shooting:

The Biggest Indian Elephant in captivity went wild one day and totally refused to obey the director. The shot was sound-shot with Barua walking alongside Jang Bahadur (the elephant). The elephant did not stop inspite of Barua's persuasion and started

"THE PRESIDENT"

8th Week At The Krishna

(CONTRIBUTED)

In spite of several new releases in the City of Bombay, New Theatres' "The President" is drawing crowded houses at the Krishna Talkies, for the eighth week.

The character of "The President" is played by Kamlesh Kumari—and Saigal as the designer is great. Together with you see charming young artistes Kumari Leela Desai, Nawab, Devbala, Jagdeesh, B.A. and Bikram Kapur.

The photography and direction by Sjt. Nitin Bose, establishim as the first-rate photographer and director in India

"ATMA TARANG"

9th Week At Minerva Talkies

(CONTRIBUTED)

Minerva's monumental production "Atma Tarang" has achieved great success at the Minerva Talkies. Though it has entered in its 9th continuous week, is still going very strong.

The outstanding success of the picture is undoubtedly due to the untiring efforts of Mr. Sohrab Modi who besides directing the picture also plays an important role.

"Atma Tarang" has received the highest praise from the press and patrons for its excellent technique.

SAGAR MOVIETONE

Studio News

(CONTRIBUTED)

Sagar's stunt thriller "Lion of Sagar" starring Yakoob and Bibbo is running well at the Super Talkies, Bombay. The success of the Picture all over India has encouraged old Yakoob to write another thriller.

The stage is now set for "Jagirdar" to be released at the Roxy Talkies on the 29th May. Surendra, Motilal and Bibbo play important roles in this plot but a new-comer in "Maya" gives a new thrill to everyone.

When Seth Chimanlal Desai offered Rs. 750 in prizes, he did not expect such a tremendous response as has actually been received.

The Prize-winners will be declared some time next week.

Director Luhar's "Capt. Kirtikumar' is now quite ready and by the time this is in print, it will pass through the censors. "Kirtikumar" is practically an all star picture having Motilal Bibbo, Yakoob, Sankatha and numerous other playing great and important roles.

Not satisfied with his glorious success in "Capt. Kirtikumar," Director Luhar has taken one more subject in "Dynamite'

Hiren Bose is busy with a picture named "Eternal Music' with Surendra Krishnakumari and others in it.

Director Badami is manipulating 'Kokila" is a story written by Syt. Ramanlal Desai of Gujrat with Sabita Devi starring in it.

And there are others in it to Shobhana, Bibbo, Maya Motilal Surendra, Siddiqui and a hundred others.

MINERVA MOVIETONE'S MUSLIM SOCIAL

(CONTRIBUTED)

Director Sohrab Modi started his first social picture "Khan Bahadur" on Coronation Day, which is sure to be a promising production of the year.

Mr. Modi who is directing the picture is determined to make the production an artistic achievement. "Khan Bahadur" is a Muslim social in which he is presenting the great problems of the Muslim community, a contrast between Islamic culture and the Western civilization. At any cost it is sufficiently unusual to command more than passing attention from the public in general.

Besides this Mr. Modi is very careful to maintain the high standard of language in dialogues, songs and music.

"PUJARIN"

4th Week At The Roxy

If you are interested in Sarat Babu's stories which are, of course famous all over India, then go and see New Theatres' "Pujarin"—at the Roxy Talkies. This film is the whole book of Sarat Babu originally called "Dena Paona" is translated on the silver screen.

You see Saigal, playing Jivanand Chowdhury—the tyrannical Zamindar. You see Chandrabati as, "Pujarin"—supported by Pahari Sanyal, Rajkumari, Nawab, Jagdeesh, B.A., Kidar etc.

Kumari Madhuri in "Dolls of Clay" at the West-End (Ranjit)

Motilal And Bibo in "Jagirdar" to be released at the Roxy

"ACHHUT KANYA" COMES AGAIN TO ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

In response to a continuous and persistent public demand the Bombay Talkies have decided to give a second run to their glorious production "Achhut Kanya" at the Royal Opera House starting from Saturday the 22nd. instant. It will be remembered that in its first run at the Roxy Theatre "Achhut Kanya" attracted overcrowded houses for 19 successive weeks and looking to the great enthusiasm it had aroused among the picture-goers the picture was sure to run for several other weeks had it not been for the unfortunate communal riots which upset the normal life of the citizens of Bombay and made it impossible for them to have any entertainments.

The result was that thousands and thousands of cinema-goers who wanted to see "Achhut Kanya" had to be disappointed. They have, since then, been constantly asking the Bombay Talkies to let them have the missed chance of seeing the "best production of the year 1936." Even those who had already seen it have been equally anxious to see the picture once more and yet again.

Devika Rani, who plays the title role in this picture is, as usual, at her best and so is Ashok Kumar, the hero of the play. There is, in this picture, everything that a cinema-goer with the highest of tastes would wish to have.

NEWS FROM PRABHAT STUDIO

Marathi Title of the Social Picture changed: Unexpected things are taking place regarding the title of the Social picture of Prabhat "The Unexpected." Contrary to Prabhat's system the title was disclosed in the very beginning. In the meantime the Hindi title of "Napatnewali Bat" was changed to "Duniya Na Mane?" Now the news is out that the original title of the story 'Na Patnari Goshta" is also changed. The picture is finally named "The Unexpected" in English, "Duniya Na Mane?" in Hindi and "Kunku" in Marathi. This new Marathi title is short, significant, and immediately give the idea around which centres the story.

The shooting of the social picture is in rapidness. Every artist, technician is aware of the fact that something new wonderful is going on. Mr. Shantaram : working day and night, concentrating his attention upon every shot, every action, every song which is being shot in an usual way. Prabhat's social is going to be a happy surprise and an achievement which will raise the standard of the Indian Cinema art

Prabhat's next attraction Gopalkrishna": preparations of the next Prabhat attraction Gopalkrishna" are nearing completion. Mr. Shivrampant Washikar, the successful writer of "Tukaram" has completed the story and the dialogues. The rehearsals will be started very shortly. The picture is in the hands of those two artists who have given life to "Tukaram". The picture will be taken in both the languages Hindi and Marathi. It will be remembered that "Gopalkrishna" was the first glorous picture of Prabhat in silent days. The subject and story though old and handled before. Prabhat is going to picturise it in an original and interesting way. The picture gives full scope for music and master Krishnarao the famous music director of "Dharmatma", "Amarjyoti" and "Beyond the Horizon." is glad to have the responsibility of the music direction of the picture the subject of which is to his liking. The details about the cast and other things will be out. soon. "Beyond the Horizon" Direced by Narain Kale, is running, successfully in the North and will be released shortly in Bengal and the Bombay Presidency. The gripping story Novel and Studio direction have become the subject of high appreciation by people wherever the picture was shown. Places like Poona and Bombay are eagerly awaiting the release of this picture.

"Sant Tukaram": six months have passed since the release of this picture and still the picture and still the houses in every town are fully packed. Even at Non-Marathi stations it has run successfully for weeks. The fame of "Tukaram" has reached the North India and Bengal. A new copy with illustrative Hindi, Urdu and Bengali titles has been passed by the Censors and is being sent to Bengal annd North. It is hoped and hoped rightly that the picture will be appreciated even there. Mr. Shantaram's next undertaking; for the sweet news about the undertaking of Mr. Shantaram after the social picture—Wait! it will be worth giving attention to Exhibitors' Convention at Lahore: In persuance of decision of all India Distributors' Convention held at Poona, Mr. Dalsukh Pancholi of the Empire Talkie Distributors, organised a convention of the Exhibitors at Lahore on the 20th of April. Several telegrams received here from the various exhibitors express their satisfaction and the big success of the session.

"Mukti"—Barua ha come back from Assam with his party, finishing all the work there. Menaka had a very trying time. She had to work for two days in a rivulet scene. On the 2nd day Atul Chatterjee the Sound Recordist objected and said Menaka has caught cold! The cameraman Bimal Roy joined him and said "it won't photograph!" Barua agreed—but ultimately managed both and the Shot was taken. And for all this Menaka had to be in the water for nearly 7 hours at a stretch.

Assam abounds in beauty (—) spots of nature and the camera has taken all that was possible and choosing he best from them. Some of the Assam exterior takes have been already tried on the screen and people who had the luck to see them are excited about some. A most wonderful haul of beauty-spots of nature have been made this time by Bimal Roy.

N. T. fans will be delighted to learn that "Mukti" has gathered its song hits not from one source only—Rabindranath Tagore has very kindly given four of his best compositions for "Mukti" and Pankaj Mullick and Barua will do their best to reproduce them on the screen To reproduce Rabindranath's songs—is a mighty task indeed! To add to the list—fans will get some very fine compositions of Sajanikanta Das—(who is, by the way, one of the very best writers of the younger generation and is also the Editor of Sanibarer Chhithi, a Monthly Journal of the Punch type), and Ajoy Bhattacharjee who is also a famous composer in Bengal. Lovers of music should be glad for the prospect of a big feast of Music in "Mukti."

THE CINE AMATEURS

Their Aims And Objects

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—We appreciate the space which your newspaper has given to the cine amateur organisation in your issue of May 2 and the resulting publicity, which is what is needed at this stage. Lest, however, your contributor Mr. Vakil should cause misconceptions to arise with regard to the reason for the Group's association with the Motion Picture Society, I should be glad if you could spare space for an explanation.

As one of the conveners of the inaugural public meeting, I should like to take this opportunity of stating publicly that the initial idea came from a few amateurs whom I approached, and not from the Motion Picture Society or from any group of professionals. In other words, we amateurs felt and still feel the need for a live organisation of this kind, and the Motion Picture Society very kindly offered to co-operate by lending their organisation and headquarters. It seems to me that amateurs have little to lose and everything to gain by accepting this offer and the Society's constitution will be so framed as to be thoroughly democratic and in the annual meeting in January or later on if the members feel they wish to stand entirely on their own, or even to exclude professionals the majority will have power to do so if they think fit. How, therefore, can amateurs be "crushed" or "sandwiched"?

With regard to professionals and dealers, I would like to point out that many a professional cine man is a keen amateur in substandard size. There is nothing to prevent him from taking up 8, 9 or 16 mm. cinema photography as a hobby and professionalism in India amongst cine people is practically confined, I believe, to the standard size with which the amateurs are not concerned. If feel that if the Society is to ask professional people and those in the trade to give their time and energies to helping amateurs to shoot better films, it would be very ungracious of them to exclude such professionals etc., from the Society. It is difficult to see how professionals can "exploit" or "crush" the amateurs who are willing to learn from them.

The ideal is, of course, an all amateur society, but is is to be doubted whether this is possible in Bombay at the present time. If there were in India a number of well organised amateur cine clubs and if amateurs had by this means advanced their standard of cinema photography, then the ideal mentioned might have been possible. Perhaps it will be later on? For the moment the Society needs support and public sympathy so that it can get going—always the hardest period in the life of any such organisation.

Personally I like the concluding note of Mr. Vakil's well-reasoned notes and I should like to assure him that if public support can be given to such a Society of amateurs and if the members themselves can make it a live organisation and only the members themselves can do this and not the Motion Picture Socley—then they will naturally be keen to render service to India in the manner suggested. The Society, within a year or two, should be able to build up a first-class library of substandard film dealing with educational subjects for use in India; they should also be able to encourage their members to begin to shoot such subjects dealing with Bombay and Indian life. But these things cannot be hurried, and those who know something of the standard of amateur work in India generally realise only too well what a lot of preliminary spade work has to be done.—Yours, etc.

S. JEPSON.

Bombay, May 4.

SAROJ NEWS

(CONTRIBUTED)

Among its many highlights 'Tale Of Yesterday" a Saroj's superb production under the capable direction of Mr. Choudhri is the huge and spectacular setting designed on a lavish scale by Mr. Khawja.

The story pertains to the period when men were Lochinvars, true in love and dastard in war.

Stars like Mrs. Khote, Surendra Rose, Mubarak, Zebunissa and Janibabu participate and the lyrics are introduced and handled by Mir Sahib their music director.

Muslim Mass Contact Must Be Achieved

Sidhwa Suggests Whirlwind Propaganda By Front-rank Muslim Leaders

"Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Moulana Abdul Kadir Kasuri, the three prominent Muslim leaders in the Congress should immediately decide upon undertaking an extensive propaganda tour all over the country, especially in the Muslim Provinces. If that were done, I have no doubt whatever, that the Congress will have established very good contact with the Muslim masses, and we will have as many Muslims in the Congress, as there are members of the other community."

So said Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, member of the Sindh Legislative Assembly and a prominent member of the All-India Congress Committee in the course of an interview with a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle".

He was for constant and persistent efforts being made to bring Muslims within the Congress. He felt that, that department of Congress work had been neglected. If Congress were to make an effort, he had no doubt that more Mussalmans would readily join the Congress, especially when their economic problems and those of the other communities were identical.

Sindh Politics

Discussing Sindh Politics Mr. Sidhwa said "Although we are only seven in the Sindh Legislative Assembly of fifty members, we have made ourselves felt. Since our policy is above self-aggrandisement, our programme is likely to catch the imagination of a large number of non-Congress members of the Assembly. The very fact that in the first short session, we were able to impress on the members of the Assembly could be seen from the decision to reduce the salaries of ministers by 500 than what was proposed in one of the Bills. The acceptance of the Congress suggestion of Rs. 800 salary for the Speaker goes to show the true and correct position. It is too premature at present to say what actually the position will be in the Legislature, but I am confident, knowing as I do some of the non-Congress members, we shall have a lively Budget Session, and notwithstanding the ministerial majority, we hope to carry several of the popular items.

SIR GULAM ALL IN ALL

Questioned regarding the Ministry Mr. Sidhwa said "As regards the Ministry, I must candidly state that Sir Gulam Hussein is all in all. Knowing him thoroughly well for the last 15 years as Minister and Executive Councillor in the Bombay Council, I foresee his playing a predominant part even in matters, which do not come under his portfolio. His shrewdness could be imagined from the following incident. The Sindh peasants decided to make a demonstration on the day the Governor was to address the Assembly. Knowing probably that this might create an ugly scene, he invited the leader of the peasants and asked him to abandon the idea of demonstration on that particular day. He said that he had no objection if the peasants came on the first day of the Session. The leader agreed and five hundred chairs were provided by Sir Gulam Hussein when the peasants came and they were offered seats. They were given sweet drinks and Sir Gulam Hussein after hearing their grievances said that he would do for them all that lay in his power.

HIDDDEN HAND OF I.C.S.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa felt that the refusal of the Governors in Provinces, where the Congress was in a majority to give the assurances was entirely due to the Civil Service Association. It was the Civil Service members who were against any assurances being given. He incidentally referred to the remark of the Finance Secretary of the Sindh Government regarding granting of recognition to the Daraga Association (An Association of the members of the lower staff of the Public Works Department) of which Mr. R. K. Sidhwa is the President.

The application for recognition was made fourteen months ago and the papers came up before the Secretariat only recently. It appears that the Secretary to the Finance Department to whom the papers went wrote a note to the effect that the Congress having decided to wreck the Constitution and the President of the Association being a Congressman no recognition should be granted. The question will be coming up in the Sindh Legislature where a lively discussion is expected.

MUSLIM MASS CONTACT

Questioned regarding the efforts that are being made by Sindh Congressmen to establish closer contact with the Muslim masses Mr. Sidhwa said that efforts were being made to establish contact with the Muslim masses. Though the Provincial Congress Committee had not yet met and taken any definite decision as to how the work should be carried on, the Karachi District Congress Committee has already taken the question in hand. They had appointed a special Committee to enrol Muslim members, and they had decided to open a new Ward Committee in the Muslim locality at Karachi. A fairly good number of Mussalmans had already joined. But Mr. Sidhwa felt that there would be difficulty on the question of these members getting into Committees, due to the Khaddar Clause in the Congress Constitution. Some way would have to be found out and it might be necessary to approach the All-India body for a solution.

It was deplorable, said Mr. Sidhwa, that not one out of the 33 Muslim members of the Legislature was a Congressman. The economic condition of the Muslim masses in Sindh being identical with the Hindu masses, if efforts were made, there was no doubt that a good number of Muslims would immediately join the Congress. If constant and persistent efforts were made and this neglected work was taken on hand immediately, he thought the outlook of Sindh and Sindh legislature would be quite different within the coming five years.

There was nothing either in the Congress creed or programme which should bar Muslims from joining the Congress organisation which was the only premier political organisation in the country which was fighting for the people and the Independence of the country. In a Province like Sindh particularly where the Muslims played a predominant part during the Khilafat Movement and Hijrat and did a lot of sacrifice, there is every possibility of their joining the National Movement. But Leaders like Khan Abdul Gaffer Khan; Moulana Abul Kalam Azad and Moulana Abdul Kadir Kasuri should immediately undertake a tour all over the country, especially in the Muslim provinces, and Mr. Sidhwa had no doubt that real and true mass contact will be established before the year was out. There would be as many Muslims in the Congress as Hindus and others, if that tour were to be undertaken and a whirlwind programme was gone through.

EGYPTIAN QUEEN MOTHER'S LOSS

Case Containing Crown Jewels Stolen From Party's Chambers In Switzerland

(From Our Correspondent.)
CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

The sensational news of the theft of the crown jewels of the Queen Mother of Egypt while she was in Switzerland, has been received just now.

It is stated that while King Faruuq, the Queen Mother, his Royal sisters and the whole party was out, someone seems to have sneaked inside their suite through passage secretly and removed the whole case, containing all the crown jewels of the Queen Mother, which included some very ancient ones handed down from one Egyptian Queen to her successor as well as those numerous valuable jewels and precious stones received from her mother's side, which are also said to have been handed over from generation to the next genefation.

The Swiss Police were apprised of the fact of the theft immediately and they have sent instructions to the Police authorities all over the Continent as well as to Scotland Yard, giving them full particulars of the jewels. All the foreign jewellers have also been informed of these facts and asked to keep a watch on any person or persons trying to negotiate their sale.

Baroda Letter

SERVICE AND SACRIFICE THEIR IDEALS

Gandhiji's Message To Audichya Betalisi Youth Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, May 17.

The first session of Audi hya Betalish Youth League was held at Padra, a taluka town of Baroda District.

Mahatmaji, in a message to the Conference, blessed the youths who were girding up their loins for social service and stated, youths should begin the reforms from their own homes and should be prepared for any sacrifice. If the youths were not ready to suffer, they could not do anything.

Mr. Lalitchandra Diwanjee, in a speech on physical education exhorted all to emulate examples of youths of countries like Germany and Japan to build up their bodies.

"CLEANLINESS DAY"

Under the lead of Mrs. Tyabjee, the people of Gokalpura village observed "Cleanliness Day."

The Annual Conference of District Rotary Associations (India-Burma, etc.), would be held at Baroda from January 22 to 24, next.

The Carnival has left Baroda. The peaceful picketing, organised by Prajamandal, was successful in prohibiting people to visit the alleged gambling centres of the Carnival.

The Amreli District Co-operative Conference will be held at Kodinar in the first week of June.

Pandit Shantipriyaji has received an invitation to attend the Conference of advertising agents of the World to be held at Par on 5th July.

BARODA STATES MERGER SCHEME

It is understood that three Thakors of Sankheda Mewas have expressed their willingness to join the Baroda Small States Merger Scheme. This probably brings the figure of such Thako to 25.

Efforts are in progress to str a Students Union at Lunawada.

Strike in Jagdish Mill still continues. Peaceful picketing i going on near the mill gates.

URDU & HINDUSTAN

Jawaharlal's Reply To Madras Minister

MADRAS, May 15.

With reference to the statement made by Mr. P. Khalifullah Sahib, Development Minister to the Government of Madras in the course of his speech at Ayyampet (Tanjore District), suggesting that Urdu should become the lingua franca of India in preference to Hindustani, Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru has written the following to the "Hindu" of Madras by way of rejoinder:—

'Some days before I left India, my attention was drawn to a report of a speech delivered by Mr. Khalifullah, who, it appears, is a Minister to the Governor of Madras. Mr. Khalifullah has mentioned my name several times in the course of his address and so I have paid particular attention to what he has said

'As an Indian and a Congressman, and also as one whose mother tongue is Hindustani, I am greatly interested in the question of language. I have written about this repeatedly both in my books and in the press, but perhaps my writings have escaped Mr. Khalifullah's attention. I shall be glad if Mr. Khalifullah will develop his argument and fill in his suggestion. What does he mean by Urdu or Hindi or Hindustani? What does he think is the place for our various important provincial languages like Tamil, Telgu, Bengali, etc? How has he come to the conclusion that Urdu is a Muslim language? Was it brought to India by the Muslims? I have been told that there are millions of Muslims in Bengal and elsewhere who are almost totally ignorant of Urdu or Hindustani, and I know that there are vast numbers of Hindus in Northern India whose mother tongue is Hindustani, written in either script, Persian or Devanagri. Does Mr. Khalifullah himself know Hindustani and can he converse in it with fluency? My own experience of Muslim friends in the South was that few could talk correctly in Hindustani and some could not say much in it, even incorrectly. I am partial to my mother tongue; it is a sweet-sounding and graceful language full of nuances and delicate shades. When it is spoken crudely and rather vulgarly, it grates on my ears and the degradation of fine instrument of expression pains me. I am afraid I had to put up with this pain and irritation sometimes when Muslim friends in the South endeavoured to speak Hindustani.

'Even Ministers, I take it, ought to know something of the subject they talk about. Or, perhaps, this is not expected of the gentlemen who sit on the ministerial "gadis" by virtue of being in a tiny minority and by grace of the Governor alone. Still as Mr. Khalifullah has ventured into deep waters perhaps he will enlighten us still further and tell us all about this very interesting subject.

'About one matter, however, I might disabuse Mr. Khalifullah's mind. We are not out to bargain for Muslim or Hindu support. We stand by certain principles and all who agree with them are welcome in our ranks. We do not think in terms of Muslims or Hindus or other religious groups, but of Indians striving for Indian freedom and independence. But I am afraid Khan Bahadurs and the like are not welcomed by us in our movement".—United Press.

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Picturesque Wedding At Gorai

(From A Correspondent)

The beautiful village of Gorai which lies across the Ambavani Creek in Borivli was the scene of a pretty wedding which took place last week at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Culvem, when Mr. Andrew Philip D'Mello son of Mr. Victor D'Mello, led to the altar Miss Rose Dominica Pereira daughter of Mrs. Monica Pereira, of Gorai.

The Rev. Father V. Dyer, of St. Ignatius Church (Jacob Circle), officiated assisted by the Rev. Father Almeida and the Church choir.

The bridegroom had as his bestman M. S. Pinto. The bride was attended by the Misses Maud Pereira and G. Rebello.

After the wedding a reception was held by the bride's uncle at her residence which was gaily decorated. There was a very large gathering present. A special band was in attendance.

Rev. Father Dyer proposed the toast of the bride and bridegroom. The bridegroom suitably responded.

There were a large number of presents. Later Mr. and Mrs. Victor D'Mello entertained to lunch a number of friends.

Ahmedabad Mill-Owner For Japan

Seth Durga Prasad Shanbhu Prasad Lashkari, a leading citizen of Ahmedabad, one of the oldest millowners and a Director of the Bank of Baroda, left Bombay with his family for a tour to Japan by M. V. 'Victoria.' While on holiday he hopes to make a close study of Textile Industry in Japan.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 17 POINTS UP

Bullion Quiet And Wheat Dull

Bombay, May 18

On Tuesday cross rates ruled steady

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY

New York cotton opened easy but thereafter prices improved. The tone was steady.

BULLION QUIET

London gold and silver ruled quiet with a lower tendency.

WHEAT WAS STEADY

Wheat was steady. Jute was steady.

SECURITIES FEATURELESS

The London Stock Exchange exhibited poor show with business restricted. Giltedged securities were featureless.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, May 18

Previous closing	12.47
To-day's opening	12.45
Difference	plus .02
To-day's closing	12.64
Difference	plus .17

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, May 18

Previous closing	6.97
To-day's opening	6.96
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.96
Difference	—.01

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 232
July August	Rs. 237
New April May	Rs. 243

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 18

Lethargy was general on the New York cotton market where there was some nervousness among operators regarding the possible change in loan cotton differencials together with pessimistic views regarding a farm bill proposals.

The session opened with October at 12.45 i.e. 2 points lower than previous closing. At the initial stage the market fared poorly but later however some better feeling was evidenced due to encouraging foreign advices coupled with unfavourable weather reports and the market rose touching 12.50.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.64 with a rise of 17 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 18

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (12.80/12.80) 12.63/12.62
October (12.61/12.61) 12.45/12.45
December (12.59/12.59) 12.45/12.45

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 18

Quotations at 12-30 p.m.:—
American May 6.95
American July 6.99
Egyptian May 10.16
Egyptian July 10.36

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 18

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 236-8 and Rs. 235-0. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 236-6.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 18

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-3) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£22 1/2 buyers) £22 7/8 paid and value
Dunlop May (£25) £25 sellers
Lightning May (£23 1/4) £23 1/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 5/8 value) 10 1/8 buyers
Forward July September (10 13/16 paid and value) 10 5/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 13/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata May June (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 5/16 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 18

Liverpool wheat opened with July at 112 3/4 and October 104 3/4. The market ruled quiet despite firm overseas advices which were offset by reports of rains in Australia with some Australians selling.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 18

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 1.17 5/8. The market later improved on prospects of good foreign demand together with bullish foreign crops news July was quoted at 1.18 5/8.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937.

Bombay, May 18

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 8 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 8 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 8 3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 8 3

May delivery was quoted 0-3-9 lower.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 18

Previous closing	4.94 1/2
To-day's opening	4.94 7/16
To-day's closing	4.94 7/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 18

Previous closing	4.94.12
To-day's opening	4.94.47
To-day's closing	4.94.40

FRANC RATE

London, May 18

Previous closing	110.26
To-day's opening	110.40
To-day's closing	110.26

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 18

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.94.47 and eased little to 4.94.42 where it remained stationary with very little business due to the lack of speculative activity.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.9[illegible]

Fran[illegible] opened at 110.40 and improved a little to 110.28. Later however realising was in evidence and the rate eased to 110.40 business was slack.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 110.41.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/28
Paris on Bombay (8.323) 8.335
New York on Bombay (37.31) 37.35
London on Milan (93.87) 93.92
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 7/8) 0.91 7/8
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£249 buyers £249 1/2 sellers. Irregular) £249 1/2 buyers £250 sellers. Very steady
Lead (£21 1/2 buyers £22 sellers. Easier) £22 9/16 buyers £22 11/16 sellers. Barely steady
Electrolytic Copper (£63 to £65) £64 to £65
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 18

The following cable information was received from London to night

'India and speculators bought and sold. Market quiet.'

LONDON SILVER

London, May 18

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 3/8d.	20 3/8d.
Forward	20 1/2d.	20 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 18

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-6 1/2) £7-0-5 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 18

10 p.m.

Silver ready	52 14 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 15 0
Silver 2nd settlement	53 2 0
Gold ready	34 8 9
Gold 1st settlement	34 8 3
Gold 2nd settlement	34 5 6
Sovereigns	22 1 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 18

Wheat May	5 10 9
Wheat September	5 11 9
Linseed May	8 4 9
Linseed September	8 7 9

The tone was quiet.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 18

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motor (dol 55 1/8) dol 54 3/8
N Copper Mining (dol 48 7/8) dol 48 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 95 1/2) dol 93
U S Steel Preference (dol 181 1/2) unquoted.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, May 18

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 94-8-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 94-7-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	94 8 0
Highest	94 8 0
Lowest	94 7 0
Closing	94 7 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 18

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £90 1/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 18

2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£98) £98
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90 1/2) £90 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110) £110
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£107) £107
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77) £76 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/4) £102 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 7/8) £110 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 1/8) £102 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £109 7/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 18

Markets generally were under holiday influences but business was restricted. Home industrial fluctuated narrowly. Internationals and oils after being firmer were easier owing to the lack of fresh support.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-0) 17-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 80-0
Hydro Electric (£8) £8 1/8
Musical Industries (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (41-6) 41-6
Imperial Chemical (37-9) 37-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (79-4 1/2) 79-4 1/2
Realisation (£94 1/2) £94 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (34-0) 34-0
Unilever Ordinary (40-3) 40-3
Ford Motors (28-6) 28-6
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/2) £6 1/4
British American Tobacco (126-10 1/2) 126-10 1/2
Carreas (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (154-4 1/2) 154-4 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-3) 32-9
Distillers (114-0) 114-6
Bredfords Dyers (£10 1/8) £10 1/8
British Celanese (£8 1/2) £8 3/4
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-3) 49-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-9) 52-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-1 1/2) 11-6
Vickers Limited Ordiary (29-3) 29-3
Inter Nickels (58-6) 59-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (66-3) 73-9
Tata Steel Pref (£105) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (50-6) 50-6
Empire of India (31-6) 31-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (39-6) 39-6
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-6) 36-10 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (52-6) 51-3
Burma Corporation (17-3) 17-3
Rio Tintos (£19) £20 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (58-9) 58-9
Rand Mines (£7 1/8) £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/2) £12 3/4
Gedule New (£8 1/4) £8 1/8
New Modders (£28 3/4) £28 3/4
Sub Nigel (£9 5/8) £9 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 31-3
Union Corporation (£7 3/4) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£51 1/4) £51 1/4
Anglo Iranian (120-0) 115-7 1/2
Burma Oil (111-3) 115-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (20-3) 20-3
Shell Transport (109-3) 109-3
Royal Dutch (£44 1/2) £44 3/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£60 1/2) £60 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£30 7/8) £30 7/8
L N E R Defd (£5) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 5/8) £22 5/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£125 1/2) £125 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£84) £84

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Rate

Liverpool, May 18

Liverpool wheat May closed at 114 as against the previous closing rate at 113 1/2.

BUSINESS MEAGRE IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Stre Barely Steady

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 18

On the Stock Exchange the holiday atmosphere was still much in evidence and business was meagre and generally insufficient to test prices. Internationals reflected dull in Wall Street.

British oxygen was firm on a sharp rise in profits, but otherwise the markets were featureless throughout the day. Commodities generally still have rather a holiday sentiment, but wheat advanced on less favourable North American weather reports.

Wall Street opened barely steady.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Bombay, May 18

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 18th May 1937. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,63,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 were accepted in full, and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 43 per cent Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0-15-6 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 25th May 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 28th May 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 14th May 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 73,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

PUNJAB SOCIALISTS RESIGN

Sequel To Question Of Hoisting "Red" Flag On May Day

LAHORE, May 18.

Following difference of opinion 8 prominent members of the Punjab Congress Socialist Party, including Mr. Mangaram Bat, General Secretary, have resigned their membership.

Trouble arose on the hoisting of the Red Flag at Jhelum on "May Day" by a non-member in the presence of two members of the Party, to which the Working Committee took exception.

At a meeting of the Working Committee on Sunday, discussion of the question imported much heat among the members leading to the staging of a walk-out by 8 of them, who have now resigned. —United Press.

Coronation Film At Royal Opera House

A delightful news reel of the greatest event of the year, namely, the Coronation of His Majesty King George VI is being shown at the Royal Opera House since yesterday along with "Prem Kahani", Bombay Talkies' great social picture now in its 8th and final week. Bombay Cinemagoers thus get an opportunity of seeing the various events of this grand, Imperial ceremonial within less than a week after its actual performance in England.

U. GOVERNOR'S REPLY TO CONGRESS

(Continued from Page 1.)

gramme for the advancement of the Province, so that the Legislature may be able to form a considered opinion upon it.

This was one of the reasons which weighed with His Excellency in deciding not to summon the Legislature at an early date.

TO AVOID DEADLOCK

The other consideration which weighed with His Excellency is that if the Legislature were summoned immediately, it appears to him that a Constitutional deadlock, which in the interests of the province it is most desirable to avoid, would at once arise.

"The situation, His Excellency believes, is still fluid. There appears to him to be no essential reason why, with fuller understanding of the manner, in which the Constitution is intended to work, the normal Constitutional issue of our difficulties should not be anticipated and why we should not look forward to a Government based on the support of the majority of the Legislature.

PLEA FOR TIME

But it seems evident to His Excellency that if there is a chance of any such development time is needed, and that he should be doing a disservice to the Province, if he were to force the issue at this moment by summoning the Legislature. He feels it is only fair to the members of the Legislature that they should not reach a decision on the grave Constitutional questions that have arisen until they have had ample time to consider them from all aspects and without haste. When the two conditions, which His Excellency has in mind, have been fulfilled he will not delay the summoning of the Legislature."—A. P.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Small Turnover In Teas

CALCUTTA, May 18

Jutes ruled steady with limited trading. In coals not much interest displayed. In teas small turnover resulted. Miscellaneous section apart from steady enquiry for chief speculative leaders was rather featureless. Government securities continued steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent loan 1941 103/5 small lot; three and half per cent G P 94/5; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 106/1 small lots; four per cent loan 1960/70 110/10 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/8; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 104/14/6; four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 107/8.

Banks: Allahabad pref 139 C div small lot; Central 127.

Railways: Baraset Basirhat 51; Chaparmukh Silghat 81 odd lot; Bukhtiarpur Bihar 61; Sara Serajganj 97.

Cotton: Kesoram 6/15

Coals: Bengal 324 small lot; Bhulanbararee 8/9 odd lot; Deoli 7/6; East Indian 20; Katras Jherriah 23 small lot; Samla 2/5; Burrakur 16; Equitable 35/4; Kalapahari 14/1; Pench Valley 36/6.

Jutes: Albion ordy 230; Angus India 380; Barnagore 150; Dalhousie 336; Gondalpara 800; Hukumchand 10/1; Kinnison 604; Lawrence 417 C Div; Reliance pref 154/8 ex div; Alliance pref 106/8 small lot; Auckland 194; Craig 1/6; Delta 392; Howrah 56/12; Kamarhatty 545; Lansdowne 178; do pref 125 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/6; Consolidated Tin 7; Indian Copper 3/5; Rhodesia Copper 2/13; Bengal Telephone 20/6; Mozaffarpore Electric 13/12 C Div; Rawalpindi Electric 25; Hukumchand Electric 10/10 small lots; Indian Galvanizing 18; Indian Iron 44/6; Indian Steel and Wire Products ordy 613; Indian Standard Wagon pref 127; Kumardhubi Engineering pref 96; British India Corporation ordy 3/12; do pref 142; Dunlop Rubber ordy 19/12; do second pref 102; Indian Cables 13/4; British Ceylon Corporation 6/4; Orient Paper 2/4; Titaghur Paper pref Rs. 100; paid up 156; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 20; Balrampore 13/8.

Teas: Eastern Cachar 10/4; Dimakusi 22; Hattikhira 24/8 ex div small lot; Patrakola ordy 980 small lot.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 101/10; three and quarter per cent 1936/66/76 Rangoon Municipal 96/10—A. P.

INCREASE IN KARACHI'S FOREIGN TRADE

KARACHI, (By Mail).

The statistics of the Foreign trade of Karachi including trade with Burma for April, 1937, issued by the Collector of customs show, that the total value of imports (merchandise) amounted to Rs. 1.94 crores, an increase of Rs. 74 lakhs and that of exports to Rs. 3.31 crores, an increase of Rs. 86 lakhs as compared with the figures for April 1936.—A. P.

Nine Lakhs For Sind Govt. House

KARACHI, (By Mail).

Enquiries in connection with the building programme of the Sind Government show that they have received Rs. 15 lakhs out of 17 1/2 lakhs allotted by the Central Government in the last year's budget.

The estimates submitted by the Sind Government exceed the allotment by 5 1/2 lakhs. The originaal plans have been considerably modified. It is learnt that Rs. nine lakhs will be spent on the new Government House and Rs. 14 lakhs on the secretariat buildings which will be a three-storied structure.—A. P.

INDUSTRY & SCIENCE

(Continued from Page 6.)

Science, addressing the Mysore Chamber of Commerce in the 3rd week of the last month, said that the scientist finds out cheapest raw materials and the cheapest way of converting them into finished goods enabling them to meet competition from outside. But the scientist requires the co-operation of other talents. Here he requires, of course, commercial talents. He makes it further clear that the scientists "want leadership".

(To Be Continued.)

(Continued from Col. 7.)

newspaper; 100 cases mixed fruit jam; 67 loose steel flats, blooms billets and routs, 589 bundles tubes; 361 pieces single tubes; 112 brls pitch; 199 cases sewing cotton thread on reels; 2500 pcs fire bricks; 100 pieces steel angles; 21 pieces steel tyres; 137 pieces earthenware; 303 loose c i cisterns; 32 pieces machinery; 66 packages structural material, 270 pieces sugar machinery; 44 cases c i pipes and fittings;

From Marseilles: 30 bags French chalk; 20 cases wine; 70 cases vermouth; 110 cases mineral water; 50 bags almonds; 18 cases castor oil; 19 cases tiles.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, May 18

B I S N ss Hatimura of 4158 reg tons, Captain W G Mackay arrived from Bassein via Rangoon, Colombo, Tutocorin, Cochin, Calicut, Badagara, Tellicherry and Cannanore with passengers and general cargo.

N Y K ss Mayebashi Maru of 4321 reg tons, Captain T Nakano arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Sakito, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo

O S K ss Celebes Maru of 4258 reg tons, Captain K Matsuoka arrived from Basra with general cargo.

L Triestino ss Victoria of 7145 reg tons, Captain T Bagli arrived from Genoa via Naples, Trieste, Venezia, Brindisi, Portsaid, Massawa and Djibouti with passengers and general cargo

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 18-5-37:—

S S Hatimura (M M) for Madras, Calcutta, Rangoon, Colombo and Coast Ports.

S S Gazana (M M) for Verawal, Mangrol, Porebunder, Karachi, Bhavnagar and Kathiawar Coast Ports.

S S Mayebashi Maru (N Y K) for China, Japan Ports via Karachi and Singapore.

DEPARTURES

O S K ss Muntai Maru of 4259 reg tons, Captain K Arao sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Hatipara of 4893 reg tons, Captain H H Hitchcock sailed for Akyab in water ballast.

P and O ss Alipore of 3241 reg tons, Captain L Parfitt sailed for Kobe via Tuticorin and China Japan Ports with local cargo.

L Triestino ss Victoria of 7145 reg tons, Captain T Bagli sailed for Shanghai via Colombo and Singapore with passengers and in ballast.

B I S N ss Takada of 4223 reg tons, Captain J D Winsor sailed for Karachi and Kathiawar Coast Ports in ballast.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 18

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 City of Benares 6720 Karachi 22-5 K Nixon
2 Jalajyoti 2698 Rangoon 25-5 Scindia, S N
3 Mantai Maru 4259 Karachi 18-5 O S K
4 Clan Macphie 4114 Bhavnagar 24-5 J Finlay
5 Mayebashi Maru 4321 Karachi 22-5 N Y K
6 Takada 4223 Karachi 18-5 M M
8 Hopetor 3099 N F 21-5 L Dreyfus
9 Lindenfels 5193 Antwerp 19-5 L Edwards.
10 Glasgow Maru 4227 Japan 21-5 M M
11 City of Auckland 5288 Colombo 19-5 F F Campbell
12 Britannia 5281 Liverpool 20-5 Anchor Line Ltd.
15 Mauly 3418 Trieste 19-5 L Triestino
16 Aida Lauro 2760 Port Said for orders 19-5 Ralli Bros.
17 Marlonga D Thermiotis 2917 Antwerp 20-5 K Nixon

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Jalaveera 3089 Calcutta 19-5 Scindia S N
2 Goalpara 3216 Rangoon 23-5 M M
3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 19-5 M M
4 Varsova 1955 Busra 20-5 M M
5 Hashemi 298 M Coast N F, S Hassum
8 Jalaganga 3080 N F, N F, Scindia S N
10-11 Japan 3262 Rangoon 19-5 L Edwards

PRINCES DOCK

D/E Hatimura 4158 N F, N F, M M
F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 19-5 T Morrison
1 Bankura 189[illegible] N F 26-5 M M

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Bhutan 22-5-37 M M
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O
Taloja 20-5 P and O

FROM SYDNEY

Barkunda 22-5-37 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Castalia 26-5-37 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Dagtekerk 23-5-37 L Edward

FROM NEW YORK

City of Auckland 18-5-37 F F Campbell
Langbank 22-5-37 F F Campbell
Montgomery City 19-5-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tokushima Maru 18-5-37 N Y
Mayebashi Maru 18-5-37 N Y K
Celebes Maru 17-5-37 N Y K
Ginyo Maru 30-5-37 N Y K
Victoria Maru 25-5-37 O S K
London Maru 24-5-37 O S K

FROM TRIESTE

Gloria Stella 18-5-37 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Moncalieri 17-5-37 I T

FROM BASRA

Bandra 20-5-37 M M
Varela 22-5-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Cranfield 22-5-37 M M
Garmula 23-5-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

City of Mandalay 20-5-37 K Nixon
Karanja 29-5-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Treuenfels 23-5-37 L Edward

FROM RANGOON

Nirpura 20-5-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 2[illegible]-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Ranpura 29-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 20-5-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Press Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
Langbank 19-5-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 11-6-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Fukuyo Maru 13-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 23-5-37 O S K
Tango Maru 15-5-37 N Y K
Conte Bian Camand 27-5 L Triestino
Alipore 18-5 P and O
Mantai Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 26-5-37 O S K

FOR BASRA

Bankura 26-5-37 M M
Baroda 19-5-37 M M
Varsova 20-5-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 26-5-37 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 18-5-37 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Celebes Maru 22-5-37 O S K

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Viceroy of India (boats) 15-5-37
S S President Polk 15-5-37
S S Fusijama 15-5-37
S S Takada 17-5-37
S S Varsova 17-5-37
S S Hashemi 17-5-37
S S Parvati 17-5-37

EXPORTS

S S Celebes Maru for Kobe: 900 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 1900 bales cotton raw N Nagsee; 100 bales cotton raw H Nensey; 155 tons scrap iron Faiz; 800 bales cotton raw Kotak; 1300 bales cotton raw Langley

For Yokohama: 200 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 100 bales cotton raw Langley

For Osaka: 155 tons scrap iron wheels Faiz; 450 tons scrap iron (old) A Popatlal; 100 bales cotton raw R B P Ramaswamy; 200 bales cotton raw Kotak; 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

For Yokkaichi: 1900 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

S S Maychashi Maru for Kobe: 1200 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 1450 bs cotton raw J Cotton Trading; 100 tons cast iron scrap G Gabriel.

For Osaka: 475 tons old scrap iron A Popatlal; 75 tons old scrap iron M G A Hoosein.

For Nagoya: 205 tons old scrap iron M G A Hoosein

For Yokohama: 110 tons old scrap iron Ali Bros; 350 bales cotton raw J Cotton Trading; 120 tons old cast iron C Manilal

S S Glasgow Maru for Kobe: 200 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 50 tons old scrap iron A Popatlal; 500 bales cotton raw Kotak

For Yokkaichi: 400 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

S S Mauly for Selonica: 37 bags black pepper K Murarji

For Suez: 220 bales c c piecegoods (grey sheeting) E D Sassoon

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 85 bales wool raw B Harbham; 150 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 4000 bags myrabollams R S Tata; 700 bags groundnut oil cakes F H Kassam; 654 bags groundnut oil cakes Continental Oil Cake Export; 60 bales deer horns A Gulamhussein; 54 bags kang grain B Balwant; 124 bags groundnut B Balwant; 6 bales sandlewood A E Ejel.

For Glasgow: 1300 bags groundnut cake K Devchand

For Marseilles: 600 bags horn meal Anderson Dawn

S S City of Benares for Liverpool: 150 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 309 bales cotton waste oily C Madhowlal; 25 bales wool raw Bombay Co.

S S Lindenfels for Bremen: 42 bales cotton thread waste S Textile Products (India).

For Antwerp: 800 bags crushed bones C Mody; 1350 bags crushed bones B Ardeshir; 250 bags bone meal B Ardeshir; 400 bags crushed bones Anderson Dawn.

For Port of Spain: 125 bags groundnut in shell S M Rajgor

For Demerara: 75 bags groundnut in shell S M Rajgor.

IMPORT

S S City of Hongkong, Agents K Nixon and Co from Liverpool: 273 loose pneumatic tyres; 58 coils steel wire; 166 cases safety cartridges; 933 drums lub oil; 131 cases biscuits; 185 loose steel bars; 65 packages milk powder; 13 cases writing ink; 100 drums perchloride iron; 84 cases bicycle frames, pedals, parts, handle bars etc; 180 rolls feet (roofing); 244 cts tiles; 220 bales old newspaper; 100 kegs lead ore; 50 cases bottled stout; 41 cases bundles steel wire; 145 bundles steel rounds; 24 sets economiser pipes; 33 pieces economiser parts; 46 cases cycles; 2200 bags china clay; 40 bales floor cloth; 15 cases rolled oats; 100 cases barley waters; 40 bundles m i dished circles; 50 cases oil varnish; 25 cases galvd screws; 41 bags boiler logging; 280 loose pneu motor car outer covers; 536 pieces e'ware; 222 bundles g p sheets; 8012 bundles g c sheets; 18 kegs greese; 390 cases machinery (electric, spg and weaving etc); 46 trusses cotton rope; 47 bales wool tops; 22 drums aniline dye; 27 drums brenthal; 85 cases provisions; 300 kegs white lead; 80 drums 40 p.c. formalde hyde; 70 cases whiskey; 20 bags solid resin; 90 cases aluminium circles; 100 bundles iron boot protectors; 104 bundles copper rods; 23 cases oil cloth; 22 bundles iron tubes; 132 bundles iron bars; 28 cases files; 31 cts oil engine; 125 bags black extracted carraway seeds 50 drums liquid pitch; 80 drume paint; 60 drums hardened asphalt; 312 bundles glass bottles; 63 bundles shovels; 35 cases black bolts and nuts; 21 cases confectionery; 20 bundles boiler tubes; 37 bags dogwood billeds; 1800 bags soda ash; 2000 bags bicarb soda; 150 drums powdered caustic soda; 500 drums flaked caustic soda; 40 drums solid caustic soda; 38 cases bobbins; 36 loose c i pipes; 17 cases steel screws; 20 socks raiz de jalapa; 32 cases tomato soap; 70 bundles tomato ketchut sauce; 32 cases iron pum and parts; 20 cases leather belting; 130 cases canned grape fruit; 25 bundles toilet soap; 103 ingots manganese bronze; 408 loose pneu tyres with pneu inner tubes; 200 drums creosote oil; 50 rolls reinforcement wire; 36 drums jerrie chloride; 419 bundles steel springs; 229 bundles wrought iron, 116 bundles spring sfrrl; 59 cases choc and cocoa; 56 bundles steel brackets and hangers; 26 cases machinery parts; 75 drums cresylic creoste; 283 bundles steel hoops; 500 bundles steel sheets; 136 loose c i cisterns; 91 bundles tubes; 1259 bundles steel circles; 38 cases tissue paper; 17 cases pumping machy; 93 cases steel screws, 141 bundles c i brackets; 200 bags nails; 59 bundles tyres and tubes; 16 rolls paper; 100 casks codds bottles; 61 cases tinned fish; 30 cases blanco; 500 bundles black circles; 260 cases cottons; 45 bales botany yarn; 17 cases rayon yarn; 19 cases dyed cottons; 459 cases cotton ps goods; 142 cases cotton yarn; 64 bales grey cotton piecegoods; 92 cases printed cotton piecegoods.

From Glasgow: 18 cases piece printed cottons; 27 cases cottons; 359 cases whiskey; 60 cases ginger wine; 268 cases beer; 50 pieces cisterns; 83 pieces c i cisterns; 20 cases bustard powder; 96 cases boot nails; 72 casks coal pitch; 50 bags fire clay; 943 cts sewing machines and parts thereof; 75 bales old

(Continued In Col. 5.)

FOREIGN COTTON MARKETS

New York Cotton Declines By Eleven Points

WEATHER GENERALLY FAVOURABLE

Loan Cotton Disposal Programme

Bombay, May 18.

There was a general apathetic attitude on all the American trading centres on Monday. Reports of continued favourable weather and good crop prospects dominated the cotton markets where there was no follow up on the buying side. Prices declined on liquidation by Wall Street interests in new crop and selling by New Orleans Houses. The latter, it is reported, have disposed of about 15,000 bales in July. Though a temporary rally was effected this could not be maintained due to lack of adequate support.

The new Farm Bill for compulsory production control is viewed as unfavourable for general business. There was also considerable nervousness in connection with the possible change in the loan cotton disposal programme. In some quarters, it is however believed that the crop control may encourage support for new crop on a further decline.

The Chicago Grain market witnessed irregular movements during the early part of the session. Later, however, some steadiness was witnessed on prospects of better foreign demand and bullish foreign crop news.

The Stock Exchange was quiet and nothing interesting transpired. The general list finished somewhat lower.

Trading on the New York cotton market commenced with a fairly steady tone, October contract standing at a rise of three points to 12.61. Trade and foreign buying on a small scale caused a further improvement of one to two points, October touching 12.63 plus 05 the highest level. But market received no support from buyers who were disposed to hold of owing to the continued favourable weather and crop reports.

To add to this Wall Street interests commenced to liquidate in new crops while New Orleans Houses sold in July contract. The rate for October declined to 12.44—14 the lowest.

At this stage, some covering appeared and market assumed some sort of steadiness. This however soon proved to be short-lived and market again fell back on renewed liquidation. Finally the session closed with October contract standing at a loss of 11 points to 12.47. Spot market closed at 13.16—10.

NEW ORLEANS.

In sympathy with the weakness in New York the New Orleans market also presented a downward trend and the rates for July and October closed at 12.53—14 and 12.45—12. Spot rate stood at 12.93—14.

Liverpool and Alexandrian markets were closed on Monday the 17th instant.

PRIVATE CABLES.—

New York October Highest (10-04 a.m.) 12.63 plus 05

New York October Lowest (12-17 p.m.) 12.44 —.14

Liverpool market was closed on the 17th instant.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable:—

New York:—Crop late, but week's developments favourable. Cloths slow America and abroad. Mill activity expected to continue high some weeks. Cotton down 13 other sensitive commodities down 10 per cent since March.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received the following cable.

New York:—Market quiet with small liquidation.

New York:—Market affected unfavourably by liquidation of 15,000 bales July in New Orleans. Weather generally favourable. Indifferent demand. Think that compulsory crop control movement likely to encourage support for distant months on a further decline.

Messrs Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables.

New York:—Continued liquidation. Crop prospects continue good. Market has still a downward tendency but think favourably of the market in the long run. Would favour purchases on all setbacks.

New York—Liverpool:—

July 180 Oct 187 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/2

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach April/May 1937 Expected Liverpool May Expected Rs. 74 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Broach July/Aug. 1937 Expected Liverpool July Expected Rs. 70 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Broach April/May 1938 Expected Liverpool May Expected Rs. 60 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach July/Aug. 1937 Expected New York July Closing Rs. 49 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.04 1/2.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, May 18

Cotton: Slightly warmer; scattered showers in Memphis district and Arkansas. The Daily Official U. S. Government forecast says: "Eastern Belt generally fair; all balance entire Belt partly cloudy."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 17.

July	12.66
October	12.47
December	12.46
January	12.48
March	12.55
Middling Spot	13.16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 17.

July	12.53
October	12.45
December	12.55
Middling Spot	12.93
Noon Call.—	
July	12.65
October	12.47
December	12.45

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 17.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	15,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's Exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	12,000

Other markets closed owing to Whitsun holidays.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 18.

Following a decline of 11 points in New York futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 235/4 and declined to Rs. 234/12 on scattered selling. Around this price Bazar operators were buyers, causing the market to advance to Rs. 235/8. Liverpool market was due to open unchanged but the market opened 1 point down, the local market was fluctuating within a narrow range. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:

Broach	A/M	230	0 0
Broach	J/A	235	4 0
New Broach	A/M	241	0 0
Oomra	May	221	0 0
Oomra	July	223	0 0
New Oomra	D/J	219	4 0
Bengal	May	196	0 0
Bengal	July	196	4 0
New Bengal	D/J	183	8 0

Cotton Tenders

17-5-1937.—	
Broach	1,100
Oomra	500
Bengal	500
Total to date	
Broach	15,850
Oomra	5,000
Bengal	1,550

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 18.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.		203	200	197	194
Punjab		203	200	197	194
Oomra No. 3	230	227	224		221
C. P. No. 1	243	240	237		234
C. P. No. 2	234	231	228		225
Broach No. 2		237	235	232	229
Punjab-Ame.		245	243	240	237
Surat		296	294	291	288
Rajpipla		291	289	286	283
Navsari		306	304	301	298

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 18.

Bengal Superfine	206/203
Bengal Fine	201/203
C. P. 1	228/31
C. P. 2	223/25
Arvi	223/25
Ellichpur	221/25
Berar	221/23
Khamgaon	221/23
Mulkapur	219/21
Khandesh	211/17
Jalna/Sailu	211/17
Burwah Sanavad	221/23
Mathia	189/93
Broach Fine	232/37
Punjab/American	252/40
Sind, N.T.	290/300
Punjab 289F.	305/10
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	280/85
Kim-Kosamba	285/87
Surat	290/94
Navsari	302/07
Kampala	420/22

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 18.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	Since 1st Sept. 2 days.	This year.
Khandesh		204,250
Central India	142	323,591
Barsi and Nagar	60	169,586
Hyderabad Gaorani	64	97,256
Berar	710	555,410
Central Provinces	246	112,211
Total Oomras	1,222	1,462,306
Dholera	1,858	103,891
N W Provinces		9 [illegible]
Rajputana	649	85,761
Sind Punjab	913	317,602
Broach	1,353	316,728
Coompta and Dharwar	96	45,144
Westerns Northerns		32,304
Cocoanada		141
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		9,770
Persian		14
American		10,932
Egyptian and African	233	307,917
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	6,324	2,701,936

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 18.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 231 1/4; Highest 231 1/2; Lowest 230 3/4; Closing 231 1/2.

Broach July/Aug. Op. 236 1/4; Highest 236 3/4; Lowest 235 3/4; Closing 236 3/4.

Broach A/M 1938 Op. 242 1/4; Highest 242 3/4; Lowest 242; Closing 242 3/4

Oomra May Op. 222 3/4; Highest 223; Lowest 222 1/2; Closing 222 3/4.

Oomra July Op. 223; Highest 224 1/4 Lowest 223; Closing 224.

Oomra D/J. Op. 220 1/4; Highest 221; Lowest 220 1/4; Closing 221.

Bengal May Op. 196, Highest 197 1/2; Lowest 196; Closing 197.

Bengal July Op. 197; Highest 197; Lowest 197; Closing 197.

Bengal D/J. Op. 184 1/4; Highest 184 3/4; Lowest 183; Closing 183.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-5-37) Rs. 3 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (21-6-37) Rs. 8 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July/August (30-6-37) Rs. 10 1/2.

T/Mandi for Broach April/May (31-3-38) Rs. 31 1/4.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 17-5-37	6622000	6304000
Receipts yesterday 17-5-37	15000	8000
Exports to date 17-5-37	5196000	5590000
Stock at Ports 14-5-37	1500000	1734000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-5-37	1203000	1690000
Stock at Liverpool 14-5-37	930000	708000
Visible Supply 14-5-37	4242000	4627000
Quantity in sight 14-5-37	12433000	11767000
Quantity out of sight 14-5-37	8143000	7246000

BOMBAY BULLION MARKET

Colourless Trading In Silver

GOLD QUIET BUT STEADY

Bombay, May 18.

The local silver market to-day was very quiet and dull, with prices moving within a narrow range. This is due chiefly to lack of encouraging news from abroad and the resultant absence of speculative element.

The London market remained closed on Monday while New York Metal Exchange continued to display an almost stagnant and lethargic attitude. Montreal futures recorded a loss of 5 to 15 points

The local market opened with Vaishak vaida standing at Rs. 53 against its previous closing Rs. 53/1. No activity whatever was witnessed and prices remained almost stationary. Traders were reluctant to enter into fresh enterprises due to absence of leadership. At 1.30 p.m. market stood as under:—

SILVER.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	52 15 0
Vaishak	53 0 0
Jyestha	53 2 6

GOLD STEADY

Though trading was restrained in the gold market owing to the uncertainties existing abroad, prices maintained a more or less steady attitude. This was more due to absence of selling than any impressive support. The rate for Vaishak opened at Rs. 34/6/3. Market was almost free of selling pressure. Hence the rate gradually improved to Rs. 34/6/6 and thereafter remained quiet but steady. Rates at 1-30 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	34 7 3
Vaishak	34 6 6
Jyestha	34 3 3

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 18

BOMBAY MARKET—

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 42-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 57-4-0

Tone: Steady.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 18.

The local market was steady with a moderate turnover. No fresh business was done though a good undertone of the market prevailed and this attracted purchases.

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	8 5 0
Linseed September	8 8 0
Wheat May	5 11 3
Wheat September	5 12 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 18.

GROUNDNUTS MAY—	
Opening	40 15 0
Highest	41 2 0
Lowest	41 1 0
Closing	41 1 0
GROUNDNUTS AUGUST—	
Opening	42 12 6
Highest	42 13 0
Lowest	42 10 0
Closing	42 11 6
CASTORSEEDS MAY—	
Opening	35 6 0
Highest	35 9 0
Lowest	35 6 0
Closing	35 6 6
CASTORSEEDS SEPTEMBER—	
Opening	37 8 6
Highest	37 9 6
Lowest	37 7 3
Closing	37 8 6
COTTONSEEDS MAY—	
Opening	20 4 6
Highest	20 4 6
Lowest	20 3 0
Closing	20 3 0
COTTONSEEDS SEPTEMBER—	
Opening	21 10 3
Highest	21 10 3
Lowest	21 8 0
Closing	21 8 6

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 17.

May del. 1.27 1/4.
July del. 1.18.
September del. 1.16 1/8.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 18.

Ready Javas Rs. 14-2-0.
Shipment May June Rs. 5-0-6
Shipment July Sept Rs. 5-0-0
Shipment Oct Dec Rs. 5-0-0
Kesar Rs. 10-15-0.
Saraya Rs. 10-8-0.
Java spot F.5.72 1/2.

New York Sugar

New York, May 17.

July 2.46 —2.
September 2.46 unchanged.
December 2.4 —1.
January 2.37.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 18.

	Cwts.
Wheat	10,519
Linseed	13,399
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	98
Gingellyseed	616
Poppyseed	213
Groundnuts	1,272
Castorseed	220
Rice	13,289
Myrabollams	1,145
Cottonseed	3,507
Gram	1,472
Joowar	2,489
Barley	92
Bajree	8
Indian Sugar	341
	Tons.
Coal	1,147

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 18.

2 3/4 per cent	1948/52 99/12
3 per cent	1951/54 101/2
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 102/14
3 1/2 per cent	G P N Cash 94/9
3 1/2 per cent	1947/50 Loan 105/14
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 106/14
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 110/9
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 117/10
3 per cent	U P Bonds 97
3 per cent	1939/44 105/6
5 per cent	1940/43 108/4
3 1/2 per cent	1938/40 Loan 104/14
TAX FREES	
3 per cent	1945/55 119/7
4 per cent	1953/63 111/8
5 1/2 per cent	1938 Mysore 104/12
5 per cent	1935 Mysore 124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent	B P T 1974 107/8
4 per cent	M Deb 1974 106/8
5 per cent	M Deb 1949 117
5 per cent	1954 129
5 per cent	K P T 1956 129
5 1/2 per cent	B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper ruled steady with a limited turnover.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern: Fair and warmer.
Central: Partly cloudy.
Western: Partly cloudy.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 18.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—

Banks's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK:—

B C Rate T T 271 1/8
Bank's selling T T 269 1/8
Bank's buying T T 267

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T 825
Bank's buying T T 840

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM:—

Bank's selling D D 67 3/8

JAVA:—

Bank's selling D D 67 1/8

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 83 1/4

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 81 1/8

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN:—

Bank's selling D D 91 1/2

CROSS RATE:—

Bank's selling D D 83 1/4
New York/London closed 17th instant
Japan/London 1/2 18th instant.
Hongkong/London 1/3 18th instant.
Shanghai/London 1/2 1/2 18th instant.
Java/London 8.97 1/4 18th instant.
London/Paris closed 17th instant.
London/Belgium closed 17th instant.
London/Switzerland closed 17th instant.
London/Berlin closed 17th instant.
London/Stockholm closed 17th instant
London/New York 4.94 1/2 17th instant.
London/Amsterdam closed 17th instant.
London/Italy closed 17th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near steady forward.
Gold £7-0-6 1/2 15th instant.
Gold closed 17th instant.
Silver London Ready 20 3/8 15th inst.
Silver London Ready closed 17th instant.
Silver London Forward 20 1/2 15th instant.
Silver London Forward closed 17th instant.
Silver New York Ready 45 15th instant.
Silver New York Ready closed 17th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 17th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 17th instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

MONEY:—

Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady

MONSOON CONTINUES TO ADVANCE

POONA, May 18.

The temporary advance of the monsoon in the neighbourhood of Ceylon has been maintained and fair widespread thunder-showers have occurred in the south of the Peninsula, Burma, Assam, Bengal and Bihar.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of May 18.

Change of 8 a.m barometer in past 24 hours—022 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 84.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.7 degrees 1.4 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 80.3 degrees 0.7 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 75 p.c.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED MAY 18.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. (Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.94 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHARE BAZAR RULES STEADY

Holiday Feeling Prevails

Bombay, May 18.

The Local Share Bazar ruled steady to-day with a moderate turnover, the prices fluctuated within a narrow range and a holiday feeling prevailed throughout the session of two hours.

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 1510 and declined to Rs. 1470 and closed at Rs. 1480 ordinary shares were done up at Rs. 327.

Mill and Cement sections were easy. Hydoro electric shares rule steady.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 18.

Century (185/10) 185 184 185
Bom. Dyeing (880) 875 870 875 870 872 871
Kohinoor (309/6) 307 306 308
Central India (275) XD 273 270
New Great (232/8) 233 233 232
Simplex (90/10) 90
Swadeshi (240) 238 240
Bundi (40/8) 40
I Cement 542/8) 541 536 542 537 540
Punjab (30) 30
Shahabad (510/10) 507 508 510
Andhra (1665) 1660 1665
Tata Hydro (180/10) 180/5 180/10
Tata Power (1503/12) 1501 1500 1505
T. Steel Dfd. (1520) 1510 1485 1498 1470 1492 1477 1480
T. Steel Ord. (329) 328 326 329 325 328 326/8 326
Bellapur (169/6) 168/2
B. Steam (282/8) 282
B. Burma (715) 708 707 717 712 718 716 717

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 18.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	296 4
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	871 4
100 CENTURY	185 10
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 3) XD	270 0
100 COLABA (nil)	183 2
100 Cooria	107 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375 0
1 E.D Sassoon (nil)	0-9-0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	135 0
100 GOKAK	202 8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725 0
100 Indore	51 4
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	82 8
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	308 2
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	575 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100 0
250 Model	56 4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118 12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	232 8
100 Oosmanshahi (Re 1)	51 0
100 Phoenix (10)	312 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs 2)	77 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,300 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	90 0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5-0) XD	249 0
100 Swan (nil)	103 12
500 Vishnu (Rs 50)	1300 0
1000 Western	805 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109 4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	33 10
500 Imperial	1532 8
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375 0
50-100 Indian (Rs. 2-8)	138 0
100 Reserve Bank	130 0
5 Union (As 4)	5 10
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	163 0
10 BUNDI (As 10)	40 0
100 Coimbatore (Rs 10)	221 4
70 Gwalior (Rs 4)	131 4
160 INDIAN (Rs 24)	540 0
40 Katni Def (Rs 83-8-9)	2322 8
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs 19)	391 4
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	303 12
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	30 0
100 SHAHABAD (As. 14)	519 0
70 Unity	165-0
INSURANCE	
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1035 0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15 0
15-75 New India (Rs 1-4)	43 8
20 Mercantile	55 0
200 Oriental (125)	5,800 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 11
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	170 0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1665 0
10 Ajmer (Rs. 4)	14 0
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151 8
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10 Broach	14 4
100 Karachi (4)	267 8
100 Poona (4)	285 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	208 12
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	180 10
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 22-8)	1505 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910 0
100 C. Province	94 12
100 Dhond Baramati	102 0
100 Gujarat	94 0
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	97 0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	768 12
MININGS	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	62 0
30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8)	1430 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	326 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5) XD	303 12
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	168 2
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 16)	282 8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	717 8
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	236 4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-13-0
50 B TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	116 0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11 10
2sh. Indian Copper	3 8
10 Indian I. and Steel XD	45 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	132 8
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	49 0
100 I. Radio Defd (12)	610 0
100 I Radio Ord (15)	530 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616 8
15 Scindia	27 0
30 PREMIER CON	93 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	24 4
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1510 0
6 p.c Bombay Steam	298-12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	82 4
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	15 0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104 8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150 0
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1515 0
5 p.c Tata Steel 1st	200 0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177 0
7 p.c Vishnu	892 8
DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	110 0
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	51 8
7 p.c Sholapur	80 12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY

Average Quotations For Local-Made Piece-goods And Yarns

Grey, Unbleached.—

	Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Longcloth (Standard Quality)		0	9	11
Leopard Cloth	,,	0	9	7
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	,,	0	15	8
Shirtings	,,	0	9	6
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	,,	0	9	11
Leopard Cloth	,,	0	9	7
Dhoties (upto 1/2" lakhi Border)	,,	0	10	3
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi P. B.)	,,	0	14	11
Drills	,,	0	8	6
Domestics	,,	0	8	6
Domestics	,,	0	8	5
Chandars		0	9	8
White Bleached.—				
Longcloth	Per piece	10	12	0
Drill	,,	8	8	3
Yarn.—				
4s (All Waste)	Per lb.	0	3	10
6½s (All Waste	,,	0	4	9
8½s	,,	0	5	9
10½s	,,	0	6	4
12½s	,,	0	6	7
16s	,,	0	7	4
20s	,,	0	8	2
24s	,,	0	8	8
32s	,,	0	10	2
40s	,,	0	11	0
60s	,,	1	2	5
80s	,,	1	7	6

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 18.

May	270.90—10
July	263.70—120
August	261.50—90
September	260.20—60
November	257.00—90

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 17.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange.

	Dol.
Amr. Water Works Com.	17
Ame. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	49
Electric Power and Light	16
Electric P. and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	65
Electric Bond Common	16
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	35
United Corpn.	5
United Power and Light	5
American Tel. and Tel.	162 1/2
Western Union Telg.	55 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	31
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	56
Erie Rly	18
Great North Pfd. Rly.	53
New York Central Rly.	43 3/4
Pennsylvania Rly.	42
Southern Pacific Rly.	55
Union Pacific Rly.	143
Amr. Tob B.	75
Dupont	153
Bethelehem Steel	77
Republican Steel	33
United States Steel	93
Amr. Car Foundry	52
Anaconda Copper Mining	48 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	58 1/2
Chrysler	107
General Motors	54 1/2
General Electric	50
St Oil of N. J.	64
Socony	18
National Dairy	22
Chase Bank	49 1/2
National City Bank	43 1/2
United Gas Corp.	8
National Steel	81
Youngstown Sheet	83
United S. Smelting	80
Amerex	27 3/4
Ludlum	31
Consolidated Foundry	7

Further liquidation of U. S. Steel Corp. together with short selling and lack of buying power presents rally outlook irregular market. Turnover 6 lac shares. Dupont has declared a dividend of dol 2 X dividend on 26th May Pennsylvania R. R. earned 39 cents first quarter 1937. Price movements have no significance as they merely represent bazar operators' day to day transactions.

FROM THE SPANISH FRONT

(Continued from Page 6.)

afternoon of to-day, March 31st, 1934, with the Chief of the Italian Government, Signor Mussolini, together with Marshal Italo Balbo.

"The President, after being informed in detail by answers by each of those present to his questions as to the present situation of Spanish politics, and the aspirations and the situation of the army and navy and the two monarchist parties declared to those present the following:

(1) That he was disposed to aid, with the assistance and means necessary, both parties of the opposition to the regime existing in Spain in throwing it over and replacing it with a regency, which would prepare the complete restoration of the Monarchy. This declaration was repeated solemnly by Signor Mussolini three times. It was received by those present with the natural expressions of esteem and gratitude

(2) As a practical demonstration and proof of this intention, he was disposed to contribute immediately 20,000 rifles, 20,000 hand grenades, 200 machine-guns and 1,500,000 pesetas in cash

(3) That such aid was only preliminary in character, and would be followed up opportunely with more and still greater assistance in the measure in which the work done justified it, and circumstances rendered it necessary.

"Those present agreed that for the payment of the sum above referred to Don Rafael Olazabal would serve as representative of the two parties and would take over such funds and place them in Spain at the joint disposition of the two chiefs of the parties, Conte de Rodezno and Don Antonio Goicoechea, to be divided between the two of them when and how they should decide.

"In the same way it was agreed that for the distribution of this first gift of arms, the chiefs above mentioned would give the necessary orders for the quantities to be given to each group and for their transportation to Spain."

ARRIVALS BY M. V. VICTORIA

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Italian steamship, M. V. "Victoria" bound east to Colombo and Shanghai, arrived at noon yesterday, in Bombay harbour from Trieste Via Massowa and Djibouti. It carried many continental visitors to India and the Far East.

Among the Indians who arrived by the boat was Mr. Yahabai Saheb, son-in-law of His Holiness the Mullasaheb of the Dawoodi Borah community. Mr. Yahabhai, with his family boarded the boat at Port Said, having visited Cairo after finishing their pilgrimage to Haj.

Mr. Khasim Hussein, son of Nawab Sir Amin Jung Bahadur retired minister-in-waiting, Hyderabad State, also arrived by the boat. He comes from England where he had gone for medical studies.

The ship sails from berth 18, Alexandra Docks at five, this evening.

The Kashmir Government have passed orders ordering the utilization of a special grant of Rs. 2 lakhs for the extension of medical facilities in the State on the construction and equipment of an up-to-date General Hospital at Jammu

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances.
J6

Hardikar Gagged In Mysore

Sec. 144 Launched In Six Talukas

Magistrates Apprehend Breach Of Public Peace

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, May 18.

Section 144 C. P. C. is applied to Doctor N. S. Hardikar by two Magistrates of Mysore State directing the Doctor to abstain from making public speeches in six Talukas, viz. Chitaldurga, Hosadurg, Chellakere, Molakalmuru Jagalur and Holalkere for two months.

Both orders are dated May 16th and have been passed "ex parte"

The cause of action cited in both orders is identical, namely, that Doctor Hardikar in his speeches at Jagalur, Molakalmuru, Chellakere on the 14th used language likely to incite public and provoke breach of public tranquillity.

DAVANGERE BAN

It may be recalled Doctor Hardikar and Mrs. Umabai Kundapur were touring Chitaldrug district for Congress propaganda and organisation of Congress Committees since 14th this month as per programme already fixed. Undaunted Dr. Hardikar carried out tour programme attending meetings in silence while Umabai Kundapur addressed the meetings. His progress, however, was checked by the order of the Special Magistrate Davangere, who under sec. 49 Mysore Police Regulation prohibited him from holding meetings and delivering speeches or carrying on any demonstration, such as carrying National Flags etc., within the limits of Davangere Municipality and ten miles thereof and Harihar town for a period of two months from 16th instant.

MAGISTRATE'S REASONS

The reasons for issuing this order as cited therein were, namely, it is reliably understood that the subject matter of the said meeting will be to organise the Kisan movement, to educate villagers against payment of taxes and to deliver speeches condemning Interim Ministries and upholding Congress resolutions of non-acceptance of office etc., and that these speeches if permitted to be delivered will tend to cause dissatisfaction among the people and are likely to lead to the resistance to and contempt of the lawful authority of Government of Mysore. Dr. Hardikar and Mrs. Umabai Kundapur returned to Hubli this morning.

Instantaneous Death Of 2 Passers-By

Lorry Bearing Machine-Gun Upset

BAREILLY, May 18.

News of an accident comes from Khurja stating that, while a lorry was passing with a heavy machine-gun on it, it lost balance on the midway, the lorry turning upside down.

The machine-gun is reported to have fallen on two passers-by, who died on the spot.—United Press.

CONGRESS AND MUSLIM MASSES

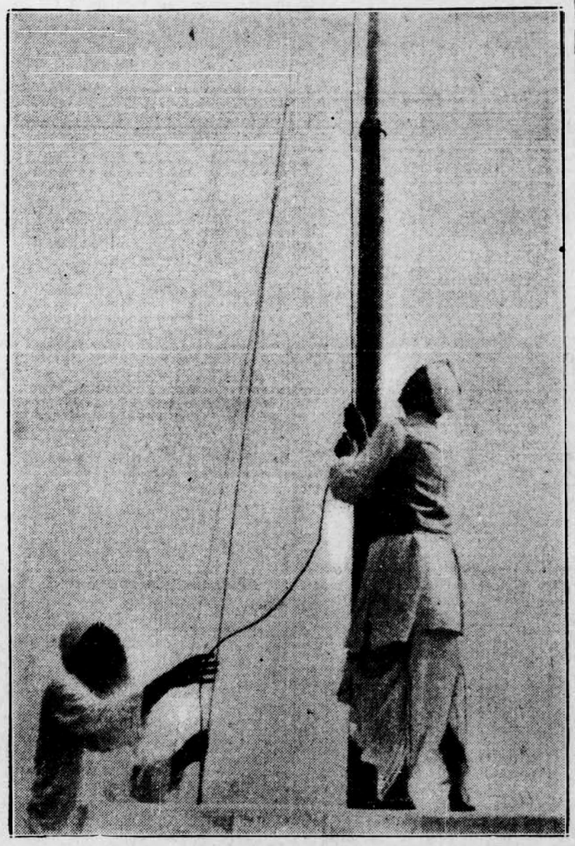
Dr. Mahmud To Undertake All-India Tour

ALLAHABAD, May 18.

Dr. Syed Mahmud will be leaving Allahabad for Patna this evening, where he will stay till June 15.

Thereafter, he undertakes an All-India tour in connection with the propaganda among the Muslim masses in pursuance of the Congress programme of Muslim contact.—United Press.

Pandit Jawaharlal standing all attention after hoisting the National Flag at Rangoon. Miss Gautam is seen singing "Vande Mataram."



CONGRESS PRESIDENT IN RANGOON. Pandit Jawaharlal hoisting the National Flag high up in the air, assisted by Sarda r Ganga Singh.

Abul Kalam Confined To Bed

ALLAHABAD: May 18.

Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, who was to have proceeded to Calcutta last evening, took suddenly ill at the railway station. He was brought back to Anand Bhawan by Acharya Kripalani, where doctors attended on him immediately.

Enquiries made this morning at Anand Bhawan regarding his health indicate that the Moulana is still confined to bed.—United Press.

SISTER STANDS FIRST AND BROTHER SECOND

For First Time Girl On Top In C P. Matric

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

The result of the Central Provinces High School Certificate Examination was declared last week. Over 53 per cent passed. 74 secured first class out of whom 5 were girls.

Miss Tara Ramchandra Deoras of the Bhide Girls' High School, Nagpur stood first at the examination while her brother, Dilip Ramchandra Deoras, stood second from among the successful candidates. This is the first time that a girl has topped the list of successful candidates.

WHY GANDHIJI SELECTED HARIPUR

Facilities For Ramparaj Population To Attend Congress

SURAT, (By Mail.)

HARIPURA.—Village, which, it is understood has been selected by Mahatma Gandhi as the site for the venue of the next Congress Session in Bardoli taluq, is a small village 11 miles fro. Madhi, a railway station on the Tapti Valley Railway.

Gandhiji, it is stated, visited four villages and after much thought expressed his final choice in favour of Haripura, though some workers suggested Afwa as a more convenient one. Gandhiji's attention was drawn to certain points of inconvenience in the case of Haripura such as the distance from the nearest railway station. But other points were overwhelmingly in favour of Haripura according to Gandhiji's standard and they so much impressed him that Mahatma Gandhi brushed aside the objection of distance from the railway station.

On the other hand Gandhiji thought that it was a point greatly in favour of the village of Haripur, as by its distance bullock carts would have to be used in greater numbers and that would give some work for the villagers during the Congress session. Another point which appealed to Gandhiji and weighed with him much was the fact that round about the village of Haripur, there was a large population of Raniparaj who would be able to attend the Congress in large numbers and thus make it a really live village session. Gandhiji could not favour Afwa as it was near Bardoli, a taluka town.

Sardar Vallabhbhai, it is reported has also agreed with Gandhiji in the choice of the site for the venue of the next Congress.—A.P.

CHATTERJEE TO RESUME HUNGER STRIKE?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

ALLAHABAD: May 18.

Mr. Jogesh Chatterji, a Kakori prisoner in Naini Central Jail, is reported to have claimed that he has the right to resume hunger-strike at the end of the period for which he had originally given notice for the satisfaction of his demands and which will expire some time in July next.

Mr. Chatterjee is also reported to have complained to Mr. R. S. Pandit, M.L.A., and a non-official visitor to the Jails that some of his demands had not yet been conceded.

All politicals are not having common association without classification as "B" or "C", magazines are not permitted. Prisoners had purchased the "Modern Review" at their own cost but that too had been delayed for a couple of months as it has to be examined by the C. I. D.

His demand for the return to India of Andaman prisoners is not yet satisfied. Prisoners are allowed games like "Badminton" but the Government are not defraying the cost of shuttlecocks and the prisoners are unable to pay its cost. In view of these it is feared that Mr Chatterji may resume hunger strike.

It is understood that the Kakori prisoners in jail desire permission for musical instruments. The District Judge, Allahabad, who recently inspected the jail considered such a request as desirable. Political prisoners also drew Mr. Pandit's attention towards the racial discrimination between the treatment of European and Anglo-Indian "C" class prisoners on one hand and the Indian "C" class prisoners on the other regarding diet, association, etc.

BIGGER CONFERENCE OF PRO-CONGRESSIVE MUSLIMS

NEW DELHI, May 16.

That a bigger formal conference of Muslims should be convened to give practical shape to the decisions arrived at at the Allahabad informal conference of Congress-minded Muslims was the suggestion made by Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A., in the course of an interview.

Mr. Asaf Ali said he heartily welcomed the decision of the Allahabad informal conference of Congress-minded Muslims. He hoped that in making their appeal to the Muslim masses Nationalist Mussalmans would make it a point to lay a definite economic programme for the people with a view to secure their allegiance to the political programme calculated to render immediate relief to millions of unemployed and to those who are being crushed under a heavy burden of indebtedness.

Mr. Asaf Ali added that if practical steps were adopted to convene a much bigger formal conference for the purpose of formulating such a programme the task which the national conference had set before itself would be made easier. The bigger conference should be followed by meetings throughout the country to educate the people and enlist their sympathy and support.—A. P.

SHROUDED IN MYSTERY

Govt. Orders On Hansraj-Yaminkhan Report On Andamans

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 17.

I understand that the Government of India have examined Hansraj Yamin Khan report on the conditions of Andamans and passed certain orders.

Official circles are however reticent and beyond stating such action as has been found necessary has been taken are unwilling to communicate anything.

It is not proposed to publish either report or action taken.

BHOPATKAR SET AT LIBERTY

POONA: May 18.

Mr. L.B. Bhopatkar, President of the Democrats, who was convicted yesterday for defying the ban on music at the Sonya Maruti Temple and was fined Rs. 25, but preferred to go to jail for a week in default, was released this morning after only a night at the Yeravda Central Prison, as his fine was paid by a third party.

Kshirsagar, Trustee of the Temple, Dr. Savarkar, Bombay, Mr. Rajwade from Sholapur and five others who went to jail yesterday were also released this morning, while Mr. Vishwasrao Daware, President of the Varnashram Sangh and two others came out last night, their fines having been paid by others. Out of eighteen who were convicted yesterday and who elected to go to jail, only six remain in jail including Mr. Janorkar, a Congressman from Nasik.

Twelve more Satyagrahis at Sonya Maruti Temple were convicted to-day by the Additional City Magistrate and fined Rs. 25 or one week's rigorous imprisonment in default. Only Mr. A. H. Gadre, editor of a Marathi weekly in Bombay has not paid the fine.—A.P.

SALVATION OF THE COUNTRY IS IN EDUCATION

EDUCATION

India is advancing and for the advancement what is most essential is EDUCATION. At present the question of Unemployment and Education is gravely occupying the minds of our people. Our own efforts in aiding the Unemployed with free insertions of some Adlets to get them employment are getting more and more popular. At this juncture the problems of educating the masses will remain uppermost in the minds of all Patriots.

FREE EDUCATION

The present day Education has become so very expensive that in many cases it is beyond the reach of the poor or even of the middle class people to educate their children. A large number of our Adult Males and Females are absolutely uneducated. Most of them even cannot read and write their own mother-tongues. The urgent and important need at such a time is to create Volunteers of both Sexes to come forward and help.

FREE PRIVATE CLASSES

A great number of our educated Ladies and Gentlemen find time hanging on their hands and eventually they spend it in Clubs or Gossip places. We request them in the name of our Ancient Country to spare a few moments and inaugurate Free Private Classes or even take up a couple of Adult or Young Students and teach them to read and write. It will be a great achievement in the long run and the Country will bless such Patriots.

FREE TRAINING

The same can be said for Free Vocational Training and those who can find time to train a couple of Boys, Girls, in any kind of Industry will be doing more than we can imagine for the good of the Country and her poor people. The Proprietors of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" (Gujrati) have decided to publish a certain number of free Adlets from those who wish to do the charitable work of giving free education.

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